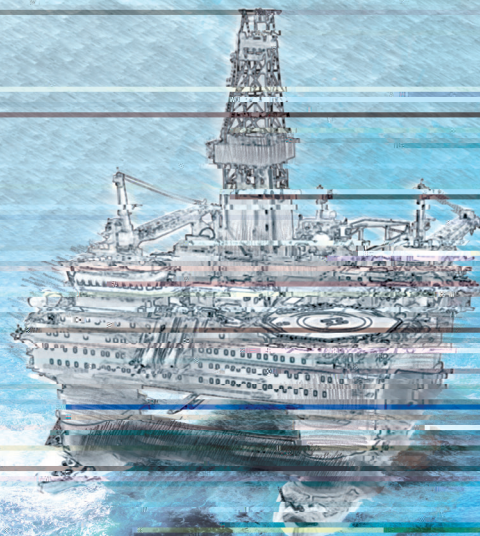
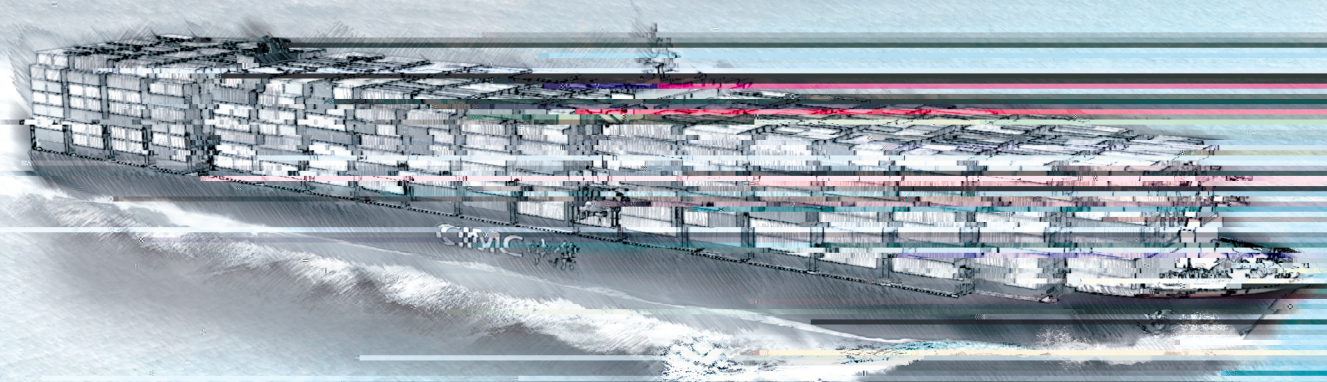


CIMC



IMPORTANT NOTICE

The Board, the Supervisory Committee and the Director, Secretary and members of the Company have reviewed the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 (the "2017 Financial Statements") and the Company's annual report for 2017 (the "2017 Annual Report"), and jointly confirm that the 2017 Financial Statements and the 2017 Annual Report are true and accurate, and that the Company's financial position and performance are in accordance with the 2017 Financial Statements and the 2017 Annual Report.

The Board has also reviewed the Company's 11th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in 2017 (the "2017 AGM"). Mr. Wong Yuhong, the Chairman of the Board, and Mr. Ma Hong, the Secretary of the Board, have attended the 2017 AGM. Mr. Ma Hong, the Secretary of the Board, has also attended the 2017 AGM.

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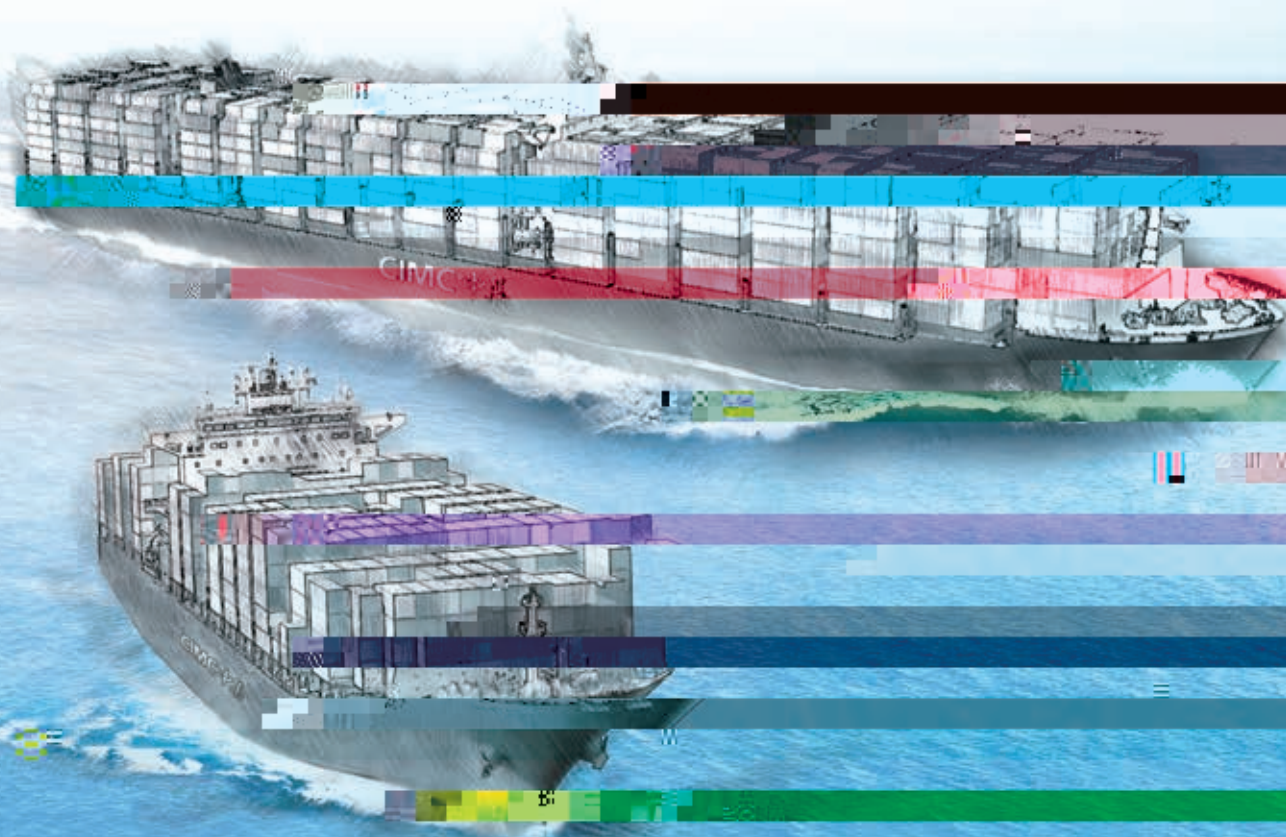
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Definitions

/H'ng K'ng S' E' h' ng Th' S' E' h' ng H'ng K'ng L'ng.

/M' I C' H' M' I C' T' b' D' E' n' n' A' n 10 H'ng K'ng E'ng R'ng

/PRC' Ch' n H' P' R' Ch' n.

/PR7(223P.824U)7ng S'ng R23PR H' E' h' ng

Chapter I Corporate Profile

I. COMPANY PROFILE

Chinese Name:	中國國際海運集裝箱集團股份有限公司
Abbreviated Chinese Name:	中集集團
English Name:	China International Marine Containers (Group) Co., Ltd.
Abbreviated English Name:	CIMC
Registered Office:	Wang Hong
Actual Office:	Mingyue, Yuyuan
Registered Address:	8th Floor, CIMC R&D Center, 2 Gangnan Avenue, Shanghai, Nanyang Road, Shanghai, China, Guangdong, PRC
Postal Code:	518067
Company Website:	http://www.cimc.com
Enterprise Type:	Public Company
Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong:	3101-2 Inland Road, 199th Floor, R&D Center, Hong Kong
Unified Social Credit Code:	91440300618869509J

II. CONTACT PERSONS AND MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

Chinese Name:	Yuyuan
English Name:	Shanghai
Chinese Address:	CIMC R&D Center, 2 Gangnan Avenue, Shanghai, Nanyang Road, Shanghai, China, Guangdong, PRC (Postal Code: 518067)
Chinese Phone:	(86) 755-2669 1130
Chinese Fax:	(86) 755-2682 6579
Enterprise Type:	Public Company
Chinese Name:	Wang Xing
Chinese Address:	CIMC R&D Center, 2 Gangnan Avenue, Shanghai, Nanyang Road, Shanghai, China, Guangdong, PRC (Postal Code: 518067)
Chinese Phone:	(86) 755-2680 2706
Chinese Fax:	(86) 755-2681 3950
Enterprise Type:	Public Company

III. INFORMATION DISCLOSURE AND LOCATIONS FOR DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：
 A 股證券：中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：
 中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：A 股證券：

A Share: China Securities Exchange, Shanghai
 Securities Exchange, Shenzhen Securities
 Exchange, Hong Kong Securities Exchange
 H Share: China Securities Exchange, Shanghai
 Securities Exchange, Shenzhen Securities
 Exchange, Hong Kong Securities Exchange
 Office: B1, CIMC, 9th Floor, CIMC R&D
 Center, 26 Gaoxin Avenue, Shantou, Nanshan District,
 Guangdong, PRC (Postal Code: 518067)

IV. STOCK INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：
 A 股證券：中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：

Shantou Securities Exchange
 CIMC
 000039

中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：
 H 股證券：中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：

Hong Kong Securities Exchange
 CIMC, ZJHD (NASDAQ)
 2039, 299901 (NASDAQ)

Note: B1, CIMC, 9th Floor, CIMC R&D Center, 26 Gaoxin Avenue, Shantou, Nanshan District, Guangdong, PRC (Postal Code: 518067). H Share: China Securities Exchange, Shanghai Securities Exchange, Shenzhen Securities Exchange, Hong Kong Securities Exchange.

中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：
 A 股證券：中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：

☐ A 股證券，中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：

中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：
 H 股證券：中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：

☐ A 股證券，中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：

中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：
 H 股證券：中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：

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 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：

中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：
 H 股證券：中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：

☐ A 股證券，中國證券交易所、上海證券交易所、
 深圳證券交易所、香港聯合交易所：

Consolidated balance sheet items	As at the end of the Reporting Period (30 June 2017) (unaudited)	As at the end of previous year (31 December 2016) (audited)	Changes from the end of previous year to the end of the Reporting Period (%)
Trade receivables	57,457,050	53,352,031	7.69%
Trade payables	72,041,804	71,262,717	1.09%
Trade receivables less than 12 months	129,498,854	124,614,748	3.92%
Trade receivables less than 12 months	53,634,687	46,249,215	15.97%
Trade receivables less than 12 months	35,992,284	39,230,741	(8.25%)
Trade receivables less than 12 months	89,626,971	85,479,956	4.85%
Trade receivables less than 12 months	39,871,883	39,134,792	1.88%
Share capital	29,822,813	29,285,970	1.83%
Minority interest	10,049,070	9,848,822	2.03%
Shareholders' equity	2,980,352,786	2,978,576,986	0.06%

Unit: RMB million

Consolidated cash flow statement items	The Reporting Period (January – June 2017) (unaudited)	The same period of the previous year (January – June 2016) (unaudited)	Changes from the same period of the previous year to the Reporting Period (%)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(668,216)	933,732	(171.56%)
Net cash flow from investing activities	(1,507,729)	(5,376,277)	71.96%
Net cash flow from financing activities	1,875,660	5,570,910	(66.33%)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
Balance at the beginning of the period			
Balance at the end of the period	5,940,423	6,338,667	(6.28%)

Key Financial Indicators

	The Reporting Period (January – June 2017) (unaudited)	The same period of the previous year (January – June 2016) (unaudited)	Changes from the same period of the previous year to the Reporting Period (%)
Basic earnings per share (RMB/share)	0.2554	(0.1444)	276.87%
Diluted earnings per share (RMB/share)	0.2544	(0.1444)	276.18%
Weighted average return on assets (%)	2.76%	(1.64%)	4.40%
Weighted average return on equity (%)	3.00%	(2.11%)	5.11%
Net cash flow from operating activities (RMB/share)	(0.22)	0.31	(170.97%)
As at the end of the Reporting Period (30 June 2017) (unaudited)		As at the end of previous year (31 December 2016) (audited)	Changes from the end of previous year to the end of the Reporting Period (%)
Shareholders' equity (RMB/share)	10.01	9.83	1.83%
Operating profit margin (%) (Note)	69.21%	68.60%	0.61%

Note: The above indicators are calculated based on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Chapter II Summary of Accounting Data and Financial Indicators

II. DIFFERENCES IN ACCOUNTING DATA UNDER DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

1. Differences in net profits and net assets prepared under International Accounting Standards and CASBE

☐ A 对 错 , N 对 错

These two items are not the same. The net profit and net assets prepared under International Accounting Standards and CASBE are the same.

2. Differences in net profits and net assets prepared under foreign accounting standards and CASBE

☐ A 对 错 , N 对 错

These two items are not the same. The net profit and net assets prepared under foreign accounting standards and CASBE are the same.

3. Reason for differences in accounting data under domestic and foreign accounting standards

☐ A 对 错 , N 对 错

III. NON-RECURRING PROFIT OR LOSS ITEMS AND AMOUNT

Amount (RMB million)

Unit: RMB million

Amount
(January – June
2017)

12 Chapter III Report of the Board

I. BUSINESS SUMMARY

The Group's main business is to provide comprehensive marine transportation services, including shipping, chartering, and logistics. The Group has a fleet of vessels and a network of agents and partners worldwide. The Group's revenue is primarily derived from shipping and chartering services. The Group's operating results are summarized in the following table:

During the reporting period, the Company's operating income increased by 124.80% to 535,700 million yuan from 238,300 million yuan in 2016; the operating profit increased by 124.80% to 35,100 million yuan from 22,300 million yuan in 2016; the net profit increased by 57.40% to 10,049.05 million yuan from 6,418 million yuan in 2016; the basic earnings per share increased by 105.14% to RMB681.102 from RMB681.102 in 2016; the diluted earnings per share increased by 105.14% to RMB632 from RMB632 in 2016.

In 2017, the Company's operating income increased by 124.80% to 535,700 million yuan from 238,300 million yuan in 2016; the operating profit increased by 124.80% to 35,100 million yuan from 22,300 million yuan in 2016; the net profit increased by 57.40% to 10,049.05 million yuan from 6,418 million yuan in 2016; the basic earnings per share increased by 105.14% to RMB681.102 from RMB681.102 in 2016; the diluted earnings per share increased by 105.14% to RMB632 from RMB632 in 2016.

Road Transportation Vehicle Business

With the implementation of the "Global Operation, Local Wisdom" strategy, the Company's road transportation vehicle business has achieved significant progress. The Company's road transportation vehicle business has achieved significant progress in the global market, with the total sales volume of 25 million units, an increase of 25% compared to 2016. The Company's road transportation vehicle business has achieved significant progress in the domestic market, with the total sales volume of 25 million units, an increase of 25% compared to 2016.

CIMC Erre, n 5 J l 2017, CIMC Erre, h gh hll CIMC Erre In n. Hl ng (Sh n n) L. n n. n. ng In n. Ag n. SOE n SOE B n L. n* (南通太平洋破產清算組). SOE. On 4 A g-2017, h SOE ng Pl n b SOE n n Chn n. Chn. SOE ll m. ng Pl n n. On 15 A g-2017, SOE h n n. CIMC Erre ng In n. Ag n. ng Pl n n h n n. SOE /南通中集太平洋海洋工程有限公司 (N. ng CIMC Sn P. O. & Eng. ng C, l.). F. n. n. b h C n n 6 J l, 4 A g-n 16 A g-2017. ng. n P. b m n. m n. SOE CIMC Erre RMB190.521 mll n -30 J l 2017. ng, CIMC Erre ll m n. RMB105.549 mll n m n. ng P. Sh h. n l. 2017. n. n. G.

Offshore Engineering Business

CIMC R & T, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CIMC, is a leading offshore engineering and construction company in China. It has a long history of providing offshore engineering and construction services to the oil and gas industry. In 2017, CIMC R & T completed a number of major projects, including the construction of the offshore platform for the Bohai Sea oilfield. The company's revenue for 2017 was RMB1,214.509 million, compared with RMB3,703.689 million in 2016. The company's net profit for 2017 was RMB550.421 million, compared with RMB3,988 million in 2016.

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Chapter III Report of the Board

In the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group has continued to expand its business in the container shipping market. The Group's revenue increased by 16.55% to RMB3,751.202 million in 2017, compared with RMB3,218.617 million in 2016. The Group's operating profit increased by 16.21% to RMB68.434 million in 2017, compared with RMB57.340 million in 2016. The Group's net profit increased by 16.21% to RMB68.434 million in 2017, compared with RMB57.340 million in 2016. The Group's cash and cash equivalents increased by 16.21% to RMB68.434 million in 2017, compared with RMB57.340 million in 2016. The Group's total assets increased by 16.21% to RMB68.434 million in 2017, compared with RMB57.340 million in 2016. The Group's total liabilities increased by 16.21% to RMB68.434 million in 2017, compared with RMB57.340 million in 2016. The Group's total equity increased by 16.21% to RMB68.434 million in 2017, compared with RMB57.340 million in 2016.

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Dong H, Peng P, C&C Technology.

In 2017, the company's operating income increased by 1.2% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products. The company's operating profit increased by 1.5% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products. The company's net profit increased by 1.8% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products. The company's cash flow increased by 1.1% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products.

The company's total assets increased by 1.2% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products. The company's total liabilities increased by 1.1% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products. The company's total equity increased by 1.3% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products. The company's operating income increased by 1.2% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products.

In 2017, CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (CIMC Shipbuilding) completed the acquisition of 100% equity of CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (CIMC Shipbuilding) from CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (CIMC Shipbuilding). The acquisition was completed on March 31, 2017. The company's operating income increased by 1.2% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products. The company's operating profit increased by 1.5% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products. The company's net profit increased by 1.8% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products.

During 2017, the company's operating income increased by 1.2% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products. The company's operating profit increased by 1.5% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products. The company's net profit increased by 1.8% compared with the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in the sales volume of the company's main products.

D ng H R hg P , H m l
b l ng b H G H H
l H n. n H H m l
/m n . -ng + n + H H H g ng
n H n n A H H n h l
m H n H H H m l g H n.
m H n H H U.S. H ng
b H gh m n H U.S. m .-W. H
H H H n H H H
H H n n g H n. H H
b H H gh b l ng H A H l n
m .-n H H n h l. H H Th H
n m b H m .-n b H l. n h H l ng
H n Ab n A n B H A n
H U.S. H m H H H l. H H
H H m H n H m l
b l ng H H G n H U.K. l. H
H H H m j H H n H h l
m .-n H U.K. l n H A n m .-H H
g H n. m l b H H n. l. H
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H n h l. H H A H H m
H H l. H g m l b l ng
H H H G H
H H n n n h H n m .-h.
h H n l H H m l
b l ng m .-H n h t, b H gh
H H l n H n n n. R&D,
H H H m m n. l H n.
n. H gh b l ng H m b H
H G n. -fg H H m .-n H
H m l b l ng. Th m l b l ng
b H H n. H H m .-H
m j H H n n Sh n H n,
J ng H n n g H l. H
H H H n h l. H

In 2017, the Government of England has been successful in reducing the number of people in the UK who are in the care of the police. The number of people in the care of the police has decreased from 1.4 million in 2010 to 1.1 million in 2017. This is a significant achievement, and it is a testament to the hard work of the police and the support of the community. The Government has also been successful in reducing the number of people in the care of the police who are in the care of the police for a long time. The number of people in the care of the police for a long time has decreased from 0.26 million in 2010 to 0.14 million in 2017. This is a significant achievement, and it is a testament to the hard work of the police and the support of the community. The Government has also been successful in reducing the number of people in the care of the police who are in the care of the police for a long time. The number of people in the care of the police for a long time has decreased from 0.26 million in 2010 to 0.14 million in 2017. This is a significant achievement, and it is a testament to the hard work of the police and the support of the community.

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In respect of the road transportation vehicle business, in the first half of 2017, the Company continued to expand its business in the United States.

[illegible]

3. Overall Operation Targets and Initiatives for Main Business Segments

[illegible]

In respect of the container manufacturing business, in FY 2017, GHI had no significant change in its operating performance compared with FY 2016. In FY 2017, GHI's operating income was approximately HK\$18 million, which was slightly higher than that of approximately HK\$15 million in FY 2016. The increase was mainly due to the increase in sales volume and the decrease in selling expenses.

GHI has been actively engaged in various social responsibilities since its establishment. It has established a Social Responsibility Committee to oversee and coordinate its CSR activities. The committee has formulated a set of guidelines for CSR activities, which include environmental protection, employee welfare, community relations, and product safety. GHI has also established a system of internal control to ensure the effective implementation of its CSR activities. In FY 2017, GHI has achieved several milestones in its CSR activities, including the completion of the ISO 9001 certification, the implementation of the green building standard, and the launch of the "Green Container" initiative.

The "Green Container" initiative is a project aimed at reducing the carbon footprint of GHI's containers. It involves the use of eco-friendly materials and the adoption of energy-saving technologies. The initiative has received positive feedback from customers and the public. GHI will continue to explore other ways to reduce its carbon footprint and promote sustainable development.

[illegible][illegible]

In respect of the heavy truck business, in 2017, C&T continued to strengthen its market position in the heavy truck business. It has achieved significant progress in the development of new products and the expansion of its market share. The company has successfully launched several new models, which have been well-received by customers. Additionally, the company has strengthened its sales network and improved its after-sales service, leading to a steady increase in sales volume and revenue.

In respect of the airport facilities equipment business, in 2017, the company has continued to expand its business scope and strengthen its market position. It has successfully completed several large-scale projects, demonstrating its technical strength and project management capabilities. The company has also invested in research and development to improve the quality and efficiency of its equipment, ensuring it remains competitive in the market.

In respect of the real estate development business, in 2017, the company has continued to expand its business scope and strengthen its market position. It has successfully completed several large-scale projects, demonstrating its technical strength and project management capabilities. The company has also invested in research and development to improve the quality and efficiency of its equipment, ensuring it remains competitive in the market.

In respect of the financial business, in 2017, CIMC Finance continued to strengthen its financial management and improve its risk control. It has successfully completed several large-scale projects, demonstrating its technical strength and project management capabilities. The company has also invested in research and development to improve the quality and efficiency of its equipment, ensuring it remains competitive in the market.

4. Main Risk Factors for Future Development of the Group

Risk of economic periodic fluctuations and trade protection: The company's business is closely related to the global economic environment. Economic fluctuations and trade protection measures may impact the company's operations and financial performance. The company will closely monitor the market situation and adjust its business strategy accordingly to mitigate these risks.

Risk of industry policy upgrade: China's economic growth has slowed down, and the government has implemented a series of measures to stimulate economic growth. The government has implemented a series of measures to stimulate economic growth, including cutting taxes, increasing government spending, and strengthening financial supervision. The government has implemented a series of measures to stimulate economic growth, including cutting taxes, increasing government spending, and strengthening financial supervision. The government has implemented a series of measures to stimulate economic growth, including cutting taxes, increasing government spending, and strengthening financial supervision.

CHAPTER IV Operation Discussion and Analysis Prepared in Accordance with the Domestic Securities Regulatory Rules

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I. BUSINESS OVERVIEW

(I) Principal Business Engaged by the Company during the Reporting Period

The Company's principal business is engaged in the production and sales of various types of integrated circuits, including: I. Business Summary; II. Product Line; III. Business Model.

(II) Significant Changes in the Major Assets during the Reporting Period

1. Significant Changes in the Major Assets

During the reporting period, the Company's major assets remained stable, with no significant changes.

2. Main Overseas Assets

□ A: 0, N: 0

(III) Analysis of Core Competitive Advantages

Strategic Positioning of "Manufacture + Service + Finance"

The Company's strategic positioning is "Manufacture + Service + Finance". The Company's core competitive advantages are: 1. Strong R&D capabilities; 2. Comprehensive service network; 3. Financial strength.

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II. OPERATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(I) Overview

For the first half of the year, the Company has continued to implement its business strategy, and has achieved significant progress in various aspects. The Company's operating performance has improved, and its financial position has strengthened. The Company's main business has achieved significant growth, and its market share has increased. The Company's financial performance has also improved, and its profitability has increased. The Company's operating performance has improved, and its financial position has strengthened.

(II) Analysis of Principal Businesses

1. Year-on-year Changes exceeding 30% in Key Financial Data

Unit: RMB million

	As at the end of the Reporting Period (30 June 2017) (unaudited)	2016 (audited)	Change (%)	Change
Depreciation and amortization	253,412	16,746	1,413.27%	Mainly due to the increase in the depreciation and amortization of the Company's fixed assets and intangible assets.
Operating profit	2,612,280	1,687,762	54.78%	Mainly due to the increase in the Company's operating income and the decrease in the Company's operating expenses.
	The Reporting Period (January to June 2017) (unaudited)	2016 (Jan to June 2016) (unaudited)	Change (%)	Change
Financial income	594,251	304,944	94.87%	Mainly due to the increase in the Company's financial income from the disposal of long-term investments.
Administrative expenses	234,437	1,267,501	(81.50%)	Mainly due to the decrease in the Company's administrative expenses, including the decrease in the Company's personnel expenses and the decrease in the Company's depreciation and amortization expenses.
(Loss) / Profit from operations	(32,626)	137,104	(123.80%)	Mainly due to the decrease in the Company's operating profit and the increase in the Company's financial income.
Income tax expense	(10,628)	(87,328)	87.83%	Mainly due to the decrease in the Company's income tax expense, including the decrease in the Company's corporate income tax and the decrease in the Company's income tax on dividends.

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	The Reporting Period (January to June 2017) (unaudited)	Same period 2016 (January to June 2016) (unaudited)	Change (%)	Change
Container revenue	21,903	241,771	(90.94%)	Mainly due to the decrease in the number of containers shipped.
Container handling revenue	142,020	791,687	(82.06%)	Mainly due to the decrease in the number of containers handled.
Other revenue	5,000	764,577	(99.35%)	Mainly due to the decrease in the number of containers handled.
Container revenue	33,776	1,542,157	(97.81%)	Mainly due to the decrease in the number of containers shipped.

The above information is for reference only. It does not constitute an offer or a recommendation to buy or sell any securities. The information is not intended to be used in any way to make any investment decision.

□ A. The above information is for reference only. It does not constitute an offer or a recommendation to buy or sell any securities. The information is not intended to be used in any way to make any investment decision.

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2. Composition of Principal Businesses during the Reporting Period

Unit: RMB million

	Revenue (unaudited)	Cost of sales (unaudited)	Gross profit margin (unaudited)	Changes in revenue from the same period of previous year	Changes in cost of sales from the same period of previous year	Changes in gross profit margin from the same period of previous year
By industry/product						
Construction	10,049,055	8,254,228	17.86%	105.14%	96.75%	3.50%
Real estate	9,719,601	7,952,957	18.18%	38.59%	39.75%	(0.68%)
Engineering consulting	5,060,511	4,191,438	17.17%	16.65%	18.76%	(1.47%)
Engineering	1,214,509	1,347,363	(10.94%)	(67.21%)	(59.41%)	(21.32%)
Advertising	1,180,919	954,996	19.13%	4.65%	5.78%	(0.86%)
Logistics	3,751,202	3,371,872	10.11%	16.55%	19.29%	(2.07%)
Financial	1,148,040	498,703	56.56%	3.02%	36.13%	(10.57%)
Other	297,664	162,201	45.51%	(5.71%)	3.57%	(4.88%)
Other	1,283,201	1,206,432	5.98%	49.15%	44.01%	3.35%
Other	1,394,177	1,170,585	16.04%	368.91%	429.55%	(9.61%)
Other	(1,711,727)	(1,869,211)	-	(48.84%)	(35.97%)	-
Total	33,387,152	27,241,564	18.41%	41.81%	42.43%	(0.35%)
By region (by receiver)						
China	14,794,349	-	-	74.98%	-	-
Overseas (including China)	3,384,378	-	-	84.09%	-	-
Asia	6,645,230	-	-	89.69%	-	-
Europe	7,341,001	-	-	(11.38%)	-	-
Others	1,222,194	-	-	(16.47%)	-	-
Total	33,387,152	-	-	41.81%	-	-

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(III) Analysis of Non-Principal Businesses

Amount in thousands of RMB

Unit: RMB million

Item	Amount	Proportion in total profit	Explanation on the formation	Sustainable or not
Interest income	(10,628)	(0.67%)	Mainly interest income from bank deposits and other financial assets.	Not sustainable
Profit from disposal of non-current assets	(32,626)	(2.07%)	Mainly profit from disposal of land use rights and other non-current assets.	Not sustainable
Profit from disposal of subsidiaries	234,437	14.87%	Mainly profit from disposal of subsidiaries, including CIMC Energy and CIMC SOE.	Not sustainable
Non-current asset impairment	84,343	5.35%	Mainly impairment of non-current assets, including land use rights and other non-current assets.	Not sustainable
Non-current asset impairment	32,404	2.06%	Mainly impairment of non-current assets, including land use rights and other non-current assets.	Not sustainable

(IV) Assets and Liabilities

1. Significant Changes in Assets

Unit: RMB million

As at the end of the Reporting Period			Change in assets			Change in assets (%)
Item	Amount	% of total assets	Amount	% of total assets	Change in assets	
Current assets	5,737,102	4.43%	6,325,998	5.08%	(0.65%)	Not sustainable
Non-current assets	16,371,018	12.64%	11,526,075	9.25%	3.39%	Not sustainable
Interest income	18,336,871	14.16%	17,409,515	13.97%	0.19%	Not sustainable
Interest income	1,722,065	1.33%	1,752,608	1.41%	(0.08%)	Not sustainable
Long-term interest income	2,249,428	1.74%	2,162,217	1.74%	0.00%	Not sustainable
Fixed assets	21,674,735	16.74%	22,037,261	17.68%	(0.94%)	Not sustainable
Current assets	23,804,653	18.38%	22,769,189	18.27%	0.11%	Not sustainable
Share of profit from subsidiaries	17,945,748	13.86%	15,729,787	12.62%	1.24%	Not sustainable
Long-term share of profit from subsidiaries	23,665,089	18.27%	27,023,222	21.69%	(3.42%)	Not sustainable

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2. Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

Item	Amount at the beginning of the period	Profit or loss arising from changes in fair value for the Reporting Period	Cumulative changes in fair value recognised in equity	Impairment provision for the Reporting Period	Purchases for the Reporting Period	Sales for the Reporting Period	Amount at the end of the Reporting Period
Unlisted RMB denominated							

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(V) Analysis of Investments during the Reporting Period

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4. Financial Asset Investments

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A ☒ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐ E ☐ F ☐ G ☐ H ☐ I ☐ J ☐ K ☐ L ☐ M ☐ N ☐ O ☐ P ☐ Q ☐ R ☐ S ☐ T ☐ U ☐ V ☐ W ☐ X ☐ Y ☐ Z ☐ AA ☐ AB ☐ AC ☐ AD ☐ AE ☐ AF ☐ AG ☐ AH ☐ AI ☐ AJ ☐ AK ☐ AL ☐ AM ☐ AN ☐ AO ☐ AP ☐ AQ ☐ AR ☐ AS ☐ AT ☐ AU ☐ AV ☐ AW ☐ AX ☐ AY ☐ AZ ☐ BA ☐ BB ☐ BC ☐ BD ☐ BE ☐ BF ☐ BG ☐ BH ☐ BI ☐ BJ ☐ BK ☐ BL ☐ BM ☐ BN ☐ BO ☐ BP ☐ BQ ☐ BR ☐ BS ☐ BT ☐ BU ☐ BV ☐ BW ☐ BX ☐ BY ☐ BZ ☐ CA ☐ CB ☐ CC ☐ CD ☐ CE ☐ CF ☐ CG ☐ CH ☐ CI ☐ CJ ☐ CK ☐ CL ☐ CM ☐ CN ☐ CO ☐ CP ☐ CQ ☐ CR ☐ CS ☐ CT ☐ CU ☐ CV ☐ CW ☐ CX ☐ CY ☐ CZ ☐ DA ☐ DB ☐ DC ☐ DD ☐ DE ☐ DF ☐ DG ☐ DH ☐ DI ☐ DJ ☐ DK ☐ DL ☐ DM ☐ DN ☐ DO ☐ DP ☐ DQ ☐ DR ☐ DS ☐ DT ☐ DU ☐ DV ☐ DW ☐ DX ☐ DY ☐ DZ ☐ EA ☐ EB ☐ EC ☐ ED ☐ EE ☐ EF ☐ EG ☐ EH ☐ EI ☐ EJ ☐ EK ☐ EL ☐ EM ☐ EN ☐ EO ☐ EP ☐ EQ ☐ ER ☐ ES ☐ ET ☐ EU ☐ EV ☐ EW ☐ EX ☐ EY ☐ EZ ☐ FA ☐ FB ☐ FC ☐ FD ☐ FE ☐ FF ☐ FG ☐ FH ☐ FI ☐ FJ ☐ FK ☐ FL ☐ FM ☐ FN ☐ FO ☐ FP ☐ FQ ☐ FR ☐ FS ☐ FT ☐ FU ☐ FV ☐ FW ☐ FX ☐ FY ☐ FZ ☐ GA ☐ GB ☐ GC ☐ GD ☐ GE ☐ GF ☐ GG ☐ GH ☐ GI ☐ GJ ☐ GK ☐ GL ☐ GM ☐ GN ☐ GO ☐ GP ☐ GQ ☐ GR ☐ GS ☐ GT ☐ GU ☐ GV ☐ GW ☐ GX ☐ GY ☐ GZ ☐ HA ☐ HB ☐ HC ☐ HD ☐ HE ☐ HF ☐ HG ☐ HH ☐ HI ☐ HJ ☐ HK ☐ HL ☐ HM ☐ HN ☐ HO ☐ HP ☐ HQ ☐ HR ☐ HS ☐ HT ☐ HU ☐ HV ☐ HW ☐ HX ☐ HY ☐ HZ ☐ IA ☐ IB ☐ IC ☐ ID ☐ IE ☐ IF ☐ IG ☐ IH ☐ II ☐ IJ ☐ IK ☐ IL ☐ IM ☐ IN ☐ IO ☐ IP ☐ IQ ☐ IR ☐ IS ☐ IT ☐ IU ☐ IV ☐ IW ☐ IX ☐ IY ☐ IZ ☐ JA ☐ JB ☐ JC ☐ JD ☐ JE ☐ JF ☐ JG ☐ JH ☐ JI ☐ JJ ☐ JK ☐ JL ☐ JM ☐ JN ☐ JO ☐ JP ☐ JQ ☐ JR ☐ JS ☐ JT ☐ JU ☐ JV ☐ JW ☐ JX ☐ JY ☐ JZ ☐ KA ☐ KB ☐ KC ☐ KD ☐ KE ☐ KF ☐ KG ☐ KH ☐ KI ☐ KJ ☐ KK ☐ KL ☐ KM ☐ KN ☐ KO ☐ KP ☐ KQ ☐ KR ☐ KS ☐ KT ☐ KU ☐ KV ☐ KW ☐ KX ☐ KY ☐ KZ ☐ LA ☐ LB ☐ LC ☐ LD ☐ LE ☐ LF ☐ LG ☐ LH ☐ LI ☐ LJ ☐ LK ☐ LL ☐ LM ☐ LN ☐ LO ☐ LP ☐ LQ ☐ LR ☐ LS ☐ LT ☐ LU ☐ LV ☐ LW ☐ LX ☐ LY ☐ LZ ☐ MA ☐ MB ☐ MC ☐ MD ☐ ME ☐ MF ☐ MG ☐ MH ☐ MI ☐ MJ ☐ MK ☐ ML ☐ MM ☐ MN ☐ MO ☐ MP ☐ MQ ☐ MR ☐ MS ☐ MT ☐ MU ☐ MV ☐ MW ☐ MX ☐ MY ☐ MZ ☐ NA ☐ NB ☐ NC ☐ ND ☐ NE ☐ NF ☐ NG ☐ NH ☐ NI ☐ NJ ☐ NK ☐ NL ☐ NM ☐ NO ☐ NP ☐ NQ ☐ NR ☐ NS ☐ NT ☐ NU ☐ NV ☐ NW ☐ NX ☐ NY ☐ NZ ☐ OA ☐ OB ☐ OC ☐ OD ☐ OE ☐ OF ☐ OG ☐ OH ☐ OI ☐ OJ ☐ OK ☐ OL ☐ OM ☐ ON ☐ OO ☐ OP ☐ OQ ☐ OR ☐ OS ☐ OT ☐ OU ☐ OV ☐ OW ☐ OX ☐ OY ☐ OZ ☐ PA ☐ PB ☐ PC ☐ PD ☐ PE ☐ PF ☐ PG ☐ PH ☐ PI ☐ PJ ☐ PK ☐ PL ☐ PM ☐ PN ☐ PO ☐ PP ☐ PQ ☐ PR ☐ PS ☐ PT ☐ PU ☐ PV ☐ PW ☐ PX ☐ PY ☐ PZ ☐ QA ☐ QB ☐ QC ☐ QD ☐ QE ☐ QF ☐ QG ☐ QH ☐ QI ☐ QJ ☐ QK ☐ QL ☐ QM ☐ QN ☐ QO ☐ QP ☐ QQ ☐ QR ☐ QS ☐ QT ☐ QU ☐ QV ☐ QW ☐ QX ☐ QY ☐ QZ ☐ RA ☐ RB ☐ RC ☐ RD ☐ RE ☐ RF ☐ RG ☐ RH ☐ RI ☐ RJ ☐ RK ☐ RL ☐ RM ☐ RN ☐ RO ☐ RP ☐ RQ ☐ RR ☐ RS ☐ RT ☐ RU ☐ RV ☐ RW ☐ RX ☐ RY ☐ RZ ☐ SA ☐ SB ☐ SC ☐ SD ☐ SE ☐ SF ☐ SG ☐ SH ☐ SI ☐ SJ ☐ SK ☐ SL ☐ SM ☐ SN ☐ SO ☐ SP ☐ SQ ☐ SR ☐ SS ☐ ST ☐ SU ☐ SV ☐ SW ☐ SX ☐ SY ☐ SZ ☐ TA ☐ TB ☐ TC ☐ TD ☐ TE ☐ TF ☐ TG ☐ TH ☐ TI ☐ TJ ☐ TK ☐ TL ☐ TM ☐ TN ☐ TO ☐ TP ☐ TQ ☐ TR ☐ TS ☐ TT ☐ TU ☐ TV ☐ TW ☐ TX ☐ TY ☐ TZ ☐ UA ☐ UB ☐ UC ☐ UD ☐ UE ☐ UF ☐ UG ☐ UH ☐ UI ☐ UJ ☐ UK ☐ UL ☐ UM ☐ UN ☐ UO ☐ UP ☐ UQ ☐ UR ☐ US ☐ UT ☐ UU ☐ UV ☐ UW ☐ UX ☐ UY ☐ UZ ☐ VA ☐ VB ☐ VC ☐ VD ☐ VE ☐ VF ☐ VG ☐ VH ☐ VI ☐ VJ ☐ VK ☐ VL ☐ VM ☐ VN ☐ VO ☐ VP ☐ VQ ☐ VR ☐ VS ☐ VT ☐ VU ☐ VV ☐ VW ☐ VX ☐ VY ☐ VZ ☐ WA ☐ WB ☐ WC ☐ WD ☐ WE ☐ WF ☐ WG ☐ WH ☐ WI ☐ WJ ☐ WK ☐ WL ☐ WM ☐ WN ☐ WO ☐ WP ☐ WQ ☐ WR ☐ WS ☐ WT ☐ WU ☐ WV ☐ WW ☐ WX ☐ WY ☐ WZ ☐ XA ☐ XB ☐ XC ☐ XD ☐ XE ☐ XF ☐ XG ☐ XH ☐ XI ☐ XJ ☐ XK ☐ XL ☐ XM ☐ XN ☐ XO ☐ XP ☐ XQ ☐ XR ☐ XS ☐ XT ☐ XU ☐ XV ☐ XW ☐ XX ☐ XY ☐ XZ ☐ YA ☐ YB ☐ YC ☐ YD ☐ YE ☐ YF ☐ YG ☐ YH ☐ YI ☐ YJ ☐ YK ☐ YL ☐ YM ☐ YN ☐ YO ☐ YP ☐ YQ ☐ YR ☐ YS ☐ YT ☐ YU ☐ YV ☐ YW ☐ YX ☐ YZ ☐ ZA ☐ ZB ☐ ZC ☐ ZD ☐ ZE ☐ ZF ☐ ZG ☐ ZH ☐ ZI ☐ ZJ ☐ ZK ☐ ZL ☐ ZM ☐ ZN ☐ ZO ☐ ZP ☐ ZQ ☐ ZR ☐ ZS ☐ ZT ☐ ZU ☐ ZV ☐ ZW ☐ ZX ☐ ZY ☐ ZZ ☐

Unit: RMB million

Securities	Stock code	Abbreviation of stock name	Initial investment cost	Modes of accounting measurement	Book value at the beginning of the period	Profit or loss arising from changes in fair value during the current period	Cumulative changes in fair value recognised in equity	Purchases for the current period	Sales for the current period	Profit or loss during the Reporting Period	Book value at the end of the period	Classification in accounting	Source of funds
H Shares	6198	Qinghai P.	128,589	Fair value	133,400	28,637	-	-	-	-	157,489	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Capital
H Shares	368	Sinohydro Sh. H	20,742	Fair value	3,860	1,407	-	-	-	-	5,123	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Capital
Other financial assets			-	-	812	(210)	-	-	-	-	17,745	-	-

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													Proportion of Investment amount at the end of the period to net assets of the Company at the end of the Reporting Period	Actual profit or loss during the Reporting Period
Name of the derivatives investment operator	Relationship with the Group	Related party transaction or not	Type of derivatives investment	Initial investment amount of derivatives investment	Date of commencement	Date of termination	Investment amount at the beginning of the period	Amount acquired during the Reporting Period	Amount sold during the Reporting Period	Provision for impairment (if any)	Investment amount at the end of the period			
HSBC Securities (China) Limited	NI	NA	Foreign exchange derivatives	-	2015/1/29	2018/4/16	219,820	-	-	-	236,667	0.79%	9,452	
China Citic Securities Limited	NI	NA	Interest rate derivatives	-	2010/1/20	2021/6/28	10,302,060	-	-	-	9,849,606	33.03%	(74,075)	
HSBC Securities (China) Limited	NI	NA	Commodity derivatives	-	2017/6/23	2017/12/20	-	-	-	-	154,473	0.52%	333	
TOTAL				-	-	-	10,521,880	-	-	-	10,240,746	34.34%	(64,290)	

S₁, S₂, n₁, n₂

81-100

L. G. A. H. (, * H)

N₂ + 4H₂ → 2NH₃

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28 May 2017

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(Sings)

2017-2018 年，在“一带一路”倡议的推动下，中国与沿线国家的贸易往来日益频繁。随着贸易规模的不断扩大，跨境支付和结算的需求也随之增加。为了适应这一需求，许多企业开始寻求更加便捷、安全的支付方式。数字货币作为一种新兴的支付手段，具有去中心化、匿名性强、交易速度快等优点，逐渐成为企业关注的焦点。然而，数字货币的广泛应用也带来了一系列挑战，如监管难度大、技术门槛高、安全风险等。因此，企业在探索数字货币支付的同时，也需要充分考虑其潜在的风险，并采取相应的防范措施。

Chang n m . . . ng h k . . .

F. In June 2017, G. ... RMB(64,290) ...

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CHAPTER IV Operation Discussion and Analysis Prepared in Accordance with the Domestic Securities Regulatory Rules

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(VI) Disposal of Substantial Assets and Equity Interests

1. Disposal of Substantial Assets

☐ A ☐ B, N

2. Disposal of Substantial Equity Interests

☐ A ☐ B, N

(VII) Analysis of Principal Subsidiaries and Associates

☐ A ☐ B, N

Details on acquiring and disposing subsidiaries during the Reporting Period

☐ A ☐ B, N

During the reporting period, the Group has not acquired or disposed of any subsidiaries. The Group has not acquired or disposed of any subsidiaries during the reporting period.

Details on the principal subsidiaries

The Group has not acquired or disposed of any subsidiaries during the reporting period. The Group has not acquired or disposed of any subsidiaries during the reporting period.

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Subsidiaries or associates contributing to more than 10% of the Company's net profits

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Date of reception	Mode of reception	Type of party received	Brief description on research
24 Feb 2017	Visit to Zhongguo	China's Greenfield FDI	Research on the impact of the new investment law on the domestic securities market
11 Apr 2017	Field research	On the D-C	Research on the impact of the new investment law on the domestic securities market
28 Apr 2017	Field research	CICC's Greenfield FDI	Research on the impact of the new investment law on the domestic securities market
17 May 2017	Field research	China's Greenfield FDI	Research on the impact of the new investment law on the domestic securities market
18 May 2017	Visit to the KFC in Shanghai	ICBC's Greenfield FDI, BNY's Greenfield FDI, TF's Greenfield FDI, Zhongguo's Greenfield FDI, Sheng's Greenfield FDI, ABC's Greenfield FDI, HNL's Greenfield FDI, In's Greenfield FDI (瀚倫投資), F's Greenfield FDI, UBS's Greenfield FDI, G's Greenfield FDI, J's Greenfield FDI, Zhongguo's Greenfield FDI, Chn's Greenfield FDI, T's Greenfield FDI, M's Greenfield FDI, H's Greenfield FDI, Ch's Greenfield FDI, BOC's Greenfield FDI, Wn's Greenfield FDI, CIB's Greenfield FDI, CITIC's Greenfield FDI, In's Greenfield FDI, ABC's Greenfield FDI, F's Greenfield FDI, P's Greenfield FDI, An's Greenfield FDI, G's Greenfield FDI	Research on the impact of the new investment law on the domestic securities market
23 May 2017	Visit to the Shanghai	M's Greenfield FDI	Research on the impact of the new investment law on the domestic securities market
7 Jun 2017	Visit to the KFC in Shanghai	HSBC's Greenfield FDI	Research on the impact of the new investment law on the domestic securities market

Chapter V Management Discussion and Analysis Prepared in Accordance with Hong Kong Securities Rules

NON-OPERATING INCOME

Dug P, G. n-n-
RMB84.343 mll n-
2016: RMB167.289 mll n),
49.58%,
gn-
G-
CASBE
IV. 60 Ch IX 2017
(Un) n-

TAX EXPENSE

D ng R ng P , h n . n 2016:
G RMB509.633 mll n) n
RMB375.316 mll n) n. ng n.
35.79%, h m nl n
n. n l ng
g l . gn n.
G ng R ng P . F ,
n IV. 62 /Ch X 2017 la-
Fn l R (Un) n R

TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT COSTS

D. ng. R. ng. P. , hn. l. g. l. n. n. G. RMB288.459 n. n. n. 2016: RMB230.097 n. n. n. n.

Chapter V Management Discussion and Analysis Prepared in Accordance with Hong Kong Securities Rules

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

As at 30 June 2017, the Group's bank loans and other borrowings are as follows: (Unaudited) in RMB million

	As at 30 June 2017 (unaudited)	As at 31 December 2016 (audited)
Short-term bank loans	17,945,748	15,729,787
Notes payable	4,891,414	3,525,710
Long-term bank loans	23,665,089	27,023,222
Other borrowings	7,986,500	7,986,500
Other financial liabilities	2,583,959	1,666,966
Total	57,072,710	55,932,185

In the above table, as at 30 June 2017, the Group's bank loans and other borrowings are RMB2,798,256 million (2016: RMB5,324,877 million), of which 47.45% are denominated in RMB, 52.55% are denominated in US dollars. As at 30 June 2017, the Group's bank loans and other borrowings are RMB11,035,941 million (2016: RMB8,123,960 million), of which 35.84% are denominated in RMB, 64.16% are denominated in US dollars. The Group's bank loans and other borrowings are RMB35,466,310 million (2016: RMB38,154,759 million), of which 7.05% are denominated in RMB, 92.95% are denominated in US dollars. As at 30 June 2017, the Group's bank loans and other borrowings are RMB7,986,500 million (2016: RMB7,986,500 million), of which 100% are denominated in RMB. As at 30 June 2017, the Group's bank loans and other borrowings are RMB2,583,959 million (2016: RMB1,666,966 million), of which 100% are denominated in RMB. (Unaudited) in RMB million

Chapter V Management Discussion and Analysis Prepared in Accordance with Hong Kong Securities Rules

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The G-7 nations (United States, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, United Kingdom, and Canada) in 2017, the G-7 nations (United States, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, United Kingdom, and Canada) in 2016: RMB39,871,883 million (31 December 2016: RMB39,134,792 million) in gross value added in the manufacturing sector in 2017: RMB89,626,971 million (31 December 2016: RMB85,479,956 million) in the manufacturing sector in 2017: RMB129,498,854 million (31 December 2016: RMB124,614,748 million). The G-7 nations in 2017: RMB129,498,854 million (31 December 2016: RMB124,614,748 million). The G-7 nations in 2017: RMB129,498,854 million (31 December 2016: RMB124,614,748 million).

A. n R ng P G g ng
69.21% (31 mb 2016: 68.60%), h
gh.F b 0.61% m n
(C l .n g ng : b
n G -l b -H -
b -l)

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK AND RELEVANT HEDGE

[illegible]

INTEREST RATE RISK

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- ng b p l. n
b. T. m. n.
G. p. n. n. IV. 2
n IV. 26 / Ch IX 2017 l. n. F. n. l. R.
(Un.) p. R.

CREDIT RISK

[illegible]

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Am 30. Juni 2017 hat die Generalversammlung der RMB8.002.078 millionen (31. Dezember 2016: RMB9.756.883 millionen), was eine Zunahme von 8,76% gegenüber dem Vorjahr darstellt, beschlossen, die Dividende für das Jahr 2017 in Höhe von 1,25 Yuan pro Aktie (Unverändert) zu zahlen.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As of 30 June 2017, the Group's financial position, performance and cash flows are as follows:

Chapter V Management Discussion and Analysis Prepared in Accordance with Hong Kong Securities Rules

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CONTINGENT LIABILITY

As at 30 June 2017, the Group has no contingent liability. The Group's contingent liability as at 30 June 2016: RMB83.248 million (31 June 2015: RMB59.028 million) was primarily related to the Group's 29.09% shareholding in the Huihe Group. The Group's 29.09% shareholding in the Huihe Group is classified as "Financial Investment" under the applicable accounting standards. The Group's 29.09% shareholding in the Huihe Group is classified as "Financial Investment" under the applicable accounting standards.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND MAJOR ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS RELATING TO SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

During the year, the Group has made significant investments and major acquisitions and disposals relating to subsidiaries and associated companies. The Group's 29.09% shareholding in the Huihe Group is classified as "Financial Investment" under the applicable accounting standards. The Group's 29.09% shareholding in the Huihe Group is classified as "Financial Investment" under the applicable accounting standards.

FUTURE PLANS FOR SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND EXPECTED SOURCES OF FUNDING

The Group's future plans for significant investments and expected sources of funding are as follows: (1) The Group's 29.09% shareholding in the Huihe Group is classified as "Financial Investment" under the applicable accounting standards. The Group's 29.09% shareholding in the Huihe Group is classified as "Financial Investment" under the applicable accounting standards.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND FINANCING PLAN

The Group's capital expenditure and financing plan are as follows: (1) The Group's 29.09% shareholding in the Huihe Group is classified as "Financial Investment" under the applicable accounting standards. The Group's 29.09% shareholding in the Huihe Group is classified as "Financial Investment" under the applicable accounting standards.

On 31 May 2016, the Group has made significant investments and major acquisitions and disposals relating to subsidiaries and associated companies. The Group's 29.09% shareholding in the Huihe Group is classified as "Financial Investment" under the applicable accounting standards. The Group's 29.09% shareholding in the Huihe Group is classified as "Financial Investment" under the applicable accounting standards.

Chapter VI Significant Events

During the 8th meeting, the Chinese side proposed 5 major principles for the 1st meeting of the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing.

China's A.1.1. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing.

On 7 August 2017, Mr. Wang Zhongshan, Chinese Vice Premier and Foreign Minister, met with Mr. R. M. N. Chinn, Chinese Minister of the ASEAN Secretariat, in Beijing. The two sides discussed the current situation of the China-ASEAN relationship and the progress of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting. The two sides agreed to hold the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting in Beijing in 2017.

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During the 9th meeting, the Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing.

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During the 3rd meeting, the Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing.

On 7 August 2017, Mr. L. Shenghui, Chinese Vice Premier and Foreign Minister, met with Mr. S. Chinn, Chinese Minister of the ASEAN Secretariat, in Beijing. The two sides discussed the current situation of the China-ASEAN relationship and the progress of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting. The two sides agreed to hold the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting in Beijing in 2017.

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On 9 July 2017, the Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing. The Chinese side proposed that the 4th round of the China-ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting should be held in Beijing.

[illegible]

1. 在 C 语言中，`int` 类型的变量在内存中占 4 个字节。因此，`int` 类型的变量在内存中的地址是连续的。

[illegible]

4. Disclosure Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Hong Kong Listing Rules

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n. R. 13.51B(1) Hng King E ng R ng P
h V. Chng In n S Ch VIII In
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Chapter VI Significant Events

V. ENGAGEMENT AND DISENGAGEMENT OF FIRMS OF ACCOUNTANTS

Was the firm engaged or disengaged by the company?

☐ Yes, No

The 2017 Interim Financial Report of the company.

On 9 Jan 2017, the company engaged the 2016 Annual General Meeting of the company to be held by the company.

VI. STATEMENTS OF THE BOARD AND THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE ON THE "NON-STANDARD AUDITING REPORT" ISSUED BY THE ACCOUNTANT DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

☐ A report, N/A report

VII. EXPLANATION OF THE BOARD ON THE AFFAIRS RELATING TO "NON-STANDARD AUDITING REPORT" FOR THE PREVIOUS YEAR

☐ A report, N/A report

VIII. BANKRUPTCY OR REORGANISATION RELATED ISSUES

☐ A report, N/A report

The company has not been declared bankrupt or reorganised.

IX. ARBITRATION EVENTS

Has the company been involved in any arbitration events?

☐ A report, N/A report

The company has not been involved in any arbitration events.

Chapter VI Significant Events 55

Other significant events

A ☐ Not A ☐

Basic information of litigation (arbitration)	Amount involved (RMB thousand)	Incurred estimated liabilities or not	Progress of litigation (arbitration)	Judgment result of litigation (arbitration) and its impact	Executive of the judgment of litigation (arbitration)	Disclosure date	Disclosure index
15. The company's litigation (arbitration) cases in 2014	337,600	N	In progress	No significant impact	-	-	-
The company's litigation (arbitration) cases in 2015	322,200	N	In progress	No significant impact	-	-	-

X. PENALTIES AND REMEDIES

A ☐ Not A ☐

XI. THE CREDITWORTHINESS OF THE COMPANY AND ITS CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS AND THE DE FACTO CONTROLLER

A ☐ Not A ☐

The company's creditworthiness is good, and the company's creditworthiness is not affected by the company's controlling shareholders and the de facto controller.

Chapter VI Significant Events

XII. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE COMPANY'S SHARE OPTION INCENTIVE SCHEME, EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP SCHEME OR OTHER EMPLOYEE INCENTIVE MEASURES

1. Summary of Share Option Incentive Scheme

(1) A Share(s) Share Option Incentive Scheme of the Company

In 2010, the Company adopted the 2010 Share Option Incentive Scheme (the "Scheme") to implement the share option incentive scheme for the Company's employees. The Scheme was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 17 September 2010. According to the Scheme, the Company has a total of 54,000,000 shares reserved for the Scheme (the "Reserve Shares"). On 26 July 2011, the Company granted a total of 6,000,000 shares (the "Granted Shares") to the Company's employees under the Scheme.

On 12 May 2015, the Company adopted the 2015 Share Option Incentive Scheme (the "2015 Scheme") to implement the share option incentive scheme for the Company's employees. The 2015 Scheme was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 12 May 2015. According to the 2015 Scheme, the Company has a total of 39,660,000 shares reserved for the 2015 Scheme (the "Reserve Shares"). On 24 October 2015, the Company granted a total of 4,132,500 shares (the "Granted Shares") to the Company's employees under the 2015 Scheme. On 20 July 2017, the Company adopted the 2017 Share Option Incentive Scheme (the "2017 Scheme") to implement the share option incentive scheme for the Company's employees. The 2017 Scheme was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 20 July 2017. According to the 2017 Scheme, the Company has a total of 45,000,000 shares reserved for the 2017 Scheme (the "Reserve Shares"). On 20 July 2017, the Company granted a total of 4,132,500 shares (the "Granted Shares") to the Company's employees under the 2017 Scheme.

During the period, the Company adopted the 2010 Share Option Incentive Scheme (the "2010 Scheme") to implement the share option incentive scheme for the Company's employees. The 2010 Scheme was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 17 September 2010. According to the 2010 Scheme, the Company has a total of 54,000,000 shares reserved for the 2010 Scheme (the "Reserve Shares"). On 26 July 2011, the Company granted a total of 6,000,000 shares (the "Granted Shares") to the Company's employees under the 2010 Scheme.

(2) Share option incentive scheme of the subsidiary CIMC Enric

(3) Implementation of the equity trust scheme of the subsidiary CIMC Vehicle (Group)

The CIMC Vehicle (Group) Co., Ltd. Equity Trust Plan (Dangsheng) was implemented in 2017. On July 17, 2017, the company issued a notice of implementation of the equity trust scheme. The company has implemented the equity trust scheme for the CIMC Vehicle (Group) Co., Ltd. 20% of the shares of CIMC Vehicle (Group) Co., Ltd.

Chapter VI Significant Events

Grant and exercise of equity of Directors, Supervisors and senior management during the Reporting Period

Name	Position	Number of equity granted during the Reporting Period (shares)	Number of equity exercised during the Reporting Period (shares)	Number of outstanding and exercisable equity at the end of the Reporting Period (shares)
M. Bai	CEO	0	0	2,850,000
L. Xu	Director	0	0	997,000
W. Fan	Director	0	0	750,000
L. Yin	Director	0	0	750,000
Y. Yang	Director	0	0	650,000
Zhang B.	Director	0	0	750,000
Gao X.	Director	0	0	375,000
Y. Yan	Director	0	0	750,000
Zhang H.	Director	0	0	288,750

Notes: On 27 March 2017, the Company granted 1,400,000 shares to its directors, supervisors and senior management. As of 30 June 2017, the Company has 640,000 shares outstanding and exercisable. The Company has 1,400,000 shares outstanding and exercisable. CIMC EIR.

XIII. MATERIAL CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS DISCLOSED ACCORDING TO SHENZHEN LISTING RULES

1. Connected Transactions Relating to Daily Operations

☒ Yes ☐ No

Chapter VI Significant Events 59

Related party	Relationship with the Group	Type of the connected transaction	Details of the connected transaction	Pricing Principle	Price	Amount		% of the total amount of a similar transaction	Approved cap	Whether approved cap has been exceeded
						(RMB'000)	(RMB'000)			

Liabilities payable to any related party:

Unit: RMB million

Related party	Relationship with the Group	Reason	Opening balance	Amount increased during the current period	Amount repaid during the current period	Interest rate	Interest for the current period	Closing balance
Guangdong N. S.A.	Minority shareholder	Overseas investment	46,990	-	1,419	-	522	45,571
Shanghai F. L.	Minority shareholder	Overseas investment	56,794	-	29,579	-	-	27,215
Total								
Total								

5. Other Material Connected Transactions

□ A. N.A.

XIV. OCCUPATION OF THE LISTED COMPANY'S NON-OPERATING CAPITAL BY CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS AND ITS RELATED PARTIES

□ A. N.A.

The listed company's non-operating capital is not occupied by controlling shareholders and its related parties.

XV. MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND THEIR PERFORMANCES

1. Trusteeship, Contracting or Leasing

(1) Trusteeship

□ A. N.A.

The listed company's non-operating capital is not occupied by controlling shareholders and its related parties.

Chapter VI Significant Events 63

The Company's guarantees for subsidiaries

Name of the guaranteed	Disclosure date of the announcement about guarantee facilities	Guarantee facilities	Actual date (date of the agreement)	Actual amount of guarantee	Type of guarantee	Guarantee period	Fulfilled or not	Related party guaranteed or not
S. CIMC	28 March 2017	24,172,570	1 Jan 2017	5,982,920	W	1-2	N	N
Q. CIMC	28 March 2017	30,000,000	1 Jan 2017	14,460,910	W	1-2	N	N
T. CIMC								
T. CIMC (B1)			35,651,530	T. CIMC				14,623,210
T. CIMC (B2)								
T. CIMC (B3)			54,172,570	T. CIMC				20,443,830
T. CIMC (B4)								

Subsidiaries' guarantees for subsidiaries

Name of the guaranteed	Disclosure date of the announcement about guarantee facilities	Guarantee facilities	Actual date (date of the agreement)	Actual amount of guarantee	Type of guarantee	Guarantee period	Fulfilled or not	Related party guaranteed or not
G. CIMC	28 March 2017	12,573,650	1 Jan 2017	6,254,230	W	1-2	N	N
T. CIMC (C1)			6,731,980	T. CIMC				

Chapter VI Significant Events

(2) Irregular External Guarantees

□ A  b

3. OTHER MATERIAL CONTRACTS

□ A B, N A B

XVI.SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

1. Performance of Precise Poverty-alleviation Social Responsibility

□ A  B, N  A  B

D'ing R'ing C in n'ing g n n'ing h n'ing

2. Performance of Other Social Responsibilities

[illegible]

3. Material Environmental Protection Events

[illegible]



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x x x x x n Ch n x x x x

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□ A  B, N  A  B

T h n g n h

□ A  N  A

[illegible]

Chapter VII Changes in Share Capital and Information on Substantial Shareholders

III. NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS AND SHAREHOLDINGS OF THE COMPANY

As of the end of 2017, the total number of Shareholders of the Company is 80,942, including 12 H Shareholders and 80,930 H Shares.

Unlisted Shares

Total ordinary Shareholders at the end of the Reporting Period

Total: 80,942 (including: A Shares: 80,930, H Shares: 12)

Total number of preference Shareholders whose voting rights were restored at the end of the Reporting Period (if any)

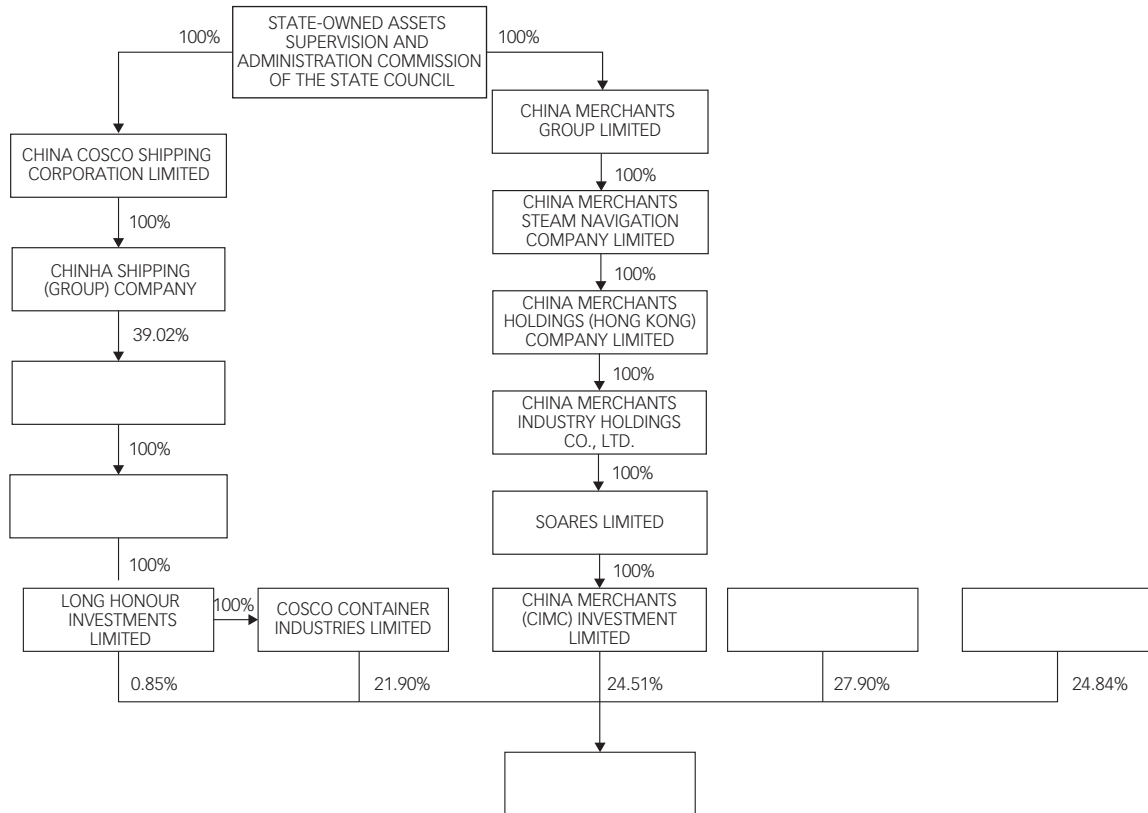
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Shareholdings of the ordinary Shareholders who hold above 5% or the top ten ordinary Shareholders

Name of Shareholders	Nature of Shareholders	Percentage of shareholding	Number of ordinary shares held at the end of the Reporting Period (Shares)	Changes during the Reporting Period (Shares)	Number of ordinary shares with selling restrictions (Shares)	Number of ordinary shares without selling restrictions (Shares)	Pledged or frozen shares Status	Number
HKSCC Nominees Limited (Name: 1)	Foreign general shareholder	57.59%	1,716,412,609	65,099,538	-	1,716,412,609	-	0
COSCO China Investment Limited (Name: 2)	Foreign general shareholder	14.50%	432,171,843	-	-	432,171,843	-	0
China Financial Assets Management Limited	Shareholder of general shareholder	2.70%	80,414,863	(6,252,204)	-	80,414,863	-	0
China Financial Assets Management Limited	Shareholder of general shareholder	1.27%	37,993,800	-	-	37,993,800	-	0
ICBC Finance Agency Limited - ICBC Finance Agency (China) Limited	Domestic general shareholder	0.32%	9,566,600	-	-	9,566,600	-	0
Zhongrong Finance Agency Limited - Zhongrong Finance Agency (China) Limited	Domestic general shareholder	0.32%	9,566,600	-	-	9,566,600	-	0
Banqiao Finance Agency Limited - Banqiao Finance Agency (China) Limited	Domestic general shareholder	0.32%	9,566,600	-	-	9,566,600	-	0
Dongfang Finance Agency Limited - Dongfang Finance Agency (China) Limited	Domestic general shareholder	0.32%	9,566,600	-	-	9,566,600	-	0
Huafeng Finance Agency Limited - Huafeng Finance Agency (China) Limited	Domestic general shareholder	0.32%	9,566,600	-	-	9,566,600	-	0
Yinhua Finance Agency Limited - Yinhua Finance Agency (China) Limited	Domestic general shareholder	0.32%	9,566,600	-	-	9,566,600	-	0
Unlisted Shares	Unlisted							

Chapter VII Changes in Share Capital and Information on Substantial Shareholders 77

Shareholding Relationships between the Company and the Substantial Shareholders as of the end of the Reporting Period



I. CHANGES ON SHAREHOLDINGS OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

1. A   □ N/A  

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Chapter VIII Information on Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management

1. Interest in the Shares of the Company:

Name	Nature of interest	Class of shares	Number of shares (shares)	Percentage of such shares in the issued shares of the same class (%)	Percentage of such shares in the total issued shares (%)
M. Bai ng	Beneficial interest	A Shares	494,702	0.04%	0.02%

2. Interest in the Underlying Shares of the Company:

For the purpose of the underlying shares of the Company, the Company has adopted the definition of "underlying shares" in the 2016 Annual Report. As of 30 June 2017, the Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company. The Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company, of which 12,100,000 shares are held by the Company. The Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company, of which 12,100,000 shares are held by the Company. The Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company, of which 12,100,000 shares are held by the Company.

3. Interests in the Shares of Associated Corporations of the Company:

Name	Associated corporation	Nature of interest	Number of shares held (shares)	Percentage of such shares in the total issued shares or total equity interest (%)
M. Bai ng	CIMC V (Group)	Beneficial interest	Not applicable	0.74% (Not applicable)
	CIMC E	Beneficial interest	3,260,000	0.17%

Notes: M. Bai ng holds 0.74% interest in CIMC V (Group) and holds 4.69% interest in CIMC E. CIMC V (Group) is a subsidiary of the Company. CIMC E is a subsidiary of the Company. The Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company, of which 12,100,000 shares are held by the Company. The Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company, of which 12,100,000 shares are held by the Company. The Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company, of which 12,100,000 shares are held by the Company.

Since the Company has adopted the definition of "underlying shares" in the 2016 Annual Report, the Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company. The Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company, of which 12,100,000 shares are held by the Company. The Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company, of which 12,100,000 shares are held by the Company. The Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company, of which 12,100,000 shares are held by the Company. The Company has issued 12,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company, of which 12,100,000 shares are held by the Company.

IV. CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS

The Company has no changes in the information of Directors and Supervisors during the period from 1 January 2016 to 31 December 2016.

Chapter IX 2017 Interim Financial Report (Unaudited) 81

1. AUDIT REPORT

大华会计师事务所(特殊普通合伙)

□ A 类 非 标 , N 类 A 类 非 标

大华 2017 年半年度财务报告 大华会计师事务所(特殊普通合伙) 中国注册会计师 李 强

2. FINANCIAL REPORT

China Interim Financial Report (Unaudited) (G) C, L.

大华 年 月 日 大华 年 月 日 1 J n 2017 年 30 J n 2017

大华 年 月 日 大华 年 月 日 年: RMB'000

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China Interim Financial Report
As at 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Textual Report Only)

Notes

30 June
2017

31 December
2016

Chapter IX 2017 Interim Financial Report (Unaudited) 83

Continental Biline Share (Continental)

As at 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

		30 June 2017	31 June 2016
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Shareholders' equity	IV.25	17,945,748	15,729,787
Financial liabilities	IV.26	134,772	141,806
Non-current liabilities	IV.27	1,253,175	1,551,582
Current liabilities	IV.28	11,345,178	10,160,951
Accounts payable	IV.29	4,545,835	3,780,694
Employee compensation	IV.30	2,120,417	2,115,247
			84,151,151
0	8		7

Chapter IX 2017 Interim Financial Report (Unaudited)

Balance Sheet

As at 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

		30 June 2017	31 December 2016
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and bank balances	XVI.1	2,300,326	2,660,222
Due from related parties	XVI.2	4,704,365	4,755,818
Other receivables	XVI.3	12,968,574	13,131,416
Other non-current assets		7,685	9,272
Total current assets		19,980,950	20,556,728
Non-current assets:			
Available-for-sale financial assets	XVI.4	388,905	388,905
Long-term equity investments	XVI.5	9,490,535	9,375,276
Fixed assets		101,398	102,372
Deferred income tax assets		16,931	844
Intangible assets		14,336	14,466
Goodwill		207	-
Long-term prepayments		35,115	40,730
Other non-current assets	XVI.14	49,636	52,280
Total non-current assets		10,097,063	9,974,873
TOTAL ASSETS		30,078,013	30,531,601

Chapter IX 2017 Interim Financial Report (Unaudited)

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Balance Sheet (Continued)

As at 30 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

		30 June 2017	31 March 2016
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Shareholders' equity	XVI.6	3,660,000	2,710,000
Financial liabilities	XVI.7	-	65
Employment		196,808	205,760
Taxes	XVI.8	4,024	3,646
Interest	XVI.9	225,564	75,755
Dividends		178,332	-
Other	XVI.10	2,185,522	2,990,804
Paid-up		-	79,104
Current liabilities	XVI.11	995,000	800,000
Total current liabilities		7,445,250	6,865,134
Non-current liabilities:			
Financial liabilities	XVI.7	1,738	3,296
Long-term	XVI.12	826,000	1,621,000
Other	XVI.13	7,986,500	7,986,500
Other		36,276	37,429
Total non-current liabilities		8,850,514	9,648,225
Total liabilities		16,295,764	16,513,359
Shareholders' equity			
Shareholders' equity		2,980,353	2,978,577
Other		1,981,143	2,049,035
Current	XVI.15	3,304,356	3,287,149
Other	XVI.16	43,754	43,754
Shareholders' equity		3,279,379	3,279,379
Unpaid		2,193,264	2,380,348
Total equity attributable to shareholders and other equity holders		13,782,249	14,018,242
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		30,078,013	30,531,601

The figures are in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified.

本集團之財務狀況及經營表現，請參閱本報告第10至15頁。本報告之財務資料，請參閱本報告第16至18頁。本報告之財務資料，請參閱本報告第19至21頁。

Chapter IX 2017 Interim Financial Report (Unaudited)

Consolidated Income Statement

For the period from 1 Jan to 30 Jun 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

		For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 Jan to 30 Jun 2016
I. Revenue	IV.50	33,387,152	23,542,843
Revenue from contracts with customers	IV.50	27,241,564	19,126,496
Transportation services	IV.51	216,183	194,236
Selling services	IV.52	1,256,253	1,036,129
Other services	IV.53	2,368,039	1,982,301
Financial services	IV.54	594,251	304,944
Other income	IV.58	234,437	1,267,501
Assets impairment loss	IV.56	(32,626)	137,104
Income from disposal of subsidiaries	IV.57	(10,628)	(87,328)
Income from disposal of subsidiaries		2,538	13,800
Other income	IV.59	91,032	-
II. Operating profit		1,524,203	(318,988)
Assets impairment loss	IV.60	84,343	167,289
Income from disposal of subsidiaries		31,127	6,153
Income from disposal of subsidiaries			
Income from disposal of subsidiaries	IV.61	32,404	14,145
Income from disposal of subsidiaries		17,388	9,485
III. Total profit		1,576,142	(165,844)
Income from disposal of subsidiaries	IV.62	509,633	375,316
IV. Net profit		1,066,509	(541,160)
Assets impairment loss			
Income from disposal of subsidiaries		796,898	(378,034)
Income from disposal of subsidiaries		269,611	(163,126)
V. Other comprehensive income/(losses), net of tax	IV.47	99,022	328,231
Assets impairment loss			
Income from disposal of subsidiaries		72,424	274,766
Income from disposal of subsidiaries		72,424	274,766
Change in fair value of financial assets		(241)	949
Gain on disposal of financial assets		6,072	(490)
Change in fair value of financial assets		66,593	274,307
Income from disposal of subsidiaries		26,598	53,465
VI. Total comprehensive income		1,165,531	(212,929)
Assets impairment loss			
Income from disposal of subsidiaries		869,322	(103,268)
Income from disposal of subsidiaries		296,209	(109,661)
VII. Earnings per share			
(I) Basic earnings per share (RMB)	IV.63	0.2554	(0.1444)
(II) Diluted earnings per share (RMB)	IV.63	0.2544	(0.1444)

The above figures are preliminary and subject to audit.

These figures are preliminary and subject to audit. The figures are preliminary and subject to audit. The figures are preliminary and subject to audit.

Chapter IX 2017 Interim Financial Report (Unaudited)

Interim Summary
 Financial summary from 1 Jan to 30 Jun 2017
 (All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
 (English Text only - Read in Chinese Only)

		For the period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the period from 1 Jan to 30 Jun 2016
I. Revenue	XVI.17	96,917	69,104
Revenue from contracts with customers	XVI.17	1,452	24,006
Revenue from government grants		-	3,373
Revenue from other sources		129,167	109,800
Revenue from other sources		296,143	(99,572)
Revenue from other sources		-	-
Revenue from other sources	XVI.18	1,623	1,985
Revenue from other sources	XVI.19	359,040	118,963
Revenue from other sources	XVI.20	2,211	-
II. Operating profit		33,029	152,445
Operating profit	XVI.21	21	1,137
Operating profit		-	116
Operating profit	XVI.22	1,746	249
Operating profit		586	1
III. Total profit		31,304	153,333
Total profit	XVI.23	2,644	27,968
IV. Net profit		28,660	125,365
V. Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-
VI. Total comprehensive income		28,660	125,365

The above figures are unaudited and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the full year 2017.

The above figures are unaudited and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the full year 2017.

Chapter IX 2017 Interim Financial Report (Unaudited)

中国国际海运集装箱(集团)股份有限公司 China International Marine Containers (Group) Co., Ltd. 2017年1月1日至2017年6月30日 (All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified) (English Text and Chinese Text are equally authentic)

	Net	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 Jan to 30 Jun 2016
I. Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash generated from operations		32,885,118	26,966,364
Repayment of bank loans		1,044,746	536,836
Cash paid for interest and dividends received	IV.64(1)	709,660	252,053
Sub-total of cash inflows		34,639,524	27,755,253
Cash paid for capital expenditure		29,731,503	21,688,702
Cash paid for acquisition of subsidiaries		3,003,021	2,703,551
Payment of interest on bank loans		1,050,104	1,102,475
Cash paid for interest and dividends received	IV.64(2)	1,523,112	1,326,793
Sub-total of cash outflows		35,307,740	26,821,521
Net cash outflow/(inflows) from operating activities	IV.65(1)	(668,216)	933,732
II. Cash flows from investing activities:			
Cash received from disposal of subsidiaries		600	115,920
Cash received from disposal of long-term investments		21,903	241,771
Dividends received from subsidiaries and other investments		37,940	11,643
Dividends received from other investments		-	7
Sub-total of cash inflows		60,443	369,341
Cash paid for acquisition of subsidiaries		1,421,152	4,189,354
Cash paid for acquisition of long-term investments		142,020	791,687
Dividends paid		5,000	764,577
Sub-total of cash outflows		1,568,172	5,745,618
Net cash outflows from investing activities		(1,507,729)	(5,376,277)

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Chapter IX 2017 Interim Financial Report (Unaudited)

Chong Ngan Shing
 香港新豐街
 30 June 2017
 (All in RMB'000)
 (English Only)

2016

For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017

Item



Item	From 1 January to 30 June 2017					2016				
	Share capital	Other equity instruments	Capital surplus	Surplus comprehensive reserve	Other comprehensive income	Undistributed profits	Total shareholders' equity	Share capital	Capital surplus	Other equity instruments
I. Balance at 31 December 2016	2,978,577	2,049,035	3,287,149	3,279,379	43,754	2,380,348				

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
 (English Text in Chinese and Chinese Text in English)

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

[illegible]

On 19 March 2012, China's Ministry of Foreign Affairs (MFA) announced that the Chinese government had decided to suspend the implementation of the 2008 Sino-US Joint Declaration on the Reduction of Military Exercises in the Asia-Pacific Region. The MFA stated that the Chinese government had decided to suspend the implementation of the 2008 Sino-US Joint Declaration on the Reduction of Military Exercises in the Asia-Pacific Region, which was signed by the Chinese and US governments in 2008. The MFA stated that the Chinese government had decided to suspend the implementation of the 2008 Sino-US Joint Declaration on the Reduction of Military Exercises in the Asia-Pacific Region, which was signed by the Chinese and US governments in 2008.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text is the authoritative version)

I. GENERAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Notes VI describe the accounting policies and accounting estimates adopted by the Company in preparing the financial statements. Notes V.1 and V.2 describe the accounting policies and accounting estimates adopted by the Company in preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards for financial statements issued by the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China on August 28, 2017.

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The Group's accounting policies and accounting estimates are consistent with those disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016. The Group's accounting policies and accounting estimates are consistent with those disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016. The Group's accounting policies and accounting estimates are consistent with those disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016.

The Group's accounting policies and accounting estimates are consistent with those disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016.

1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards for financial statements issued by the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China on August 28, 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is Preliminary Only)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

(All monetary amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

6. Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The Group's consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the accounting policies and estimates adopted by the Group. The Group's accounting policies and estimates are based on the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Hong Kong. The Group's accounting policies and estimates are consistent with the accounting policies and estimates adopted by the Group in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016.

When the Group is preparing its consolidated financial statements, it is required to make certain estimates and assumptions. The Group's management believes that the estimates and assumptions are reasonable and that the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly. The Group's management also believes that the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Hong Kong. The Group's management also believes that the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Hong Kong.

When the Group is preparing its consolidated financial statements, it is required to make certain estimates and assumptions. The Group's management believes that the estimates and assumptions are reasonable and that the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly. The Group's management also believes that the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Hong Kong. The Group's management also believes that the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Hong Kong.

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When the Group is preparing its consolidated financial statements, it is required to make certain estimates and assumptions. The Group's management believes that the estimates and assumptions are reasonable and that the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly. The Group's management also believes that the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Hong Kong. The Group's management also believes that the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Hong Kong.

When the Group is preparing its consolidated financial statements, it is required to make certain estimates and assumptions. The Group's management believes that the estimates and assumptions are reasonable and that the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly. The Group's management also believes that the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Hong Kong. The Group's management also believes that the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Hong Kong.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are equally authentic)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

6. Preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

When the consolidated financial statements are prepared, the consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared on the basis of the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

When the consolidated financial statements are prepared, the consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared on the basis of the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

When the consolidated financial statements are prepared, the consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared on the basis of the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

When the consolidated financial statements are prepared, the consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared on the basis of the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

7. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as the amounts that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Filing Date: 07/19/2017
(All rights reserved)
(English Translation Only)

8. Foreign currency transactions and translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currency

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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财务报表附注 2017 年 12 月 31 日
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

9. Financial Instruments

金融工具是指从本集团金融资产和金融负债中产生的、在资产负债表日具有公允价值且其公允价值变动计入当期损益的资产或负债。金融工具包括金融资产、金融负债和权益工具。

(1) Financial Assets

(a) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

金融工具以公允价值计量且其变动计入当期损益的金融资产，包括交易性金融资产、指定为以公允价值计量且其变动计入当期损益的金融资产、衍生金融资产、金融资产转移中仍保留在资产负债表中且以公允价值计量的金融资产等。

金融工具以公允价值计量且其变动计入当期损益的金融资产，其公允价值变动计入当期损益。

金融工具以公允价值计量且其变动计入当期损益的金融资产，其公允价值变动计入当期损益，其公允价值变动计入当期损益。

(b) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

金融工具以公允价值计量且其变动计入其他综合收益的金融资产，包括指定为以公允价值计量且其变动计入其他综合收益的金融资产、衍生金融资产、金融资产转移中仍保留在资产负债表中且以公允价值计量的金融资产等。

(c) Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

金融资产以摊余成本计量的金融资产，包括持有至到期投资、贷款和应收款项、金融资产转移中仍保留在资产负债表中且以摊余成本计量的金融资产等。

(d) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

金融工具以公允价值计量且其变动计入当期损益的金融资产，包括交易性金融资产、指定为以公允价值计量且其变动计入当期损益的金融资产、衍生金融资产、金融资产转移中仍保留在资产负债表中且以公允价值计量的金融资产等。

金融工具以公允价值计量且其变动计入当期损益的金融资产，其公允价值变动计入当期损益，其公允价值变动计入当期损益。

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

9. Financial Instruments (Continued)

(1) Financial Assets (Continued)

(a) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Group's financial instruments held for trading are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, and any changes in their fair values are recognized in the profit or loss account. Dividends and interest income on these financial assets are recognized in the profit or loss account when they are received or when they are due.

Group's financial instruments held for trading are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, and any changes in their fair values are recognized in the profit or loss account. Dividends and interest income on these financial assets are recognized in the profit or loss account when they are received or when they are due.

(b) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

The Group's financial instruments held for trading are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. These financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, and any changes in their fair values are recognized in the other comprehensive income account. Dividends and interest income on these financial assets are recognized in the profit or loss account when they are received or when they are due.

Other financial instruments held for trading are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. These financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, and any changes in their fair values are recognized in the other comprehensive income account. Dividends and interest income on these financial assets are recognized in the profit or loss account when they are received or when they are due.

Group's financial instruments held for trading are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. These financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, and any changes in their fair values are recognized in the other comprehensive income account. Dividends and interest income on these financial assets are recognized in the profit or loss account when they are received or when they are due.

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Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

9. Financial instruments (Continued)

(2) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised when the company has a present obligation to transfer economic benefits. Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current liabilities depending on the maturity date of the liability. A liability is classified as current if it is due within one year, or if it is due after more than one year but is classified as non-current.

Financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current liabilities depending on the maturity date of the liability. A liability is classified as current if it is due within one year, or if it is due after more than one year but is classified as non-current.

Financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current liabilities depending on the maturity date of the liability. A liability is classified as current if it is due within one year, or if it is due after more than one year but is classified as non-current.

Financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current liabilities depending on the maturity date of the liability. A liability is classified as current if it is due within one year, or if it is due after more than one year but is classified as non-current.

Financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current liabilities depending on the maturity date of the liability. A liability is classified as current if it is due within one year, or if it is due after more than one year but is classified as non-current.

(3) Determination of fair value

The fair value of financial instruments is determined using the following methods: (1) For financial instruments that are traded in an active market, the fair value is determined by the closing price of the instrument in the market. (2) For financial instruments that are not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined by using the market price of similar instruments. (3) For financial instruments that are not traded in an active market and for which there is no similar instrument, the fair value is determined by using the present value of the expected future cash flows, discounted at the market interest rate.

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(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are equally authentic)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

9. Financial Instruments (Continued)

(4) Equity Instrument

Any financial instrument that is not classified as a liability or an asset is classified as an equity instrument. The classification is based on the substance of the financial instrument and the issuer's intention.

The issuer's intention is determined by the issuer's intention to issue the financial instrument as an equity instrument or a liability instrument. The issuer's intention is determined by the issuer's intention to issue the financial instrument as an equity instrument or a liability instrument.

The issuer's intention is determined by the issuer's intention to issue the financial instrument as an equity instrument or a liability instrument. The issuer's intention is determined by the issuer's intention to issue the financial instrument as an equity instrument or a liability instrument.

Changes in the classification of a financial instrument are accounted for as follows: If the classification of a financial instrument changes from an equity instrument to a liability instrument, the change is accounted for as a reclassification of equity to liability. If the classification of a financial instrument changes from a liability instrument to an equity instrument, the change is accounted for as a reclassification of liability to equity.

10. Receivables

Receivables are recognized when the company has a right to receive cash or another financial asset. Receivables are measured at the fair value of the consideration expected to be received. Receivables are classified as receivables from customers, receivables from other parties, and receivables from government.

Receivables are classified as receivables from customers, receivables from other parties, and receivables from government. Receivables are classified as receivables from customers, receivables from other parties, and receivables from government.

When the company has a right to receive cash or another financial asset, it recognizes a receivable. When the company has a right to receive cash or another financial asset, it recognizes a receivable. When the company has a right to receive cash or another financial asset, it recognizes a receivable.

The company's policy is to recognize receivables when the company has a right to receive cash or another financial asset. The company's policy is to recognize receivables when the company has a right to receive cash or another financial asset. The company's policy is to recognize receivables when the company has a right to receive cash or another financial asset.

The company's policy is to recognize receivables when the company has a right to receive cash or another financial asset. The company's policy is to recognize receivables when the company has a right to receive cash or another financial asset. The company's policy is to recognize receivables when the company has a right to receive cash or another financial asset.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All monetary amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text is the authoritative version)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

10. Receivables (Continued)

(1) Receivables that are individually significant and impairment provided on an individual basis:

Company's receivables are classified into individually significant receivables and non-individually significant receivables. Individually significant receivables are those receivables that are individually significant in amount or risk.

For individually significant receivables, impairment is assessed on an individual basis. For non-individually significant receivables, impairment is assessed on a collective basis.

In the consolidated financial statements, impairment is assessed on an individual basis for individually significant receivables. For non-individually significant receivables, impairment is assessed on a collective basis. The impairment loss is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the expected cash flows.

An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the receivable exceeds its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated income statement.

(2) Receivable that are individually insignificant but impairment provided on an individual basis:

Company's receivables are classified into individually significant receivables and non-individually significant receivables. Non-individually significant receivables are those receivables that are not individually significant in amount or risk.

For non-individually significant receivables, impairment is assessed on a collective basis. The impairment loss is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the expected cash flows.

When the carrying amount of the receivable exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized. The impairment loss is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated income statement.

An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the receivable exceeds its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated income statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for Reference Only)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

10. Receivables (Continued)

(3) Receivables that are assessed for impairment on a collective group basis:

For the year ended 30 June 2017, the Group has assessed the impairment of receivables on a collective basis. The Group has identified the following factors that may affect the collectability of receivables:

1. The credit rating of the debtor.

2. The industry and economic conditions.

3. The age of the receivables.

4. The historical loss experience.

5. The relationship with the debtor.

6. The legal proceedings.

7. The collateral.

8. The management's judgment.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

10. Receivables (Continued)

(3) Receivables that are assessed for impairment on a collective group basis: (Continued)

Financial assets are grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics and are assessed for impairment on a collective basis.

Ageing	Percentage of total accounts receivable (%)	
	Group 1, 2, 4, 5, 6	Group 3
Within 1 year (inclusive)	5%	0%-5%
1-2 years (inclusive)	30%	30%
Over 2 years	100%	100%

(4) When the Group transfers the accounts receivable to the financial institutions without recourse, the difference between the proceeds received from the transaction and their carrying amounts and the related taxes is recognised in profit or loss for the current period.

11. Inventories

(1) Classification

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the basis of the weighted average method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion, less estimated costs of disposal, less a profit margin.

(2) Cost of inventories

Cost of inventories includes all costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

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财务报表附注 2017 年 30 月 30 日
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are on the same page)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

11. Inventories (Continued)

(3) The underlying factors in the determination of net realisable values of inventories and basis of provision for decline in value of inventories

本公司在资产负债表日对存货按照成本与可变现净值孰低计量。可变现净值是指在日常活动中，存货的估计售价减去至完工时估计将要发生的成本、估计的销售费用以及相关税费后的金额。在确定存货的可变现净值时，以取得的确凿证据为基础，同时考虑持有存货的目的、资产负债表日后事项的影响等因素。对于数量繁多、单价较低的存货，按存货类别计提存货跌价准备；对于金额较大的存货，按单个存货项目计提存货跌价准备。与存货相关的其他综合收益，在存货跌价准备转回时转出，计入当期损益。

At the balance sheet date, inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion, estimated selling expenses and related taxes. When determining the net realisable value of inventories, the Company uses reliable evidence and takes into consideration the holding purpose of the inventories, the impact of subsequent events and other factors. For inventories with large quantities and low unit prices, the Company uses the category method to determine the provision for inventory impairment. For inventories with high amounts, the Company uses the individual item method to determine the provision for inventory impairment. Other comprehensive income related to inventories is transferred to profit or loss when the provision for inventory impairment is reversed.

Any other comprehensive income related to inventories is transferred to profit or loss when the provision for inventory impairment is reversed.

(4) Inventory system

本公司采用永续盘存制。

(5) Amortisation of reusable material including low-value consumables and packaging material

本公司对可重复使用的材料，包括低值易耗品和包装物，在领用时按实际成本计入当期损益。

12. Long-term equity investments

Long-term equity investments are measured at cost. If there is evidence that the investment has been impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount.

Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control. Significant influence is usually presumed if the investor holds 20% or more of the ordinary shares of the investee. The Company uses the equity method to account for long-term equity investments. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted for the investor's share of the investee's profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Dividends received from the investee are recognised as income when received.

Long-term equity investments are measured at cost. If there is evidence that the investment has been impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The Company uses the equity method to account for long-term equity investments. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted for the investor's share of the investee's profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Dividends received from the investee are recognised as income when received.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

12. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

(1) Determination of investment cost

For long-term equity investments acquired through business combinations, the cost of the investment is determined as the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired in the business combination. For long-term equity investments acquired through other methods, the cost of the investment is determined as the aggregate of the purchase price paid and the related transaction costs.

For long-term equity investments acquired through business combinations, the cost of the investment is determined as the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired in the business combination. For long-term equity investments acquired through other methods, the cost of the investment is determined as the aggregate of the purchase price paid and the related transaction costs.

(2) Subsequent measurement

For long-term equity investments, the cost method is used for subsequent measurement. The cost method is used for subsequent measurement of long-term equity investments when the investor has no significant influence over the investee.

For long-term equity investments, the cost method is used for subsequent measurement. The cost method is used for subsequent measurement of long-term equity investments when the investor has no significant influence over the investee. The cost method is used for subsequent measurement of long-term equity investments when the investor has no significant influence over the investee.

For long-term equity investments, the cost method is used for subsequent measurement. The cost method is used for subsequent measurement of long-term equity investments when the investor has no significant influence over the investee. The cost method is used for subsequent measurement of long-term equity investments when the investor has no significant influence over the investee. The cost method is used for subsequent measurement of long-term equity investments when the investor has no significant influence over the investee.

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
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(English Text is for Reference Only)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

12. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

(3) Basis for determining the existence of joint control or significant influence over an investee

Control is determined based on the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the investee. Joint control exists when the investor and other parties have the right to govern the financial and operating policies of the investee jointly.

Significant influence is determined based on the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee. Significant influence exists when the investor has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee.

Significant influence is determined based on the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee. Significant influence exists when the investor has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee.

(4) Method of impairment testing and measuring

The impairment test is performed by comparing the carrying amount of the long-term equity investment with its recoverable amount. If the carrying amount is higher than the recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized.

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties are properties held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Investment properties are revalued to fair value less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses at the end of each reporting period. The difference between the carrying amount and the fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

The Group's investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The Group's investment properties are revalued to fair value less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses at the end of each reporting period. The difference between the carrying amount and the fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

When an investment property is sold, the difference between the carrying amount and the fair value is recognized in profit or loss. When an investment property is sold, the difference between the carrying amount and the fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

Filing Date: 30 Jan 2017
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14. Fixed assets

(1) Recognition

Figure 1. The proposed model for the generation of the g and h parameters. The g parameter is generated by the g generator, which takes the g seed as input. The h parameter is generated by the h generator, which takes the h seed as input. The g and h parameters are then used to generate the g and h parameters for the g and h parameters.

Example 10-15

Wh $\rightarrow$ n $\rightarrow$ m $\rightarrow$ h $\rightarrow$ n $\rightarrow$ l $\rightarrow$ b $\rightarrow$ G $\rightarrow$ n $\rightarrow$ n $\rightarrow$ h $\rightarrow$ h $\rightarrow$ g $\rightarrow$ h

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Figure 1. The first three terms of the asymptotic expansion of the solution of the problem (1)–(3) for $\epsilon = 0.01$ and $\epsilon = 0.001$ are shown. The first term is the solution of the problem (1)–(3) for $\epsilon = 0$. The second term is the solution of the problem (1)–(3) for $\epsilon = 0$ with the boundary conditions (2) replaced by (2'). The third term is the solution of the problem (1)–(3) for $\epsilon = 0$ with the boundary conditions (2) replaced by (2'') and (2''').

(2) Depreciation

[illegible]

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Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
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(English Text and Chinese Text are equally authentic)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

14. Fixed assets (Continued)

(3) For the method of impairment testing and measuring, refer to Note II.20.

(4) Basis for identification of fixed assets held under finance leases and related measurement

For the purpose of identification of fixed assets held under finance leases, the lessee shall identify the leased assets as its own fixed assets if the lease term is substantially equal to the economic life of the leased assets. (Refer to Note II.27(3).)

(5) Disposal

Assets are disposed of when they are sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of. The disposal of fixed assets is recorded when the asset is sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of. The disposal of fixed assets is recorded when the asset is sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of.

15. Construction in progress

Construction in progress is recorded at cost. The cost includes the purchase price of the construction materials, the cost of labor, and the cost of other resources consumed in the construction process. (Refer to Note II.16). The cost of construction in progress is recorded when the construction is completed.

Assets are disposed of when they are sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of. The disposal of fixed assets is recorded when the asset is sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of. The disposal of fixed assets is recorded when the asset is sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of.

16. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recorded at the amount of the borrowing. The borrowing costs are recorded when the borrowing is completed.

The borrowing costs are recorded when the borrowing is completed. The borrowing costs are recorded when the borrowing is completed.

The borrowing costs are recorded when the borrowing is completed. The borrowing costs are recorded when the borrowing is completed.

When the borrowing costs are recorded, the borrowing costs are recorded when the borrowing is completed. The borrowing costs are recorded when the borrowing is completed.

When the borrowing costs are recorded, the borrowing costs are recorded when the borrowing is completed. The borrowing costs are recorded when the borrowing is completed.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for reference only)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

17.

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Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

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(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

18. Goodwill

Goodwill is the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if there are indications of impairment. Goodwill is measured as the difference between the cost of an acquisition and the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired.

Goodwill is measured as the difference between the cost of an acquisition and the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired. Goodwill is measured as the difference between the cost of an acquisition and the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired. Goodwill is measured as the difference between the cost of an acquisition and the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired.

19. Long-term prepaid expenses

Long-term prepaid expenses are those prepaid expenses that are expected to be amortised over a period longer than one year.

The amortisation period is determined as follows:

Item	Amortisation period (years)
Land use rights	2-10
Other	3-5

20. Impairment of long-term assets

For long-term assets, impairment is determined by comparing the carrying amount of the asset with its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the maximum of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is impaired and the impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss account. Impairment losses are reversed if the asset's value increases and the reversal is limited to the impairment loss previously recognised. Impairment losses are reversed if the asset's value increases and the reversal is limited to the impairment loss previously recognised.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if there are indications of impairment. Goodwill is measured as the difference between the cost of an acquisition and the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired. Goodwill is measured as the difference between the cost of an acquisition and the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired. Goodwill is measured as the difference between the cost of an acquisition and the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired.

On 30 June 2017, the carrying amount of goodwill was RMB1,234,567,000.

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

21. Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

At the reporting date, the company has no provisions for contingencies. The company has no contingent liabilities.

The company has no contingent liabilities.

Provisions for contingencies are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

In addition, the company has no provisions for contingencies. The company has no contingent liabilities.

22. Share-based payments

(1) Classification

Share-based payments are classified as equity-settled or cash-settled share-based payments.

(2) Method to determine the fair value of equity instruments

The fair value of equity instruments is determined by the company using the Black-Scholes model. The company has no equity instruments outstanding.

(3) Basis of the best estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest

The company has no equity instruments outstanding. The company has no equity instruments expected to vest.

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(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
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II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

23. Revenue recognition (Continued)

(1) Sale of goods (Continued)

The Group's revenue is derived from the sale of goods. Revenue is recognized when the Group has transferred the control of the goods to the customer, and the amount of revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Group's revenue is recognized when the following conditions are met:

The Group has transferred the control of the goods to the customer, and the amount of revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Group's revenue is recognized when the following conditions are met:

The Group has transferred the control of the goods to the customer, and the amount of revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Group's revenue is recognized when the following conditions are met:

(2) Revenue from construction contracts

When the Group enters into a construction contract, it shall determine whether the contract is a fixed-price contract or a cost-plus contract. The Group's revenue is recognized when the following conditions are met:

The Group has transferred the control of the goods to the customer, and the amount of revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Group's revenue is recognized when the following conditions are met:

When the Group enters into a construction contract, it shall determine whether the contract is a fixed-price contract or a cost-plus contract. The Group's revenue is recognized when the following conditions are met:

(a) The Group has transferred the control of the goods to the customer, and the amount of revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Group's revenue is recognized when the following conditions are met:

(b) The Group has transferred the control of the goods to the customer, and the amount of revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Group's revenue is recognized when the following conditions are met:

Costs incurred by the Group in the construction contract shall be recognized as an expense when the following conditions are met:

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Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017
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(English Text is the authoritative version)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

23. Revenue recognition (Continued)

(2) Revenue from construction contracts (Continued)

Construction contracts are accounted for using the percentage of completion method. The percentage of completion is determined by the ratio of the contract costs incurred to date to the total contract costs. The contract revenue is recognized in the period when the contract is completed. If the contract is not completed by the end of the reporting period, the contract revenue is not recognized.

(1) If the contract is completed by the end of the reporting period, the contract revenue is recognized in the period when the contract is completed.

(2) If the contract is not completed by the end of the reporting period, the contract revenue is not recognized.

Contract revenue is recognized in the period when the contract is completed. If the contract is not completed by the end of the reporting period, the contract revenue is not recognized. The contract revenue is recognized in the period when the contract is completed. If the contract is not completed by the end of the reporting period, the contract revenue is not recognized.

(3) Rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognized in the period when the service is rendered. If the service is not rendered by the end of the reporting period, the revenue is not recognized.

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

24. Employee benefits

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(1) short-term wages

[illegible]

(2) pension benefits

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 Dingding, Gao, and Huo

[illegible]

(3) Enterprise annuities plan

[illegible]

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Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

25. Government grants

Government grants are recognized when the entity can reasonably be assured that the grant will be received and that the entity will comply with the conditions attached to the grant. Government grants are recognized in the profit or loss account when the grant is received.

Government grants related to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are recognized as deferred income when the grant is received. The deferred income is amortized over the useful life of the property, plant and equipment. Government grants related to the purchase of intangible assets are recognized as deferred income when the grant is received. The deferred income is amortized over the useful life of the intangible assets.

Government grants related to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are recognized as deferred income when the grant is received. The deferred income is amortized over the useful life of the property, plant and equipment. Government grants related to the purchase of intangible assets are recognized as deferred income when the grant is received. The deferred income is amortized over the useful life of the intangible assets.

Government grants related to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are recognized as deferred income when the grant is received. The deferred income is amortized over the useful life of the property, plant and equipment. Government grants related to the purchase of intangible assets are recognized as deferred income when the grant is received. The deferred income is amortized over the useful life of the intangible assets.

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II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

26. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities (Continued)

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset or liability is realized or settled. The Company assesses the likelihood that it will be able to realize the benefits of its deferred tax assets. If the Company determines that it is probable that it will be able to realize the benefits of its deferred tax assets, it will recognize a deferred tax asset. If the Company determines that it is not probable that it will be able to realize the benefits of its deferred tax assets, it will not recognize a deferred tax asset. The Company will recognize a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences, unless it is probable that no taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized.

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset or liability is realized or settled. The Company assesses the likelihood that it will be able to realize the benefits of its deferred tax assets. If the Company determines that it is probable that it will be able to realize the benefits of its deferred tax assets, it will recognize a deferred tax asset. If the Company determines that it is not probable that it will be able to realize the benefits of its deferred tax assets, it will not recognize a deferred tax asset. The Company will recognize a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences, unless it is probable that no taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences, unless it is probable that no taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized.

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset or liability is realized or settled. The Company assesses the likelihood that it will be able to realize the benefits of its deferred tax assets. If the Company determines that it is probable that it will be able to realize the benefits of its deferred tax assets, it will recognize a deferred tax asset. If the Company determines that it is not probable that it will be able to realize the benefits of its deferred tax assets, it will not recognize a deferred tax asset. The Company will recognize a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences, unless it is probable that no taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized.

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27. Operating and finance leases

At the inception of a lease, the Company determines whether the lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. The Company recognizes a finance lease as an asset and a liability at the inception of the lease. The Company recognizes an operating lease as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

(1) Assets acquired under operating leases

At the inception of a lease, the Company determines whether the lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. The Company recognizes a finance lease as an asset and a liability at the inception of the lease. The Company recognizes an operating lease as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

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27. Operating and finance leases (Continued)

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

27. Operating and finance leases (Continued)

(4) Assets leased out under finance leases

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's gross assets leased out under finance leases amounted to RMB1,000,000,000. The Group's gross assets leased out under finance leases are classified as "Leased assets" in the consolidated balance sheet. The Group's gross assets leased out under finance leases are classified as "Leased assets" in the consolidated balance sheet.

The Group's gross assets leased out under finance leases are classified as "Leased assets" in the consolidated balance sheet. The Group's gross assets leased out under finance leases are classified as "Leased assets" in the consolidated balance sheet. The Group's gross assets leased out under finance leases are classified as "Leased assets" in the consolidated balance sheet.

28. Assets held for sale and discontinued operation

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's assets held for sale amounted to RMB1,000,000,000. The Group's assets held for sale are classified as "Assets held for sale" in the consolidated balance sheet. The Group's assets held for sale are classified as "Assets held for sale" in the consolidated balance sheet.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

(All monetary amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text is authoritative only)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

29. Hedge accounting

The Group's hedge accounting policy is based on the principle of substance over form. The Group will assess the economic substance of the hedging relationship and determine whether it meets the criteria for hedge accounting.

The Group's hedge accounting policy is based on the principle of substance over form. The Group will assess the economic substance of the hedging relationship and determine whether it meets the criteria for hedge accounting.

As the Group's hedge accounting policy is based on the principle of substance over form, the Group will assess the economic substance of the hedging relationship and determine whether it meets the criteria for hedge accounting.

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Cash flow hedges

The Group's cash flow hedge accounting policy is based on the principle of substance over form. The Group will assess the economic substance of the hedging relationship and determine whether it meets the criteria for cash flow hedge accounting.

The Group's cash flow hedge accounting policy is based on the principle of substance over form. The Group will assess the economic substance of the hedging relationship and determine whether it meets the criteria for cash flow hedge accounting.

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The Group's cash flow hedge accounting policy is based on the principle of substance over form. The Group will assess the economic substance of the hedging relationship and determine whether it meets the criteria for cash flow hedge accounting.

(All in million RMB'000)

(English Text - in Roman Onl)

29. Hedge accounting (Continued)

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C'est un grand bâtiment en bois à l'arrière du jardin.

D. $n \times n$ matrix A is invertible if and only if $\det(A) \neq 0$. In this case, the inverse of A is given by $A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det(A)} \text{adj}(A)$, where $\text{adj}(A)$ is the adjugate matrix of A . The adjugate matrix is the transpose of the cofactor matrix, where the cofactor C_{ij} is defined as $C_{ij} = (-1)^{i+j} \det(M_{ji})$, and M_{ji} is the minor matrix obtained by deleting the j -th row and i -th column of A .

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Filing Date: 07/19/2017
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(English Translation Only)

31. Related parties (Continued)

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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For the period ended 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is the authoritative version)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

32. Segment reporting

Our management has identified the following segments for reporting purposes:

Notes to the Financial Statements

附註 1 至 12 30 日止年度 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are on the same line)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

34. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Group has identified the following critical accounting estimates and judgements that have a significant impact on the financial statements:

The Group has identified the following critical accounting estimates and judgements that have a significant impact on the financial statements:

The Group has identified the following critical accounting estimates and judgements that have a significant impact on the financial statements:

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

34. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(3) Impairment of long-term assets

At the end of the year, the Company assesses the carrying amount of long-term assets to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If there is any indication of impairment, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the long-term assets. The recoverable amount is the maximum of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use of the long-term assets. The fair value less costs of disposal is the amount that the Company could receive for the long-term assets, less the costs of disposal. The value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the long-term assets.

The Company uses the following methods to estimate the recoverable amount of long-term assets. For long-term assets that are not cash-generating units, the Company estimates the fair value less costs of disposal of the long-term assets. For long-term assets that are cash-generating units, the Company estimates the value in use of the long-term assets. The value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the long-term assets. The Company uses the following methods to estimate the value in use of long-term assets. The Company estimates the future cash flows expected to be derived from the long-term assets. The Company then discounts the future cash flows at the discount rate to estimate the value in use of the long-term assets.

The Company uses the following methods to estimate the fair value less costs of disposal of long-term assets. The Company estimates the fair value of the long-term assets. The Company then subtracts the costs of disposal from the fair value to estimate the fair value less costs of disposal of the long-term assets.

The Company uses the following methods to estimate the fair value of long-term assets. The Company estimates the fair value of the long-term assets. The Company then subtracts the costs of disposal from the fair value to estimate the fair value less costs of disposal of the long-term assets.

The Company uses the following methods to estimate the fair value of long-term assets. The Company estimates the fair value of the long-term assets. The Company then subtracts the costs of disposal from the fair value to estimate the fair value less costs of disposal of the long-term assets.

(4) Depreciation and amortisation of assets such as fixed assets and intangible assets

At the end of the year, the Company assesses the carrying amount of fixed assets and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If there is any indication of impairment, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the fixed assets and intangible assets. The recoverable amount is the maximum of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use of the fixed assets and intangible assets. The fair value less costs of disposal is the amount that the Company could receive for the fixed assets and intangible assets, less the costs of disposal. The value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the fixed assets and intangible assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for Reference Only)

II.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

III. TAXATION

1. Main taxes categories and rates

Types of tax	Tax basis	Tax rate
Value added tax (VAT) ()	The VAT is levied on the value added in the taxable transactions, goods or services, and the VAT is calculated on the VAT base. The VAT is levied on the VAT base at the rate of 17%.	17%

Notes to the Financial Statements

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财务报表附注 2017年12月31日
(All numbers in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for Reference Only)

III. TAXATION (CONTINUED)

2. Preferential tax treatments

本公司根据企业所得税法及实施条例的规定，对符合规定的企业，按照15%的税率缴纳企业所得税。

	Name of enterprises	Local statutory tax rate	Preferential rate	Reasons
1	Ningbo CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
2	Xinhai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
3	Yonghai Rongxing Logistics Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
4	Yonghai Tonghai Rongxing Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
5	Hainan CIMC Building Materials Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
6	Dalian CIMC Logistics Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
7	Shanghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
8	Yonghai CIMC Tonghai Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
9	Zhuhai CIMC Hainan Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
10	Wuhan CIMC Rongxing Aier Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
11	Linghai CIMC Linghai Aier Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
12	Zhuhai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.
13	Erhai (Guangdong) CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the company is entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15%.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2017

(All figures in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

III. TAXATION (CONTINUED)

2. Preferential tax treatments (Continued)

	Name of enterprises	Local statutory tax rate	Preferential rate	Reasons
14	Shanghai Engineering Group Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, the company is a high-tech enterprise established in 2014 and has been recognized as a high-tech enterprise for 15% preferential rate.
15	Engineering (Group) Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, the company is a high-tech enterprise established in 2015 and has been recognized as a high-tech enterprise for 15% preferential rate.
16	Jingnan Hongsheng Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, the company is a high-tech enterprise established in 2015 and has been recognized as a high-tech enterprise for 15% preferential rate.
17	Ningbo CIMCT Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, the company is a high-tech enterprise established in 2015 and has been recognized as a high-tech enterprise for 15% preferential rate.
18	Liaoning CIMC Heavy Engineering Group Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, the company is a high-tech enterprise established in 2015 and has been recognized as a high-tech enterprise for 15% preferential rate.
19	Ningbo CIMC Engineering Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, the company is a high-tech enterprise established in 2014 and has been recognized as a high-tech enterprise for 15% preferential rate.
20	Zhejiang Hailong Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, the company is a high-tech enterprise established in 2016 and has been recognized as a high-tech enterprise for 15% preferential rate.
21	Shanghai CIMC T & A Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, the company is a high-tech enterprise established in 2014 and has been recognized as a high-tech enterprise for 15% preferential rate.
22	Xinsheng Engineering Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, the company is a high-tech enterprise established in 2015 and has been recognized as a high-tech enterprise for 15% preferential rate.
23	Shanghai CIMC T & A Engineering Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, the company is a high-tech enterprise established in 2016 and has been recognized as a high-tech enterprise for 15% preferential rate.
24	Shanghai CIMC International Engineering Co., Ltd.	25%	15%	According to the relevant provisions of the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, the company is a high-tech enterprise established in 2014 and has been recognized as a high-tech enterprise for 15% preferential rate.

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财务报表附注 截至 2017 年 6 月 30 日止
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is Primary and Chinese Text is Secondary)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

本集团按照财政部颁布的《企业会计准则》及《企业会计准则应用指南》编制财务报表。

1. Cash at bank and on hand

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Cash at hand	155,947	157,493
Bank deposits	5,171,582	5,711,162
Other cash equivalents	409,573	457,343
Total	5,737,102	6,325,998
Impairment loss	2,516,745	1,938,284

截至 2017 年 6 月 30 日，本集团持有的现金及银行存款余额为人民币 5,737,102,000 元（2016 年 12 月 31 日：人民币 6,325,998,000 元）。本集团持有的现金及银行存款余额中，人民币 2,516,745,000 元（2016 年 12 月 31 日：人民币 1,938,284,000 元）为受限资金。

截至 2017 年 6 月 30 日，本集团持有的现金及银行存款余额中，人民币 409,573,000 元（2016 年 12 月 31 日：人民币 457,343,000 元）为其他货币资金。本集团持有的其他货币资金中，人民币 404,982,000 元（2016 年 12 月 31 日：人民币 504,795,000 元）为银行承兑汇票保证金。本集团持有的其他货币资金中，人民币 4,591,000 元（2016 年 12 月 31 日：人民币 17,000 元）为信用证保证金。

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 June 2017

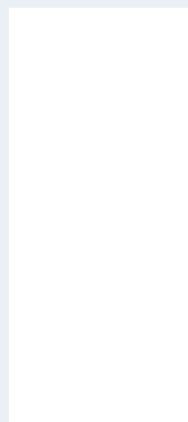
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text is the Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

(1) Classification



Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ended 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are on the same page)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

(3) The equity instruments held for trading are securities listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and Singapore Exchange Limited, the fair value of securities is determined at the closing price of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, Shanghai Stock Exchange and Singapore Exchange Limited on the last trading day of the period.

(4) Forward foreign exchange contracts

As at 30 June 2017, the Group has entered into forward foreign exchange contracts in US Dollars, Japanese Yen, German Marks and British Pounds. The forward foreign exchange contracts are entered into for the purpose of hedging the foreign exchange risk of the Group's foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

(5) Currency swap contracts

As at 30 June 2017, the Group has entered into currency swap contracts in US Dollars and Yen (RMB). The currency swap contracts are entered into for the purpose of hedging the foreign exchange risk of the Group's foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities. The USD15,000,000 is RMB52,847,000. The

(6) Interest swap contracts

As at 30 June 2017, the Group has entered into interest swap contracts in US Dollars, the

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All monetary amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text is the authoritative version)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Notes receivable

(1) Classification of Notes receivable

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Bank deposits and cash		

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for Reference Only)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Accounts receivable

(1) Accounts receivable analysed by customer categories is as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Construction	6,265,003	2,540,433
Transportation	3,278,726	2,396,644
Engineering	3,304,160	3,220,025
Other	587,228	244,655
Accounts receivable	966,932	1,255,195
Long-term receivables	1,160,930	1,159,172
Others	802,413	769,250
Others	652,359	569,937
Sub-total	17,017,751	12,155,311
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(646,733)	(629,236)
Total	16,371,018	11,526,075

(2) The ageing analysis of account receivables is as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Within 1 year	15,142,027	10,329,997
1-2 years	1,029,918	989,469
2-3 years	532,145	548,922
Over 3 years	313,661	286,923
Sub-total	17,017,751	12,155,311
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(646,733)	(629,236)
Total	16,371,018	11,526,075

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the Group has no receivables that are overdue for more than 1 year.

The ageing analysis of receivables is as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for Reference Only)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Accounts receivable (Continued)

- (4) As at 30 June 2017, accounts receivable with amounts that are individually significant and that the related provision for doubtful debts is set aside on the individual basis:

	Book balance	Provision for doubtful debts	Ratio(%)	Reason
China Merchants Bank	1,386,730	51,251	3.70%	
Tencent	737,225	51,706	7.01%	
Bank of China & F&E	385,942	22,020	5.71%	Provision for doubtful debts
China Merchants Bank	432,394	18,017	4.17%	Provision for doubtful debts
Other	569,783	125	0.02%	Provision for doubtful debts
Alibaba	282,847	4,661	1.65%	
Longmen	121,724	2,731	2.24%	
Other	120,209	579	0.48%	
Total	4,036,854	151,090	3.74%	

- (5) As at 30 June 2017, accounts receivable with amounts that are not individually significant but that the related provision for doubtful debts is set aside on the individual basis:

	Book balance	Provision for doubtful debts	Ratio(%)	Reason
China Merchants Bank	68,505	5,294	7.73%	
Tencent	285,271	49,105	17.21%	Provision for doubtful debts
Other	17,445	2,250	12.90%	Provision for doubtful debts
Longmen	28,999	1,087	3.75%	Provision for doubtful debts
Alibaba	6,928	590	8.52%	Provision for doubtful debts
Other	80,423	4,912	6.11%	
Total	487,571	63,238	12.97%	

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Accounts receivable (Continued)

(6) The aging analysis of provision for doubtful debts collectively assessed:

	30 June 2017			31 December 2016		
	Book balance Amount	Provision for doubtful debts Amount	Ratio (%)	Book balance Amount	Provision for doubtful debts Amount	Ratio (%)
Within 1 year	11,361,722	103,698	0.91%	7,386,617	77,585	1.05%
1 - 2 years	575,783	28,053	4.87%	604,679	59,829	9.89%
2 - 3 years	330,333	189,392	57.33%	368,380	151,792	41.21%
Over 3 years	225,488	111,262	49.34%	208,653	134,284	

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements as at 30 June 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are on the same line)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Accounts receivable (Continued)

(10) Accounts receivable from related parties:

As at 30 June 2017, the Group's accounts receivable from related parties were RMB218,804,000 (31 December 2016: 254,396,000), of which 1.29% (31 December 2016: 2.09%) were impaired.

Chinese Name	English Name	30 June 2017			31 December 2016		
		Amount	Ratio (%)	Provision for doubtful debts	Amount	Ratio (%)	Provision for doubtful debts
Ningbo Chongrong New Material Co., Ltd.	Ningbo Chongrong New Material Co., Ltd.	75,420	0.44%	-	78,389	0.64%	-
Shanghai D.A. Chemicals Co., Ltd.	Shanghai D.A. Chemicals Co., Ltd.	60,476	0.36%	-	27,987	0.23%	-
Fluorochemicals Ltd. (FML)	Fluorochemicals Ltd. (FML)	38,523	0.23%	-	7,311	0.06%	-
Fluorochemicals Ltd.	Fluorochemicals Ltd.	12,419	0.07%	-	-	0.00%	-
Gaoxin Chemicals Co., Ltd. (Gaoxin)	Gaoxin Chemicals Co., Ltd. (Gaoxin)	8,142	0.05%	-	8,183	0.07%	-
SUMITOMO CORPORATION	SUMITOMO CORPORATION	7,631	0.04%	-	56,538	0.46%	-
NYK Line	NYK Line	4,473	0.03%	-	5,795	0.05%	-
Chongqing Heli Chemicals Co., Ltd.	Chongqing Heli Chemicals Co., Ltd.	4,180	0.02%	-	-	0.00%	-
Dongfang Chemicals Co., Ltd. (Dongfang Chemicals)	Dongfang Chemicals Co., Ltd. (Dongfang Chemicals)	1,879	0.01%	-	27,650	0.23%	-
Gaoxin Chemicals Co., Ltd.	Gaoxin Chemicals Co., Ltd.	1,709	0.01%	-	1,610	0.01%	-
Xinhai W.	Xinhai W.	1,154	0.01%	-	1,154	0.01%	-
Others	Others	2,798	0.02%	-	39,779	0.33%	-
Total	Total	218,804	1.29%	-	254,396	2.09%	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Accounts receivable (Continued)

(11) Accounts receivable derecognised due to transfer of financial assets

As at 30 June 2017, the Group has no accounts receivable transferred to special purpose vehicles (SPVs) for sale (31 December 2016: Nil).

(12) Amount of assets and liabilities recognised due to the continuing involvement of securities accounts receivable

The Group has no continuing involvement in accounts receivable transferred to SPVs as at 30 June 2017 or 31 December 2016.

(13) As at 30 June 2017, the Group has no restricted accounts receivable (31 December 2016: Nil).

5. Other receivables

(1) Other receivables analysed by categories are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Prepaid expenses, interest receivable and other receivables	550,077	873,585
Prepaid expenses, interest receivable and other receivables	4,265,196	4,020,057
Accounts receivable transferred to SPVs ()	1,658,985	1,658,985
Liabilities ()	473,022	1,011,616
Accounts receivable transferred to SPVs ()	1,020,166	999,926
Prepaid expenses, interest receivable and other receivables	28,613	572,258
Prepaid expenses, interest receivable and other receivables	823,600	663,995
Trade receivables, interest receivable	234,831	167,099
Other receivables	900,111	960,805
Sub-total	9,954,601	10,928,326
Less: Accounts receivable transferred to SPVs	(1,710,625)	(1,580,439)
Total	8,243,976	9,347,887

(All in RMB'000)
 (English Text - Page Onl)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. Other receivables (Continued)

(1) Other receivables analysed by categories are as follows: (Continued)

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n... S... O... & Eng... ng... C... L... (SOE... C... n... SOE...
n... F... n... B... SOE...
ng... 2016, Er... n... B... Ag... EIHL...
n... 178,634,000. On... C... SOE...
n... F... SOE... 482,052,000 n... g...
n... 1,000,000,000... SOE...

D. 2016, 1,000,000,000 SOE 31 2017, 1,480,351,000, SOE 178,634,000 n 1,184,281,000 SOE 1,362,915,000 31 2016.

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(2) Aging analysis of other receivables is as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 March 2016
Winnings (in £m)	9,174,370	9,667,565
1.2% (in £m)	558,934	999,143
2.3% (in £m)	31,344	95,819
Q3	189,953	165,799
Sales (in £m)	9,954,601	10,928,326
Net income (in £m)	(1,710,625)	(1,580,439)
Total	8,243,976	9,347,887

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30. Ja 2017 n. 31. Ja 2016, G. h. n. m. l. b. n. m. l. n. (31. Ja 2016: N. I).

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All monetary figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. Other receivables (Continued)

(3) Other receivables analysed by categories are as follows:

Notes	30 June 2017				31 March 2016			
	Book balance		Provision for doubtful debts		Book balance		Provision for doubtful debts	
	Amount	% of total balance	Amount	Ratio (%)	Amount	% of total balance	Amount	Ratio (%)
Other receivables, including receivables from related parties, and other receivables (4)	8,234,184	82.72%	1,604,552	19.49%	9,379,989	85.83%	1,503,143	16.02%
Other receivables, including receivables from related parties, and other receivables	1,720,417	17.28%	106,073		106,073			

Feb 1 Jan 30 Jan 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text - Non-Resident Only)

5. Other receivables (Continued)

Qibla Bank Ltd. BMB6 579 000 (FY 2016)

N I).

(7) As at 30 June 2017, the five largest balances of other receivables are analysed as follows, accumulated by arrearage parties:

	Notes	Nature	Book balance	Aging	% of total balance	Provision for doubtful debts
Taijin Liancheng Engineering Limited (Taijin Liancheng)	()	Other receivables	3,575,000	1 year	35.91%	-
Shanghai Ocean & Engineering Co., Ltd. (SOE)		Accounts receivable	1,658,985	1 year	16.67%	1,468,464
Zhejiang CIMC Engineering Research & Design Co., Ltd. (Zhejiang CIMC Engineering Research & Design)	()	Other receivables	503,568	1-3 years	5.06%	-
Chengyang Engineering Construction Limited		Bank deposits	299,950	1 year	3.01%	-
Jiangsu Engineering Construction Limited		Bank deposits	152,100	1 year	1.53%	-
Total			6,189,603		62.18%	1,468,464

(c) Năm -23 của năm 2016, Q nh CIMC và Q nh (Shanghai) C., L... /Q nh và G... n T njn YngW ng n h... n... ng L... /T njn YngW ng). G... n T njn B... W... .
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-l... n... g... n... t... T njn B... W... l... n... n...
g... l... n... H... 4.9853%. n... 2017 -2019 h... ll... 2018. A... n...
g... n... b... -l... m... 487,632,000 ...

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Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All monetary amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. Other receivables (Continued)

- (8) Other receivables from shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company are analysed as follows:

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 June 2016, the company has other receivables from shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company as follows:

- (9) As at 30 June 2017, other receivables from related parties are analysed as follows:

Name of related party	Relationship	30 June 2017				31 June 2016			
		Amount	Nature	% of total balance	Provision for doubtful debts	Amount	Nature	% of total balance	Provision for doubtful debts
RNYR International Container Station Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	503,568	Funding	5.06%	-	824,391	Funding	7.54%	-
China International Marine Containers (Group) Co., Ltd.	Parent company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English text and Chinese text are equally authentic)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6. Prepaid expenses (Continued)

(2) Aging analysis of prepaid expenses is as follows:

	30 June 2017		31 December 2016	
	Amount	% of total balance	Amount	% of total balance
Within 1 year (1 year or less)	1,562,745	59.50%	1,201,088	50.19%
1-2 years (1 year or less)	164,197	6.25%	285,595	11.94%
2-3 years (1 year or less)	272,648	10.38%	619,004	25.87%
Over 3 years	627,072	23.87%	287,262	12.00%
Sub-total	2,626,662	100.00%	2,392,949	100.00%
Less: impairment loss	(233,632)	8.89%	(226,967)	9.48%
Total	2,393,030	91.11%	2,165,982	90.52%

The aging analysis of prepaid expenses is as follows:

Other than the aging analysis, the prepaid expenses are analysed as follows: As at 30 June 2017, the five largest balances of prepaid expenses are analysed as follows, accumulated by arrearage parties:

(3) As at 30 June 2017, the five largest balances of prepaid expenses are analysed as follows, accumulated by arrearage parties:

	Amount	% of total balance
Sub-total	968,260	36.86%

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6. Prepaid expenses (Continued)

- (4) The condition of the companies whose shareholders hold 5% (including 5%) or more of the voting shares of the Company in the prepayments at the end of the year

Feb 1 Jan 30 Jan 2017

(All in million RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Translation - Online)

7. Inventories

(1) Inventories are summarised by categories as follows:

	30 June 2017			31 March 2016		
	Provision for decline in			Provision for decline in		
	Book	the value of	Net book	Book	the value of	Net book
	balance	inventories	Value	balance	inventories	Value
Raw materials	3,705,526	(168,780)	3,536,746	3,252,604	(163,944)	3,088,660
Work in progress	2,569,392	(27,821)	2,541,571	2,223,924	(27,978)	2,195,946
Finished goods	4,109,445	(112,544)	3,996,901	3,713,285	(125,107)	3,588,178
Contract goods	212,003	(242)	211,761	113,302	(242)	113,060
Spares	184,079	(4,655)	179,424	213,712	(1,538)	212,174
Low value items	40,055	(76)	39,979	35,951	(72)	35,879
Minor items	30,731	-	30,731	26,870	-	26,870
				10,987,036	(399,727)	10,587,309

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. Inventories (Continued)

(2) Analysis of book balance movement of inventories for the period is as follows:

	31 December 2016	January 2017	February 2017	30 June 2017
Raw materials	3,252,604	22,385,554	(21,932,632)	3,705,526
Work in progress	2,223,924	17,436,459	(17,090,991)	2,569,392
Finished goods	3,713,285	28,817,225	(28,421,065)	4,109,445
Consignment inventory	113,302	1,299,933	(1,201,232)	212,003
Stores	213,712	301,210	(330,843)	184,079
Low value inventory	35,951	136,378	(132,274)	40,055
Materials in transit	22,887	50,168	(42,324)	30,731
Contract work in progress	852,395	406,123	(456,808)	801,710
Prepaid expenses	1,400,761	240,987	(216,151)	1,425,597
Other non-current assets	4,658,377	86,687	(26,097)	4,718,967
Amounts due from related parties	1,241,321	4,110,882	(4,498,598)	853,605
Total	17,728,519	75,271,606	(74,349,015)	18,651,110

(3) Provision for decline in the value of inventories are as follows:

Category	31 December 2016	January 2017	February 2017	March 2017	April 2017	30 June 2017
Raw materials	163,944	40,938	(39,065)	(993)	3,956	168,780
Work in progress	27,978	431	(1,575)	(435)	1,422	27,821
Finished goods	125,107	38,387	(41,076)	(10,509)	635	112,544
Consignment inventory	242	-	-	-	-	242
Stores	1,538	-	(1,565)	(4,458)	9,140	4,655
Low value inventory	72	4	-	-	-	76
Other non-current assets	123	-	-	-	(2)	121
Amounts due from related parties	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	319,004	79,760	(83,281)	(16,395)	15,151	314,239

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Financial statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English text is for reference only)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. Inventories (Continued)

(3) Provision for decline in the value of inventories are as follows: (Continued)

()	The provision for decline in the value of inventories is calculated as follows:
	Beginning balance
	Wrote down
	Wrote up

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text is the Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

8. Assets classified as available for sale

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000)
(English Text Only)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Current portion of non-current assets (Continued)

As at 30 June 2017, the balance of long-term assets is as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10. Other current assets

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Trade receivables / Prepaid	704,034	656,847
Others	15,142	45,631
Total	719,176	702,478

11. Available-for-sale financial assets

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Available-for-sale financial assets		
At cost	1,761	2,441
Fair value	20,000	-
Balance	31,086	30,803
Available-for-sale financial assets		
At cost	411,970	412,240
Others	10	307
Total	(3,065)	(3,065)
	461,762	442,726

- (1) Because the equity investments of these companies have no quoted price in active market and their fair value cannot be reliably measured, such investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial statements for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for Reference Only)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

11. Available-for-sale financial assets (Continued)

(2) Detailed information of the available-for-sale financial assets:

		30 June 2017	31 December 2016
A. Investment in equity instruments			
- F		1,761	2,441
- Investment in equity instruments		4,582	4,582

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ended 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are on the same line)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

12. Long-term receivables

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Financial receivables, net	21,106,913	21,814,831
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(7,601,148)	(8,593,181)
Financial receivables, net	13,505,765	13,221,650
Subsidiary guarantee receivables	235,898	325,592
Other receivables	210,113	158,052
Sub-total	13,951,776	13,705,294
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(452,449)	(485,052)
Total	13,499,327	13,220,242

As at 30 June 2017, the consolidated long-term receivables are mainly composed of financial receivables, which are accounted for 5% (2016: 5%) of the consolidated long-term receivables. (31 December 2016: Nil)

The consolidated long-term receivables are mainly composed of financial receivables, which are accounted for 5% (2016: 5%) of the consolidated long-term receivables. (31 December 2016: Nil)

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Minimum receivables		
Within 1 year (in %)	5,677,533	5,467,492
1 to 2 years (in %)	3,746,417	3,608,636
2 to 3 years (in %)	2,543,013	2,261,810
Over 3 years	14,817,483	15,944,385
Sub-total	26,784,446	27,282,323
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(8,780,233)	(9,845,686)
Total	18,004,213	17,436,637

As at 30 June 2017, the consolidated long-term receivables are mainly composed of minimum receivables, which are accounted for 5% (2016: 5%) of the consolidated long-term receivables. (31 December 2016: Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text is the Original)

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text Only)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

13. Long-term equity investments

(1) Classification of long-term equity investments:

		30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Jointly controlled entities	(2)	512,490	500,501
Associates	(3)	1,736,940	1,661,718
		2,249,430	2,162,219
Less: impairment losses		(2)	(2)
Total		2,249,428	2,162,217

The above long-term equity investments are accounted for using the equity method.

Notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting standards for financial statements issued by the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

13. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

(2) Long-term equity investments in joint ventures:

	31 December 2016	Share in joint ventures	Share in joint ventures	Share in joint ventures	Share in joint ventures	Share in joint ventures	Share in joint ventures	30 June 2017	Share in joint ventures
Long-term equity investments in joint ventures									
Shanghai CIMCL Logistics Co., Ltd.	36,294	-	3,345	-	-	-	-	39,639	-
Shanghai (Shanghai) Logistics Co., Ltd.	2,171	-	(295)	-	-	-	-	1,876	-
Shanghai Shiping Logistics Co., Ltd.	11,340	-	-	-	-	-	(338)	11,002	-
NYK Zhenhai Logistics (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	75,432	-	823	-	-	(4,753)	-	71,502	-
Kunming Zhenhai Logistics (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	22,330	-	1,417	-	-	-	-	23,747	-
Qingdao Zhenhai Logistics Co., Ltd.	14,531	-	1,476	-	-	-	(433)	15,574	-
Dalian Zhenhai Logistics Co., Ltd.	5,678	-	397	-	-	(1,000)	(169)	4,906	-
Shanghai Biji Logistics Co., Ltd.	23,888	-	2,045	-	-	-	(711)	25,222	-
Tianjin Biji Logistics Co., Ltd.	7,933	-	1,087	-	-	-	(236)	8,784	-
Y&C Engineering Co., Ltd.	195,777	-	6,149	-	-	-	-	201,926	-
Shanghai CIMC Marine Co., Ltd.	1,630	-	(1,015)	-	-	-	-	615	-
Ningbo Zhenhai Logistics Co., Ltd.									
Asiatic Zhenhai Logistics Co., Ltd.									
Pacific Zhenhai Logistics Co., Ltd.	50,100	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	53,100	-
Hong Kong Zhenhai Logistics Co., Ltd.									
Ming Zhenhai Logistics Co., Ltd.	20,100	1,200	-	-	-	-	-	21,300	-
Hong Kong Zhenhai Logistics Co., Ltd.	33,287	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,287	-
Hong Kong Zhenhai Logistics Co., Ltd.	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
Total	500,501	4,200	15,429	-	-	(5,753)	(1,887)	512,490	-

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
 (All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
 (English Text Only)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

13. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

(3) Long-term equity investments in associates:

Movement in long-term equity investments										
	31 December 2016	Balance at 1 January 2016	Share of profit or loss	Share of other comprehensive income	Change in fair value	Dividends received	Change in ownership interest	Balance at 30 June 2017	Balance at 1 January 2017	
Xin Guang Wang Hong Kong Co., Ltd.	7,071	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,071	-	-
Ningbo Lin Daqiang Chemical Co., Ltd.	1,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,200	-	-
Xin Guang Chemical Co., Ltd.	23,350	-	1,505	-	-	-	-	24,855	-	-
Dalian Longgang Chemical Co., Ltd.	47,615	-	529	-	-	-	-	48,144	-	-
Shanghai Hongqiao International Airport Co., Ltd.	45,684	-	790	-	-	-	-	46,474	-	-
Easton (Easton)	8,374	-	389	-	-	-	-	8,763	-	-
Shanghai Hongqiao International Airport Co., Ltd.	104,191	-	-	-	-	-	-	104,191	-	-
TSC	212,905	-	-	-	(6,338)	-	-	206,567	-	-
M. S. & Co. Ltd.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	(2)
Tianjin (Shanghai) International Freight Agency Co., Ltd.	1,900	-	75	-	-	-	-	1,975	-	-
LH Group Co., Ltd. (LH Group)	102,176	-	2,832	-	-	-	-	105,008	-	-
Jiangsu Rongming Chemical Co., Ltd.	28,123	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,123	-	-
Jiangsu Enke Chemical Co., Ltd.	2,608	-	(1,225)	-	-	-	-	1,383	-	-
Ocean (Shanghai)	16,589	-	(81)	-	-	-	-	16,508	-	-
Xin Guang Chemical Co., Ltd.	27,519	-	302	-	-	-	-	27,821	-	-
Tianjin Sinochem International	30,436	-	(2,316)	-	-	-	-	28,120	-	-
Qingdao International	43,400	-	1,246	-	-	-	-	44,646	-	-
ZPMC (ZPMC)	14,567	-	(14,567)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tianjin Shuangliang & E	21,110	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,110	-	-
Shanghai (Shanghai)	126,454	-	-	-	(2,966)	-	-	123,488	-	-
Xin Guang Chemical Co., Ltd.	688	-	150	-	-	-	-	838	-	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 July 2017

(All in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

13. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

(3) Long-term equity investments in associates: (Continued)

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text Only)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

13. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

(3) Long-term equity investments in associates: (Continued)

	31 March 2016	Change in share of profit or loss	Change in share of other comprehensive income	30 June 2017
Share in long-term equity investments				
Minghe Investment Co., Ltd.	117,775	(2,633)	-	115,142
CIMCS Holding (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	3,000	(3,000)	-	-
Minghe (Shanghai) Investment Co., Ltd.	851	(68)	-	783
Shanghai Xinbei Qianhai Investment Co., Ltd.	-	16,000	428	16,428
Shanghai S.C. (SESKYC)	-	2,750	-	2,750
Shanghai Nianfeng Investment Co., Ltd.	-	30,539	-	30,539
Xinhang Investment Co., Ltd.	-	1,750	-	1,750
CELAS	-	18,605	-	18,605
Total	1,661,718	68,121	(12,891)	1,736,940

Note VI.2 Investment in associates

The Group has investments in TSC, LH Engineering Research, Innovation (Shanghai), ZPMC, CH, Zhong Xing Xing, and Nanyang. The Group holds 20% of the equity of TSC, LH Engineering Research, Innovation (Shanghai), ZPMC, CH, Zhong Xing Xing, and Nanyang. The Group has investments in TSC, LH Engineering Research, Innovation (Shanghai), ZPMC, CH, Zhong Xing Xing, and Nanyang.

On 30 June 2017, the Group has investments in TSC, LH Engineering Research, Innovation (Shanghai), ZPMC, CH, Zhong Xing Xing, and Nanyang. The Group has investments in TSC, LH Engineering Research, Innovation (Shanghai), ZPMC, CH, Zhong Xing Xing, and Nanyang.

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14. Investment properties

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text Only)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

15. Fixed assets

(1) Fixed assets

	Plants and buildings	Machinery and equipment	Office & other equipment	Motor vehicles	Offshore engineering equipment	Dock, wharf	Total
Original value							
31 December 2016	10,676,684	10,112,067	1,981,991	1,045,215	6,783,391	1,262,820	31,862,168
Accumulated depreciation							
At the beginning of the year	24,321	11,604	7	71	-	-	36,003
During the year	58,845	160,773	76,355	167,934	-	-	463,907
Transferred in							
Transferred out	35,997	206,727	159,382	12,060	-	-	414,166
Disposal	41,738	-	-	-	-	-	41,738
Impairment loss	(86,498)	(296,266)	(85,105)	(27,882)	(79,025)	-	(574,776)
Transferred in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	13,616	(4,898)	(1,713)	1,104	(65,291)	(12,759)	(69,941)
30 June 2017	10,764,703	10,190,006	2,130,917	1,198,502	6,639,075	1,250,061	32,173,264
Original value							
31 December 2016	2,522,207	4,231,582	1,254,278	528,237	686,944	232,400	9,455,648
Accumulated depreciation							
At the beginning of the year	4,742	5,969	6	60	-	-	10,777
During the year							
Transferred in	213,148	341,224	110,381	90,651	135,213	25,881	916,498
Transferred out	24,034	-	-	-	-	-	24,034
Impairment loss	(54,520)	(105,017)	(80,543)	(14,433)	(8,436)	-	(262,949)
Transferred in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	5,832	(2,924)	2,550	506	(10,729)	(5,593)	997,375,886.7

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Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

15. Fixed assets (Continued)

(1) Fixed assets (Continued)

As at 30 June 2017, the carrying amount of buildings, machinery and equipment was 375,761,000 (original cost 525,362,000), less accumulated depreciation and impairment 109,272,000 (31 December 2016: 398,144,000 (original cost 525,305,000)) less accumulated impairment 159,815,000. Note IV. 24.

In the period, the carrying amount of buildings was 916,498,000 (February 2016: 1,056,717,000), less accumulated depreciation and impairment 776,825,000, 9,897,000 and 129,776,000 (February 2016: 891,935,000, 14,860,000 and 149,922,000) less accumulated impairment 14,166,000 (February 2016: 1,206,156,000).

In the period, the carrying amount of machinery and equipment was 414,166,000 (2016: 1,206,156,000).

- (2) As at 30 June 2017, the carrying amount of temporarily idle buildings, machinery and equipment amounts to 344,385,000 (original cost of 614,561,000) (31 December 2016: carrying amount of 207,894,000 and original cost of 415,615,004).

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is the Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

15. Fixed assets (Continued)

(3) Fixed assets held through finance leases:

30 June 2017	31 December 2016
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Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2017

(All monetary amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

16. Construction in progress

(1) Construction in progress

	30 June 2017			31 December 2016		
	Book balance	Provision for impairment	Carrying amount	Book balance	Provision for impairment	Carrying amount
Construction in progress	20,301,214	-	20,301,214	19,405,489	-	19,405,489
Railway H273, H1284 Project	2,747,244	-	2,747,244	2,754,873	-	2,754,873
Erhai Lake Railway Project	59,202	-	59,202	88,101	-	88,101
Changshu Railway Project	49,146	-	49,146	47,633	-	47,633
Yanjiu Railway, Anhui Province	37,622	-	37,622	30,583	-	30,583
Putian Railway, CACCT Project	35,382	-	35,382	35,218	-	35,218
HJQM Railway Project	26,477	-	26,477	-	-	-
XHCIMC Railway Project	22,418	-	22,418	13,079	-	13,079
Donghai Railway Project, QDCRC	21,129	-	21,129	21,129	-	21,129
Qinghai Railway Project, CIMC	19,590	-	19,590	-	-	-
SHYSF Railway Project	11,933	-	11,933	-	-	-
Donghai Railway Project, CIMC	5,522	-	5,522	11,497	-	11,497
TCCIMC Railway Project	5,400	-	5,400	5,400	-	5,400
Railway Project, Anhui Province (2000 Project)	3,128	-	3,128	3,080	-	3,080
TJICIMC Railway Project	1,981	-	1,981	1,575	-	1,575
TASAP Project	1,824	-	1,824	1,498	-	1,498
XHCIMCS Project	1,506	-	1,506	1,506	-	1,506
Other projects	641	-	641	12,033	-	12,033
Other	454,939	(1,645)	453,294	338,916	(2,421)	336,495
Total	23,806,298	(1,645)	23,804,653	22,771,610	(2,421)	22,769,189

The carrying amount of construction in progress at the end of the reporting period is 23,804,653 (31 December 2016: 22,769,189). The carrying amount of construction in progress at the end of the reporting period is 23,804,653 (31 December 2016: 22,769,189). The carrying amount of construction in progress at the end of the reporting period is 23,804,653 (31 December 2016: 22,769,189).

At 30 June 2017, the carrying amount of construction in progress is 23,804,653 (31 December 2016: 22,769,189).

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For the year ended 31 June 2017

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(English Text is the Original)

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
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(English text and Chinese text are equally authentic)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

18. Intangible assets and development expenditure (Continued)

(2) As of 30 June 2017, intangible assets with pending certificates of ownership are as follows:

	Carrying amount in RMB	Reasons for unsettlement
Ningbo C&C Technology Co., Ltd. (宁波C&C技术有限公司)	75,322	pending for registration
SCIMCEL Technology Co., Ltd. (赛尔思技术有限公司)	55,674	pending for registration
C&C Technology Co., Ltd. (C&C技术有限公司)	19,187	pending for registration
Lingling Technology Co., Ltd. (零零技术有限公司)	8,887	pending for registration
SCIMCEL Technology Co., Ltd. (赛尔思技术有限公司)	1,787	pending for registration
Total	160,857	

As at 30 June 2017, the carrying amount of intangible assets with pending certificates of ownership is RMB160,857,000 (31 December 2016: Nil).

(3) As of 30 June 2017, there was no restricted intangible asset (31 December 2016: Nil).

(4) As at 30 June 2017, the intangible asset with indefinite useful lives is Gas station Franchise which amounted to 53,300,000 (31 December 2016: 53,300,000).

(5) Development expenditure is as follows:

	31 December 2016	30 June 2017
Development expenditure		

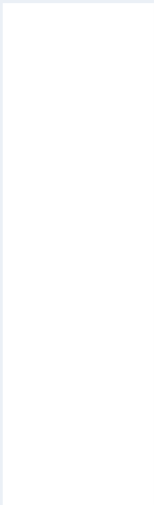
Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

19. Goodwill

31 June 2017



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Financial statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text Only)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

20. Long-term prepaid expenses

	31 March 2016	31 March 2017	31 March 2017	31 March 2017	31 March 2017	30 June 2017
		A	C	C	Long-term prepaid expenses	
Y	9,691	-	223	(1,424)	29	8,519
P	133,924	-	31,369	(30,658)	(2,513)	132,122
Long-term prepaid expenses	9,439	-	5,372	(2,204)	-	12,607
Other long-term prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term prepaid expenses	19,996	-	51,692	(12,110)	(987)	58,591
Other long-term prepaid expenses	73,524	52	10,123	(14,283)	(99)	69,317
Sub-total	246,574	52	98,779	(60,679)	(3,570)	281,156
Long-term prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

21. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

- (1) The offsetting balances of deferred tax assets and liabilities offset and corresponding deductible or taxable temporary differences

	30 June 2017		31 December 2016	
	Deductible/ (taxable) temporary differences	Deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)	Debit / (credit) balance	Debit / (credit) balance
Deferred tax assets				
Paid-in capital	834,767	160,844	1,546,119	322,474
Other receivables	617,576	113,145	690,921	139,994
Employee benefits	1,139,847	257,745	1,273,607	296,507
Other receivables	120,131	26,479	493,541	89,303
Debt losses	1,791,531	306,356	1,861,895	332,307
Manufacturing expenses				
Interest expense	7,729	1,634	27,566	6,892
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-	-	14,230	2,134
Inventory	29,871	7,468	18,904	4,726
Other	2,180,446	436,088	278,319	69,580
Subtotal	6,721,898	1,309,759	6,205,102	1,263,917
Offsetting in income	(187,229)	(32,843)	(25,512)	(6,247)
Offsetting balances	6,534,669	1,276,916	6,179,590	1,257,670

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are on the same page)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

21. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities (Continued)

(2) Unrecognised deferred tax assets

	30 June 2017	31 Dec 2016
Unrecognised deferred tax assets	1,712,996	1,606,035
Unrecognised deferred tax assets - SOE	634,426	340,729
Unrecognised deferred tax assets - Other	22,119	22,119
Other	3,125	3,125
Total	2,372,666	1,972,008

(3) Maturity of deductible losses that are not recognised as deferred tax assets:

	30 June 2017	31 Dec 2016
2017	1,296,480	1,199,243
2018	1,086,941	1,086,941
2019	437,892	340,655
2020	819,702	819,702
2021 and thereafter	4,149,817	4,149,817
Total	7,790,832	7,596,358

Note 1: In 2016, the Group had unrecognised deferred tax assets of RMB1,606,035 (2015: RMB1,606,035) mainly due to the expiry of the tax loss carry-forward period. In 2017, the Group had unrecognised deferred tax assets of RMB1,712,996 (2016: RMB1,606,035) mainly due to the expiry of the tax loss carry-forward period.

In 2017, the Group had unrecognised deferred tax assets of RMB1,712,996 (2016: RMB1,606,035) mainly due to the expiry of the tax loss carry-forward period. In 2016, the Group had unrecognised deferred tax assets of RMB1,606,035 (2015: RMB1,606,035) mainly due to the expiry of the tax loss carry-forward period.

The Group had unrecognised deferred tax assets of RMB1,712,996 (2016: RMB1,606,035) mainly due to the expiry of the tax loss carry-forward period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text is the Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

22. Other non-current assets

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016

Feb 1 Jan 30 Jan 2017

(All in million RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Translation Only)

24. Restricted assets

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		31 March 2016	31 March 2016	31 March 2016	30 June 2017
Account	IV.1	987,257	49,135	(219,448)	816,845
- Cash	IV.3	206,753	207,835	(158,188)	256,400
- Net long-term investments	IV.12	8,164,729	(57,408)	(654,249)	7,453,072
- Financial assets	IV.15	398,144	-	(22,383)	375,761
Total		9,756,883	199,562	(1,054,268)	8,902,078

L'ing... m... b... n... g... n... N... b... n... ng,
+ g... g... n... + g... n... R... IV.15 n... n...
n... h... l... l... ing... m... b... R... N... IV.25 n... V.28
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Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All monetary amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

25. Short-term borrowings

(1) Classification of short-term borrowings:

	Unit	30 June 2017	31 June 2016
Guaranteed	()		
USD		391,740	2,938,300
RMB		1,962,700	937,000
EUR		16,720	1,000

Fri Jan 13 11:30 AM - 12:00 PM 30 Jan 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Translation: [Open Onl...](#))

25. Short-term borrowings (Continued)

() 2017 , g b n G ng : b n l . Zh nh L C, L- /Zh nh G) m n -fig USD324,000 (E RMB2,195,000); CIMC R h -ng (Sg) C, L- m n -fig 1,400,138,000, USD33,962,000 (E RMB230,096,000) n E 2,158,000 (E RMB16,723,000), g b H n Chn In-l M C-n-h (H'ng K'ng) Lim- /CIMC H'ng K'ng); C&CT m n -fig 450,000,000, h-g ; X n H'ng n-B g C, L-. Am n -fig 112,000,000, g CIMC Fn n n t -ng C, L-. (CIMCVL); CIMC Fn n n t -ng C, L-. (CIMCVL) m n -fig USD23,500,000 (E RMB159,214,000), g b H n CIMC H'ng K'ng.

(b) 2017 , h-t g l h G i h B n Chn-t g h n h -t b F'n C'm n, m n -fig 32,821,000.

(f) 2017 , n h-p ng h-h h-ng m h n 5% (m l ng 5%) h -fg-g G

() 2017 , h -h-m b ng -ng m 1.30%-6.09% (31 mb 2016: 0.65%-16.41%).

26. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	30 June 2017	31 March 2016
Current		

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

27. Notes payable

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Bank notes payable	872,925	1,050,745
Trade notes payable	380,250	500,837
Total	1,253,175	1,551,582

The bank notes payable are as follows:

28. Accounts payable

(1) The Group's accounts payable is as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Due to suppliers of goods	9,364,746	8,303,845
Due to suppliers of services	468,558	461,925
Payable to employees	291,105	259,029
Payable to other parties	398,677	658,048
Due to other parties	618,839	150,029
Trade payables	69,741	135,159
Payable to other parties	41,972	129,178
Others	91,540	63,738
Total	11,345,178	10,160,951

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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

28. Accounts payable (Continued)

(1) The Group's accounts payable is as follows: (Continued)

	30 June 2017	31 Dec 2016
Within 1 year (in RMB)	10,710,275	9,535,350
1-2 years (in RMB)	337,357	414,188
2-3 years (in RMB)	179,384	153,893
Over 3 years	118,162	57,520
Total	11,345,178	10,160,951

As at 30 June 2017, the Group's accounts payable were RMB634,903,000 (31 Dec 2016: RMB625,601,000). The Group's accounts payable are primarily owed to suppliers and service providers. The Group's accounts payable are primarily owed to suppliers and service providers.

The Group's accounts payable are primarily owed to suppliers and service providers.

(2) As at 30 June 2017, there was no accounts payable owed to shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Group. Accounts payable owed to related parties are as listed follows:

Company Name	Relationship with the Group	30 June 2017		31 Dec 2016	
		Amount	% of total balance	Amount	% of total balance
Y&C Eng	Joint Venture	38,931	0.34%	66,157	0.65%
TSC	Associate Company	13,807	0.12%	25,727	0.25%
Fujian Qinghai N. B. In. Co., Ltd.	Associate Company	10,496	0.09%	8,138	0.08%
Shanghai D. A. In. Co., Ltd.	Minority Shareholder	5,352	0.05%	3,611	0.04%
Ningbo Chongming	Associate Company	2,732	0.02%	2,435	0.02%
Xinhua CIMC W. Co., Ltd.	Associate Company	202	0.00%	17,905	0.18%
Shanghai T. ng Co., Ltd.	Minority Shareholder	-	0.00%	15,902	0.16%
Others		5,825	0.05%	7,062	0.07%
Total		77,345	0.67%	146,937	1.45%

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

30. Accrued payroll (Continued)

(1) Short-term wages

	31 March 2016	Consolidated	Consolidated	Change	30 June 2017
Wages and salaries payable	1,699,319	2,516,308	(2,475,474)	4,252	1,744,405
Payable for employee benefits	205,151	-	(8,951)	-	196,200
Housing fund	6,118	80,860	(80,906)	(30)	6,042
Liability for employee shares	62,236	27,129	(36,014)	(157)	53,194
Other employee benefits payable	12,517	87,991	(77,504)	1	23,004
Change in employee benefits	9,564	74,051	(65,053)	1	18,563
Wages payable	1,583	8,250	(7,850)	-	1,983
Medical insurance	1,370	5,690	(4,601)	-	2,458
Other employee benefits	104,784	280,656	(334,802)	901	51,539
Total	2,090,125	2,992,944	(3,013,651)	4,967	2,074,384

(2) Defined contribution plans

	31 March 2016	Consolidated	Consolidated	Change	30 June 2017
Basic pension plan	21,455	205,171	(186,716)	5	39,915
Unfunded pension plan	2,554	8,214	(5,724)	-	5,043
Employee share	147	1,109	(1,061)	-	195
Total	24,156	214,494	(193,501)	5	45,153

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Financial Statements for the period ended 30 June 2017
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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

32. Interest payable

	N/A	30 June 2017	31 Dec 2016
Interest payable on bank deposits	IV.43	203,985	135,990
Interest payable on bank borrowings		79,273	76,730
Interest payable on other bank borrowings		218,242	70,249
Interest payable on other bank borrowings		31,928	20,406
Total		533,428	303,375

33. Dividends payable

		30 June 2017	31 Dec 2016
Dividends payable to shareholders		75,080	16,746
Dividends payable to non-shareholders		178,332	-
Total		253,412	16,746

34. Other payables

(1) The analysis of the Group's other payables is as follows:

	N/A	30 June 2017	31 Dec 2016
Accounts payable		2,595,693	1,892,437
Accounts payable		1,555,619	1,490,340
Accounts payable		543,228	593,210
Accounts payable		500,826	315,605
Accounts payable		136,633	185,777
Accounts payable		82,243	73,619
Accounts payable	(3)	72,786	111,054
Accounts payable		27,483	12,732
Accounts payable		4,452	601
Accounts payable		1,712	17,897
Accounts payable		773	5,456
Accounts payable		-	23,200
Accounts payable		605,931	432,145
Total		6,127,379	5,154,073

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For the year ended 31 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

34. Other payables (Continued)

(2) Significant other payables aged over one year mostly consist of unsettled quality guarantee,

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(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise stated)

(English Translation Only)

36. Current portion of non-current liabilities

The Group's current portion of non-current liabilities are analysed by categories as follows:

	N	30 June 2017	31 March 2016
C n - i n l n g b n - U - G	IV.38	3,197,042 1,694,372 4,891,414	3,401,313 124,397 3,525,710
C n - i n l n g b F n n n ng		114,537 (8,826)	136,571 (15,826)
F n O	IV.40	105,711 18,376	120,745 17,567
C n - i n l n n T - i		124,087 -	138,312 3,850
		5,015,501	3,667,872

37. Other current liabilities

		30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Capital and reserves of G	(1)	2,583,959	1,666,966
Other		28,321	20,796
		2,612,280	1,687,762

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial statements for the period from 1 January 2017 to 30 June 2017
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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

39. Debentures payable

	31 December 2016	30 June 2017
	CNY	

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Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

40. Long-term payables

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Financial lease payables	303,625	323,920
Less: lease liability	(41,174)	(34,723)
Financial lease payables	262,451	289,197
Payables for aircraft purchase	120,789	120,789
Other payables	100,635	117,922
Others	21,034	1,464
Total	504,909	529,372

(1) Details of financial leasing payables

As at 30 June 2017, the Group's financial lease payables are mainly for the lease of aircraft. The lease term is generally 12 years. The lease payments are made at the end of each year. The lease payments are included in the financial lease payables. The lease payments are included in the financial lease payables.

Financial lease payables	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Within 1 year (12 months)	114,537	136,571
Over 1 year but within 2 years (12 months)	251,829	287,267
Over 2 years but within 3 years (12 months)	12,352	3,564
Over 3 years	39,444	33,089
Sub-total	418,162	460,491
Less: lease liability	(50,000)	(50,549)
Carrying amount	368,162	409,942

The Group has no other financial lease payables.

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From January 1 to December 31, 2017
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Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All monetary amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

42. Deferred income (Continued)

(1) Government grants

Particulars	31 December 2016	Continued Government grants	Other grants	30 June 2017	Particulars
Yunnan Province Industrial Development Research Center Research and Development Project	200,000	-	-	200,000	Research and Development
Guangdong Province Science and Technology Enterprise Innovation Research Project	184,253	-	3,566	180,687	Research and Development
Enterprise Science and Technology Research Project	80,396	-	1,735	78,661	Research and Development
Shenzhen CIMC Heavy Industry Investment Group Enterprise Research and Development	54,052	-	651	53,401	Research and Development
Ningbo China Marine Equipment Research Center	38,000	-	-	38,000	Research and Development
C&CTE Research and Development Project	30,000	-	-	30,000	Research and Development
TAS Research and Development Project	28,291	4,220	803	31,708	Research and Development
Yunnan Province Science and Technology Research Project - Dilling Project (Basic Research)	26,504	-	-	26,504	Research and Development
Tong CIMC Shipbuilding Engineering Research Center	11,396	-	152	11,244	Research and Development
TCCIMC Innovation Project	9,862	-	131	9,731	Research and Development
CQLE Innovation Project	8,021	-	100	7,921	Research and Development
Zhuhai Guangdong Pilot Zone Research and Development Project	7,844	-	450	7,394	Research and Development
Shenzhen Heavy Industry Research and Development Project	8,000	-	917	7,083	Research and Development
TAS Research and Development Project - CCHQ	7,348	-	351	6,997	Research and Development
MEA Research Project	6,301	-	-	6,301	Research and Development
Enterprise Research and Development Project - FPSO Ship	6,000	-	-	6,000	Research and Development
MEA Research and Development Project	5,520	-	460	5,060	Research and Development
KGR R&D Project	4,270	-	112	4,158	Research and Development
TAS Research and Development Project - High Pressure	2,256	-	113	2,143	Research and Development
Yunnan Heavy Research and Development Project	886	-	48	838	Research and Development
Guangdong Province Research and Development Project - XHCIMCS	17,362	-	17,362	-	Research and Development
Guangdong Province Research and Development Project - Xinhua Machinery	10,764	-	10,764	-	Research and Development
Other	82,416	40,480	6,909	115,987	Research and Development
Total	829,742	44,700	44,624	829,818	

(All figures in RMB'000)

(English Text - in Roman Onl)

43. Other non-current liabilities

	30 June 2017	31 March 2016
Cash and cash equivalents	1,549,826	1,549,826
Trade receivables	487,632	487,632
Prepaid expenses	73,421	73,421
Other receivables	11,576	12,677
Other assets	114,359	-
Total	2,236,814	2,123,556

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Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

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(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

44. Share capital

	31 December 2016 '000	Consolidated Share Capital '000	Consolidated Share Capital '000	Change in Share Capital '000	30 June 2017 '000
Shares subject to trading restriction - H shares	699	29	-	-	728
Shares not subject to trading restriction					
- RMB par value shares	1,261,301	1,747	-	-	1,263,048
- Foreign currency shares	1,716,577	-	-	-	1,716,577
Total	2,978,577	1,776	-	-	2,980,353

	31 December 2015 '000	Consolidated Share Capital '000	Consolidated Share Capital '000	Change in Share Capital '000	31 December 2016 '000
Shares subject to trading restriction - H shares	866	21	-	(188)	699
Shares not subject to trading restriction					
- RMB par value shares	1,260,377	736	-	188	1,261,301
- Foreign currency shares	1,716,577	-	-	-	1,716,577
Total	2,977,820	757	-	-	2,978,577

The share capital is denominated in RMB1.00.

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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

45. Other equity instruments

	31 Dec 2016	Other equity instruments	30 June 2017
Other equity instruments	2,049,035	35,908	1,981,143
	31 Dec 2015	Other equity instruments	31 Dec 2016
Other equity instruments	2,033,043	119,792	2,049,035

At 31 Dec 2015, the Group had issued 2,000 million shares of ordinary shares with a nominal value of RMB1.00 per share. The total number of shares issued was 1,981,143,000 shares, representing 5.19% of the total shares outstanding. The Group has not issued any other equity instruments during the period. At 30 June 2017, the Group had issued 1,981,143,000 shares of ordinary shares with a nominal value of RMB1.00 per share. The total number of shares issued was 1,981,143,000 shares, representing 5.19% of the total shares outstanding. The Group has not issued any other equity instruments during the period.

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Financial statements for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2017

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(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

46. Capital surplus

	31 December 2016	Consolidated Increase	Consolidated Decrease	30 June 2017
Share premium	3,590,421	29,310	-	3,619,731
Other comprehensive income:				
- Exchange differences on translation				
- Remeasurement of defined pension plans	692	-	-	692
- Derivatives in cash flow hedge	257	-	-	257
- Exchange differences on translation of foreign currency financial statements	420,004	6,778	(12,103)	414,679
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements	15,967	70	-	16,037
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements	435,101	3,428	-	438,529
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements	900,031	-	-	900,031
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements	(42,696)	-	-	(42,696)
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements	(246,669)	-	(78,103)	(324,772)
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements	(58,964)	-	-	(58,964)
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements	(406,795)	-	-	(406,795)
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements	(51,925)	-	-	(51,925)
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements				
- Cash flow hedge of foreign currency financial statements	(1,549,826)	-	-	(1,549,826)
Other comprehensive income	120,987	-	-	120,987
Total	3,126,585	39,586	(90,206)	3,075,965

Final version accepted 30 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Translation - Online)

46. Capital surplus (Continued)

	31 mib 2015	C n. 2015	C n. 2016	31 mib 2016
Sh	3,577,648	12,773	-	3,590,421
Ob				
- h ng	692	-	-	692
- D n	257	-	-	257
- E	402,887	22,316	(5,199)	420,004
- C	14,275	1,692	-	15,967
- C	207,660	227,441	-	435,101
-				
- C	899,128	903	-	900,031
- C	(42,696)	-	-	(42,696)
- C	(224,430)	-	(22,239)	(246,669)
- C	(58,964)	-	-	(58,964)
- E	(406,795)	-	-	(406,795)
- C	(51,925)	-	-	(51,925)
-	(1,249,826)	-	(300,000)	(1,549,826)
Ob	113,952	7,035	-	120,987
T	3,181,863	272,160	(327,438)	3,126,585

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 June 2017

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

48. Surplus reserve

	31 December 2016	Consolidated Surplus Reserve	Consolidated Surplus Reserve	30 June 2017
Surplus reserve	1,489,287	-	-	1,489,287
Dividend reserve	1,790,092	-	-	1,790,092
Total	3,279,379	-	-	3,279,379

	31 December 2015	Consolidated Surplus Reserve	Consolidated Surplus Reserve	31 December 2016
Surplus reserve	1,413,486	75,801	-	1,489,287
Dividend reserve	1,790,092	-	-	1,790,092
Total	3,203,578	75,801	-	3,279,379

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, the Company shall allocate 10% of its profit after tax for the year to the surplus reserve until the accumulated surplus reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital. The Company has not allocated any surplus reserve for the year ended 30 June 2017.

The Company's surplus reserve is used for the following purposes: (i) to supplement the Company's working capital; (ii) to pay dividends to the shareholders; (iii) to pay the Company's debts; and (iv) to pay the Company's taxes.

49. Undistributed profits

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Undistributed profits	17,495,053	17,805,808
Accumulated losses	796,898	539,660
Less: Income tax payable	(35,908)	(119,792)
Less: Dividend payable	-	(75,801)

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period from 1 January to 30 June 2017

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IV NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

49. Undistributed profits (Continued)

(1) Dividends of ordinary shares declared during the period

	30 June 2017	31 June 2016
Dividends of ordinary shares declared during the period	-	-
Total	179,835	654,822

In the period from 1 January to 30 June 2017, the Company declared a dividend of 0.06 RMB per share to the shareholders of record as of 20 July 2017 (2016: 0.22 RMB per share), totaling 179,835,000 (2016: 654,822,000).

50. Revenue and cost of sales

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Revenue from operations	32,656,928	22,828,212
Revenue from other operations	730,224	714,631
Total	33,387,152	23,542,843
Cost of sales from operations	26,911,617	18,795,869
Cost of sales from other operations	329,947	330,627
Total	27,241,564	19,126,496

The cost of sales from operations is calculated based on the cost of sales from operations in 10% of the total cost of sales.

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For the period from 1 January to 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

50. Revenue and cost of sales (Continued)

(1) Revenue and cost of sales from main operations by industries and by products

In	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017		For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016	
	Revenue from main operations	Cost of sales from main operations	Revenue from main operations	Cost of sales from main operations
Chemicals	9,596,787	7,944,171	4,403,976	4,028,151
Real estate	9,456,259	7,813,816	6,807,849	5,586,799
Energy and other	4,825,819	4,021,439	4,180,940	3,372,051
Others	500,245	461,813	950,752	822,464
Automotive	1,147,629	932,468	1,096,364	886,690
Logistics	3,725,556	3,242,929	3,149,543	2,763,476
Finance	1,145,113	498,703	1,113,604	366,336
Others	268,322	160,685	203,751	100,269
Total	1,238,678	1,166,396	790,779	771,101
Others	752,520	669,197	130,654	98,532
Total	32,656,928	26,911,617	22,828,212	18,795,869

(2) Revenue and cost of sales from main operations by locations

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017		For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016	
	Revenue from main operations	Cost of sales from main operations	Revenue from main operations	Cost of sales from main operations
P.R.China	27,745,363	22,723,465	19,344,042	15,845,823
Europe	2,752,566	2,371,653	1,244,670	1,041,609
Asia	1,649,559	1,394,104	1,803,907	1,515,328
Others (P.R.China)	378,592	317,409	308,619	282,794
Others	130,848	104,986	126,974	110,315
Total	32,656,928	26,911,617	22,828,212	18,795,869

The above information is based on the management's best estimate of the revenue and cost of sales from main operations by industries and by products, and by locations.

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(All figures in RMB'000, except for percentages)

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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

50. Revenue and cost of sales (Continued)

(3) Revenue and cost of sales from other operations

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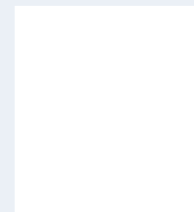
For the period from 1 January to 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000)
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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

53. General and administrative expenses

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Employee benefits	1,004,200	783,266
Depreciation and amortization	288,459	230,097
Provision for doubtful accounts	165,200	49,872
Research and development	134,408	149,922
Advertising	113,415	99,409
Administrative	110,796	97,258
Interest	75,806	63,119
Loss on disposal of non-current assets	49,006	30,969
Transfer to non-current assets	34,293	127,122
Share-based payment	9,583	19,889
Others	382,873	331,378
Total	2,368,039	1,982,301

54. Financial expenses-net



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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

55. Expenses by nature

Costs incurred in the ordinary course of business, including depreciation, amortization, impairment losses, and other expenses, are classified by nature.

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Financial expenses	(741,628)	(244,984)
Change in fair value of financial assets and liabilities	24,492,423	16,685,627
Selling expenses	3,216,847	2,129,005
Depreciation and amortization	1,152,911	1,242,346
Shareholding expenses	560,202	411,149
Finance charges	594,251	304,944
Research and development	130,874	130,385
Impairment losses	288,459	230,097
Provision for doubtful accounts	294,912	211,604
Provision for inventory obsolescence	283,549	180,553
Selling expenses	149,651	57,393
Other expenses	164,295	234,324
Other expenses	209,567	291,869
Other expenses	663,795	585,558
	31,460,108	22,449,870

56. Profit/(Loss) from changes in fair value

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Change in fair value		
1. Profit/(Loss) from change in fair value of financial assets	29,834	944
2. Profit/(Loss) from change in fair value of financial liabilities	(73,769)	(136,647)
- Profit/(Loss) from change in fair value of financial assets	1,830	141,409
Sub-total	(42,105)	5,706
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
- Change in fair value		
1. Profit/(Loss) from change in fair value of financial assets	9,479	131,398
Total	(32,626)	137,104

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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

57. Investment income

Investment income by categories

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
(Loss)/Income from financial assets held for trading	(1,830)	(141,409)
Income from available-for-sale financial assets	4,106	8,855
Income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	533	7,714
Income from long-term investments	2,538	13,800
Income from financial assets at amortized cost	(25,460)	23,712
Others	9,485	-
Total	(10,628)	(87,328)

58. Asset impairment losses

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Losses from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	25,988	14,445
Losses from available-for-sale financial assets	6,675	-
Losses from financial assets at amortized cost	141,923	343,501
Losses from long-term investments	(3,521)	6,962
Losses from financial assets held for trading	97,401	153,029
Losses from long-term investments	(35,563)	(129,164)
Losses from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	178,634
Losses from financial assets at amortized cost	1,534	94
Losses from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	700,000
Total	234,437	1,267,501

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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

59. Other Income

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017
Financial income	57,088
Transportation	27,472
Others	6,472
Total	91,032

60. Non-operating income

(1) Non-operating income by categories:

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For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017
17,388	9,485	17,388
17,388	9,485	17,388
-	-	-
352	393	352
1,699	380	1,699
11,486	989	11,486
679	664	679
800	2,234	800
32,404	14,145	32,404

For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

62. Income tax expenses (Continued)

The income tax expenses are analysed as follows:

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Provision for income tax	1,576,142	(165,844)
Income tax credit	395,233	338,676
Expense for income tax	(63,499)	(46,248)
Expense for income tax	20,714	32,243
Other income tax	(90,621)	(74,525)
Underlying income tax expense (390,621) T68 (U. T. T) 719 395,233 0.4 (D. T. T) 7.9 T. T. 0.4		

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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

63. Earnings per share (Continued)

(2) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding during the period.

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	796,898	(378,034)
Interest expense on bank borrowings	(35,908)	(51,900)
Interest expense on other financial instruments	(1,371)	-
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	759,619	(429,934)
Weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding (in '000)	2,986,410	2,978,120
Diluted earnings per share (RMB/share)	0.2544	(0.1444)

()

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding (in '000)	2,979,059	2,978,120
Interest expense on bank borrowings (in '000)	7,351	-
Weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding (in '000)	2,986,410	2,978,120

The diluted earnings per share of the Company is calculated as follows: 60,000,000 shares (2.01% of the total shares of 2,980,352,786) are held by the company's subsidiaries.

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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

64. Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement (Continued)

(4) Cash received related to other financing activities

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Cash received from issuing bank loans	81,616	22,272
Cash received from issuing bonds	-	98,104
Total	81,616	120,376

65. Information to cash flow statement

(1) Supplementary information to the consolidated cash flow statement

(1) Information to cash flow statement

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,066,509	(541,160)
Net cash provided by investing activities	234,437	1,267,501
Net cash provided by financing activities	916,498	1,056,717
Net cash provided by operating activities	175,734	121,062
Net cash provided by investing activities	60,679	64,902

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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

65. Information to cash flow statement (Continued)

(1) Supplementary information to the consolidated cash flow statement (Continued)

()

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	5,940,423	4,310,559
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the period	6,338,667	3,259,123
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	(398,244)	1,051,436

(2) Information on acquisition of subsidiaries and other business units during the period

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
I. Acquisition of subsidiaries and other business units		
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	5,000	965,028
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the period	-	200,451
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	5,000	764,577

(3) Cash and cash equivalents

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
I. Cash		
At the beginning of the period	155,947	3,420
Change in cash during the period	4,686,435	4,074,994
Cash at the end of the period	77,875	232,145
II. Restricted cash	1,020,166	-
III. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	5,940,423	4,310,559

Note: The cash and cash equivalents are measured at the end of the period.

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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

66. Monetary items denominated in foreign currency

	30 June 2017		
	Functional currency (in thousands)	Exchange Rate	in RMB
Monetary fund –			
USD	120,552	6.7744	816,665
HKD	289,640	0.8679	251,384
AUD	15,237	5.2099	79,381
THB			
Monetary fund –			
USD		0.8679	Monetary fund – 65

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IV. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

66. Monetary items denominated in foreign currency (Continued)

	30 June 2017		
	Functional currency (in thousands)	Exchange Rate	in RMB
Short-term monetary items			
USD	1,430,476	6.7744	9,690,618
EUR	95,026	7.7496	736,415
GBP	1,999	8.8144	17,621
AUD	63	5.2099	329
			10,444,983
Long-term monetary items			
USD	237,138	6.7744	1,606,467
HKD	49,007	0.8679	42,534
EUR	83,320	7.7496	645,695
AUD	8,929	5.2099	46,517
THB	2,532	5.0155	12,700
Others			709,653
			3,063,566
Other monetary items			
USD	190,769	6.7744	1,292,347
HKD	13,687	0.8679	11,879
JPY	98,008	0.0605	5,928
EUR	8,211	7.7496	63,630
AUD	1,004	5.2099	5,233
THB	367	5.0155	1,840
Others			257,379
			1,638,236
Long-term monetary items			
USD	3,267,834	6.7744	22,137,615
HKD	248,000	0.8679	215,244
Others			397,237
			22,750,096
Long-term monetary items			
USD	29,264	6.7744	198,246

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V. CHANGES IN THE SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION

1. Business combinations involving enterprises not under common control

The Company has completed the acquisition of 100% equity of Hubei Xingyuan Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (Xingyuan Real Estate) on December 31, 2017. The acquisition is accounted for as a business combination not under common control.

2. Disposal of subsidiaries

The Company has completed the disposal of 100% equity of Hubei Xingyuan Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (Xingyuan Real Estate) on December 31, 2017. The disposal is accounted for as a business combination not under common control.

VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES

1. Equity in subsidiaries

At the end of December 31, 2017, the Company's equity in subsidiaries is as follows: Hubei Xingyuan Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (Xingyuan Real Estate). The Company holds 100% equity in Xingyuan Real Estate.

As of December 31, 2017, the Company's equity in subsidiaries is as follows: Hubei Xingyuan Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (Xingyuan Real Estate). The Company holds 100% equity in Xingyuan Real Estate. The carrying amount of the equity in subsidiaries is RMB 621,000,000. The fair value of the equity in subsidiaries is RMB 360,000,000. The difference between the carrying amount and the fair value is RMB 261,000,000. The difference is due to the fact that the carrying amount of the equity in subsidiaries is based on the historical cost, while the fair value is based on the market value. The difference is recorded in the other comprehensive income of the Company.

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VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(1) Subsidiaries obtained through establishment or business combination

(i) Subsidiaries established

	Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
							Direct	Indirect
1	Shanghai CIMC Container Manufacturing Co., Ltd. (SCIMC)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Shanghai, P.R. of China	Shanghai, P.R. of China	Container manufacturing			

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(All in million RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text - Non-Resident Only)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

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For the year ended 31 December 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
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No.	Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
							Direct	Indirect
18	Qingdao CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (QDSV)	Business	Qingdao, Shandong	Qingdao, Shandong	Design, manufacture, repair and maintenance of various types of ships, offshore supply vessels, etc.	RMB62,880,000	44.34%	35.25%
19	Panjin CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Panjin Lushan)	Business	Panjin, Guangdong	Panjin, Guangdong	Design, manufacture, repair and maintenance of various types of ships, offshore supply vessels, etc.	RMB3,000,000	-	100.00%
20	Shanghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (SHL)	Business	Shanghai	Shanghai	Design, manufacture, repair and maintenance of various types of ships, offshore supply vessels, etc.	RMB90,204,100	-	63.33%
21	Shanghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (CIMCW)	Business	Shanghai, Guangdong	Shanghai, Guangdong	Design, manufacture, repair and maintenance of various types of ships, offshore supply vessels, etc.	RMB30,000,000	12.00%	88.00%
22	CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (LNVS)	Business	Yongling, Liaoning	Yongling, Liaoning	Design, manufacture, repair and maintenance of various types of ships, offshore supply vessels, etc.	RMB60,000,000	-	63.33%
23	Tianjin CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Tianjin CIMC)	Business	Tianjin	Tianjin	Design, manufacture, repair and maintenance of various types of ships, offshore supply vessels, etc.			

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No.	Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
							Direct	Indirect
26	Xinhai CIMC Construction Materials Co., Ltd. (XHCM)	Construction materials	Jiangsu, Gaocheng	Jiangsu, Gaocheng	Production and sale of construction materials, including cement, sand, gravel, etc.	RMB129,000,000	-	63.33%
27	Qinghai CIMC Engineering Co., Ltd. (QDHB)	Construction materials	Qinghai, Shuanghu	Qinghai, Shuanghu	Production and sale of construction materials, including cement, sand, gravel, etc.	RMB137,930,000	-	63.33%
28	Shanghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (SHCIMCV)	Construction materials	Shanghai	Shanghai	Production and sale of construction materials, including cement, sand, gravel, etc.	RMB10,000,000	-	63.33%
29	CIMC Financial Leasing Co., Ltd. (CIMCVL)	Construction materials	Shanghai, Gaocheng	Shanghai, Gaocheng	Financial leasing services, including equipment leasing, etc.			

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Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

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VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(1) Subsidiaries obtained through establishment or business combination (Continued)

No.	Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
							Direct	Indirect
34	Inner Mongolia Hainan CIMC W C., L. (NMGW)	Business	Inner Mongolia	Inner Mongolia	Production, processing, storage, distribution, sale of refined petroleum products, chemical products, and other products.	RMB259,520,000	-	100.00%
35	Jiangxi CIMC W C., L. (JXW)	Business	Jiangxi, Zhong	Jiangxi, Zhong	Production, processing, storage, distribution, sale of refined petroleum products, chemical products, and other products.	USD5,000,000	-	100.00%
36	Shanghai Sinopec CIMC C., L. (SCIMCL)	Business	Shanghai, Guangdong	Shanghai, Guangdong	Engineering, construction, installation, maintenance, repair, and other services.	USD5,000,000	-	100.00%
37	Ningbo CIMC C., L. (NBCIMCL)	Business	Ningbo, Zhong	Ningbo, Zhong	Production, processing, storage, distribution, sale of refined petroleum products, chemical products, and other products.	RMB30,000,000	-	100.00%
38	CIMC Shengda C., L. (CIMC SD)	Business	Shanghai	Shanghai	Production, processing, storage, distribution, sale of refined petroleum products, chemical products, and other products.	RMB204,123,000	98.53%	1.47%
39	CIMC Xinjiang C., L. (SJ4S)	Business	Urumqi, Xinjiang	Urumqi, Xinjiang	Production, processing, storage, distribution, sale of refined petroleum products, chemical products, and other products.	RMB80,000,000	-	63.33%
40	CIMC Guangxi C., L. (HI)	Business	Shanghai, Guangdong	Shanghai, Guangdong	Production, processing, storage, distribution, sale of refined petroleum products, chemical products, and other products.	USD212,225,100	44.33%	19.00%
41	Qingdao CIMC Sinopec C., L. (QDCSR)	Business	Qingdao, Shandong	Qingdao, Shandong	Production, processing, storage, distribution, sale of refined petroleum products, chemical products, and other products.	USD39,184,100	-	100.00%
42	Tianjin CIMC Lube E C., L. (TJCMCLE)	Business	Tianjin	Tianjin	Production, processing, storage, distribution, sale of refined petroleum products, chemical products, and other products.	USD10,000,000	-	83.50%

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Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect
43 Dalian CIMC Lianyungang Economic Development Zone Co., Ltd. (DLL)	Investment holding	Dalian, Liaoning	Dalian, Liaoning	Investment holding, management of investment, management of assets, management of real estate, management of construction projects, management of logistics, management of warehousing, management of transportation, management of information technology, management of consulting services, management of other businesses.	USD14,000,000	-	100.00%
44 Changqing CIMC Lianyungang Economic Development Zone Co., Ltd. (CQLE)	Investment holding	Changqing	Changqing	Investment holding, management of investment, management of assets, management of real estate, management of construction projects, management of logistics, management of warehousing, management of transportation, management of information technology, management of consulting services, management of other businesses.	USD8,000,000	75.00%	25.00%
45 Dalian CIMC Lianyungang Economic Development Zone Co., Ltd. (DLZH)	Investment holding	Dalian, Liaoning	Dalian, Liaoning	Investment holding, management of investment, management of assets, management of real estate, management of construction projects, management of logistics, management of warehousing, management of transportation, management of information technology, management of consulting services, management of other businesses.	USD45,170,000	62.70%	37.30%
46 Shenyang CIMC Lianyungang Economic Development Zone Co., Ltd. (CIMC Shenyang)	Investment holding	Shenyang, Guangdong	Shenyang, Guangdong	Investment holding, management of investment, management of assets, management of real estate, management of construction projects, management of logistics, management of warehousing, management of transportation, management of information technology, management of consulting services, management of other businesses.	RMB66,388,889	62.96%	9.04%
47 CIMC Tianjin Economic Development Zone Co., Ltd. (TCCRC)	Investment holding	Tianjin	Tianjin	Investment holding, management of investment, management of assets, management of real estate, management of construction projects, management of logistics, management of warehousing, management of transportation, management of information technology, management of consulting services, management of other businesses.	RMB450,000,000	-	100.00%
48 Hainan CIMC Binyuan Investment Co., Ltd. (HNW)	Investment holding	Shanghai (Hainan Free Trade Zone)	Shanghai (Hainan Free Trade Zone)	Investment holding, management of investment, management of assets, management of real estate, management of construction projects, management of logistics, management of warehousing, management of transportation, management of information technology, management of consulting services, management of other businesses.	RMB7,450,000,000	1.112%	1.112%

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Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect
51 CIMC Marine Equipment Co., Ltd. (CIMC Tanning)	Business	Shanghai Gongming	Shanghai Gongming				

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Name	Category	Registration	Main
		Place	Premises

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VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(1) Subsidiaries obtained through establishment or business combination (Continued)

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Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect
69 CIMC Container Handling Co., Ltd. (Container Handling)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Shanghai, China	Shanghai, China	Equipment leasing, container handling, etc.	RMB2,736,915,400	100.00%	-
70 Guangxi CIMC Logistics Co., Ltd. (Guangxi Logistics Equipment)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Guangxi, China	Guangxi, China	Container leasing, etc.	RMB15,000,000	-	63.33%
71 Shenyang CIMC Container Inland Gateway Co., Ltd. (Shenyang Inland Gateway)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Xinjiang, China	Xinjiang, China	Equipment leasing, etc.	RMB80,000,000	-	63.33%
72 CIMC Heavy Industry (B.V.I.) Limited (CIMC BVI)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Jingxi, China	Jingxi, China	Equipment leasing, etc.	RMB150,000,000	-	100.00%
73 CIMC International Design & Construction Co., Ltd. (IM Design)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Jingxi, China	Jingxi, China	Design and construction	RMB50,000,000	-	87.40%
74 CIMC China Heavy Industry Co., Ltd. (China Heavy Industry)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Qingdao, China	Qingdao, China	Equipment leasing, etc.	RMB50,000,000	-	100.00%
75 CIMC China Heavy Industry Co., Ltd. (China Heavy Industry)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Qingdao, China	Qingdao, China	Equipment leasing, etc.	RMB979,000,000	-	100.00%
76 Shenyang CIMC Inland Gateway Co., Ltd. (Shenyang Inland Gateway)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Shenyang, China	Shenyang, China	Equipment leasing, etc.	RMB50,000,000	-	63.33%
77 Shenyang CIMC Heavy Industry Co., Ltd. (Shenyang Heavy Industry)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Shenyang, China	Shenyang, China	Equipment leasing, etc.	RMB60,000,000	-	54.70%

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For the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017
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Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect
78 Dingge in China Inn Co., Ltd. (Dingge in China Inn Co., Ltd.)	Property	Dingge, Ningbo	Gongbei Road No. 154, PT1				

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VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(1) Subsidiaries obtained through establishment or business combination (Continued)

	Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
							Direct	Indirect
87	Qingdao CIMC Jinan Container Manufacturing Co., Ltd. (Qingdao Jinan CIMC Container Manufacturing Co., Ltd.)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Qingdao, Shandong	Qingdao, Shandong	Manufacturing and sales of containers, container chassis, etc.	RMB10,000,000	-	82.00%
88	Anhui Urethane Chemical Co., Ltd. (Urethane Chemical Co., Ltd.)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Xuyi, Anhui	Xuyi, Anhui	Production and sales of urethane products, etc.	RMB158,000,000	-	66.24%
89	Zhangjiachang (Tianjin) Chemical Co., Ltd. (Zhangjiachang Chemical Co., Ltd.)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Tianjin	Tianjin	Production and sales of chemical products, etc.	RMB85,761,300	-	75.00%
90	Kunming CIMC Automotive Components Co., Ltd. (Kunming CIMC Automotive Components Co., Ltd.)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Kunming, Yunnan	Kunming, Yunnan	Automotive components manufacturing and sales	RMB80,000,000	-	54.70%
91	CIMC Tianjin (Lingang) Container Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	Wholly owned subsidiary	Lingang, Fujian	Lingang, Fujian	Manufacturing and sales of containers, etc.	RMB20,000,000	-	32.82%
92	Alibaba Group Holding Limited (Zhejiang)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Hangzhou, Zhejiang	Hangzhou, Zhejiang	Internet services, e-commerce, etc.	EUR1,500,000	-	60.00%
93	Shanghai CIMC Yantai Yantai Yantai Co., Ltd. (Shanghai Yantai Yantai Co., Ltd.)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Shanghai, Yantai	Shanghai, Yantai	Manufacturing and sales of containers, etc.	RMB10,000,000	-	54.72%
94	Shanghai CIMC Yantai Yantai Yantai Co., Ltd. (Shanghai Yantai Yantai Co., Ltd.)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Shanghai, Yantai	Shanghai, Yantai	Manufacturing and sales of containers, etc.	RMB137,844,600	-	50.78%
95	Nanjing CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Nanjing CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.)	Wholly owned subsidiary	Nanjing, Jiangsu	Nanjing, Jiangsu	Shipbuilding and repair services	RMB20,000,000	-	70.73%

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VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(1) Subsidiaries obtained through establishment or business combination (Continued)

No.	Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
							Direct	Indirect
96	Donghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Donghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.)	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Donghai, Ningbo	Donghai, Ningbo	Shipbuilding, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB200,000,000	-	63.33%
97	Gonghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Gonghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.)	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Donghai, Ningbo	Donghai, Ningbo	Shipbuilding, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB30,000,000	100%	-
98	Zhanghai (Tianjin) Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Zhanghai Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.)	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Tianjin	Tianjin	Shipbuilding, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB79,475,000	-	75.00%
99	CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Jiangsu CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.)	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Jiangsu, Ningbo	Jiangsu, Ningbo	Shipbuilding, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB50,000,000	-	100.00%
100	Shanghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Shanghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.)	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Shanghai, Ningbo	Shanghai, Ningbo	Shipbuilding, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB152,500,000	-	63.33%
101	CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Minghai Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.)	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Tianjin	Tianjin	Shipbuilding, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB1,049,226,700	100.00%	-
102	Donghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Donghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.)	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Donghai, Ningbo	Donghai, Ningbo	Shipbuilding, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB600,000,000	-	100.00%
103	Ninghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Ninghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.)	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Ningbo	Ningbo	Shipbuilding, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB500,000,000	-	100.00%
104	Shanghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (Shanghai CIMC Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.)	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Shanghai	Shanghai	Shipbuilding, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB50,000,000	-	100.00%

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(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(1) Subsidiaries obtained through establishment or business combination (Continued)

()

No.	Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
							Direct	Indirect
105	Shanghai Tianhui Zhongyuan Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (Shanghai Tianhui Zhongyuan)	Property Development	Shanghai	Shanghai	Real estate development	RMB30,000,000	-	66.24%
106	Guangdong Zhongda Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (Guangdong Zhongda Real Estate Development)	Property Development	Jiangmen	Jiangmen	Manufacturing, processing, trade	RMB31,800,000	19.01%	80.99%
107	Yonghe CIMCHong Kong International Container Terminal Co., Ltd. (Yonghe Hong Kong International Container Terminal)	Property Development	Yonghe	Yonghe	Manufacturing, processing, trade, real estate development	RMB25,000,000	-	82.00%
108	Yonghe CIMCDong Kong International Container Terminal Co., Ltd. (Yonghe Dong Kong International Container Terminal)	Property Development	Yonghe	Yonghe	Manufacturing, processing, trade, real estate development	RMB25,000,000	-	82.00%
109	Yonghe CIMCHong Kong International Container Terminal Co., Ltd. (Yonghe Hong Kong International Container Terminal)	Property Development	Yonghe	Yonghe	Manufacturing, processing, trade, real estate development	RMB35,000,000	-	82.00%
110	Yonghe CIMCHong Kong International Container Terminal Co., Ltd. (Yonghe Hong Kong International Container Terminal)	Property Development	Yonghe	Yonghe	Manufacturing, processing, trade, real estate development	USD20,000,000	50.00%	50.00%
111	Zhonghe CIMCHong Kong International Container Terminal Co., Ltd. (Zhonghe Hong Kong International Container Terminal)	Property Development	Zhonghe	Zhonghe	Manufacturing, processing, trade, real estate development	RMB43,000,000	-	66.00%
112	CIMCEurope International Container Terminal Co., Ltd. (Europe International Container Terminal)	Property Development	Shanghai	Shanghai	Real estate development	USD80,000,000	-	70.73%
113	Zhonghe CIMCHong Kong International Container Terminal Co., Ltd. (Zhonghe Hong Kong International Container Terminal)	Property Development	Zhonghe	Zhonghe	Manufacturing, processing, trade, real estate development	RMB30,000,000	-	63.66%

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Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information

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Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect

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VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(1)

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VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(1) Subsidiaries obtained through establishment or business combination (Continued)

Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect
137 China Hing Lian (China)	Business	Hong Kong, China	Hong Kong, China	International trading	HKD10,000	-	70.73%
138 China B. Hing Lian (China)	Business	B. Hing V. gn	B. Hing V. gn	International trading	USD50,000	-	63.33%
139 Sh. V. gn Hing Lian (Sh. V. gn)	Business	Hong Kong, China	Hong Kong, China	International trading	HKD1	-	100.00%
140 S. n. W. gn Hing Lian (S. n. W. gn)	Business	B. Hing V. gn	B. Hing V. gn	International trading	USD50,000	-	70.73%
141 G. R. Lian (G. R.)	Business	Hong Kong, China	Hong Kong, China	International trading	HKD1	-	100.00%
142 P. Hing Lian (P. Hing Lian)	Business	B. Hing V. gn	B. Hing V. gn	International trading	USD10	-	100.00%
143 C. Hing Lian U.A.	Business	Hill n	Hill n	International trading	EUR75,000,000	-	70.73%
144 H. Hing B.V.	Business	Hill n	Hill n	International trading	EUR90,000	-	70.73%
145 CIMC Finance (HK) Co., Ltd.	Business	Hong Kong, China	Hong Kong, China	Finance	HKD500,000	-	100.00%
146 CIMC O. Hing Lian (CIMC O. Hing Lian)	Business	Hong Kong, China	Hong Kong, China	International trading	HKD2,234,855,000	-	100.00%
147 C. Hing Lian U.A. (COOP)	Business	Hill n	Hill n	International trading	EUR25,500,000	99.00%	1.00%
148 N. Hing Lian (NSR)	Business	B. Hing V. gn	B. Hing V. gn	Finance	USD6,000	-	91.50%

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Name

Category

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Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Pre2istration
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Financial Statements for the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017
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(English text prevails over Chinese text in case of discrepancy)

VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(2) The Group does not have subsidiaries obtained through combination under common control

(3) Subsidiaries acquired through combinations under non-common control

(4) Details of subsidiaries

Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect
1. Long CIMC Long A CO, LTD. (LYV)	Business	Long	Long	Production and sales of various types of steel coils, steel plates, steel pipes, etc.	RMB122,745,700	-	45.26%
2. Wuh CIMC Rong A CO LTD (WHVS)	Business	Wuh, Anh	Wuh, Anh	Production and sales of various types of steel coils, steel plates, steel pipes, etc.	RMB161,786,100	-	45.76%
3. Longshandong A CO, LTD. (LSDYV)	Business	Longshandong	Longshandong	Production and sales of various types of steel coils, steel plates, steel pipes, etc.	RMB90,000,000	-	44.39%
4. Qiong CIMC C M CO, LTD. (QDCC)	Business	Qiong	Qiong	Production and sales of various types of steel coils, steel plates, steel pipes, etc.	USD27,840,000	-	100.00%
5. Qiong CIMC C M CO, LTD. (QDCC)	Business	Qiong	Qiong	Production and sales of various types of steel coils, steel plates, steel pipes, etc.	USD86,846,680	-	100.00%
6. Tianjin CIMC N C CO, LTD. (TJCMC)	Business	Tianjin	Tianjin	Production and sales of various types of steel coils, steel plates, steel pipes, etc.	USD15,469,300	47.50%	52.50%
7. Shengh CIMC B L CO, LTD. (SBWL)	Business	Shengh	Shengh	Production and sales of various types of steel coils, steel plates, steel pipes, etc.	USD28,500,000	-	94.74%
8. CIMC Wuh (G) (Shandong) CO, LTD. (KGR)	Business	Zhong	Zhong	Production and sales of various types of steel coils, steel plates, steel pipes, etc.	USD18,930,100	-	55.10%

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(3) Subsidiaries acquired through combinations under non-common control (Continued)

Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect
17 Shij h ng E C E (Shij h ng E)	B	Shij h ng, H	Shij h ng, H	M n : -ng	USD32,000,000	-	70.73%
18 E (L ng, ng) E g E (L ng, ng E)	B	L ng, ng, H	L ng, ng, H	M n : -ng n -ng E	HKD115,000,000	-	70.73%
19 E (B jng) E g h n g C, L (B jng E)	B	B jng	B jng	M n : -ng n -ng E	HKD40,000,000	-	70.73%
20 CIMC E (J ng n) E g E	B	J ng n, H	J ng n, H	S h : n g h n g n g h n g	HKD50,000,000	-	70.73%
21 J ng n H ng S l (J ng n H ng)	B	J ng n, H	J ng n, H	E l n g h n g n g n g n g	RMB100,000,000	-	56.58%
22 N ng CIMC W C, L (NGCIMCW)	B	N ng, Anh	N ng, Anh	P n n g n g n g n g	RMB9,884,600	-	60.00%
23 Y n CIMC R (YCRO)	B	Y n, Sh n ng	Y n, Sh n ng	C n g n g n g n g n g	RMB2,291,190,000	-	97.89%

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(3) Subsidiaries acquired through combinations under non-common control (Continued)

() () () () () () () () () ()

No.	Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
							Direct	Indirect
24	Yantai CIMC Raffles Container Co., Ltd. (YCRS)	Business	Yantai, Shandong	Yantai, Shandong	Container manufacturing, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB125,980,000	-	83.47%
25	Hong Kong CIMC Raffles Container Co., Ltd. (HCRO)	Business	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Container manufacturing, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB200,000,000	-	97.89%
26	Lianyungang CIMC Raffles Container Co., Ltd. (LCRO)	Business	Lianyungang, Shandong	Lianyungang, Shandong	Container manufacturing, repair, maintenance, etc.	RMB290,000,000	-	97.89%
27	Shandong Mianhuo Ship Management Co., Ltd. (SDMV)	Business	Jinan, Shandong	Jinan, Shandong	Marine equipment management, etc.	RMB66,000,000	-	44.39%
28	Xinjiang Aierke Shipping Co., Ltd. (XAJ)	Business	Urumqi, Xinjiang	Urumqi, Xinjiang	Marine equipment management, etc.	RMB25,000,000	-	38.29%
29	Yantai Yigong Ship Management Co., Ltd. (YJFR)	Business	Yantai, Shandong	Yantai, Shandong	Marine equipment management, etc.	RMB10,000,000	-	49.20%
30	Nanjing Yigong Ship Management & Engineering Co., Ltd. (YNG)	Business	Nanjing, Jiangsu	Nanjing, Jiangsu	Marine equipment management, etc.	RMB88,000,000	-	70.73%

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Financial statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English translation of the original Chinese text)

Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect
31 Zhongguo Lianhe Gaojiang C., Ltd. (Zhongguo Lianhe Gaojiang C.)	Banking	Tianjin	Tianjin				

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Financial statements for the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017

(All figures in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

	Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
							Direct	Indirect
40	Zhānhǎi Dǎngjīng (Tǎnjīn) Cǎi, Lǐ. (Zhānhǎi Dǎngjīng (Tǎnjīn))	Board of directors	Tǎnjīn	Tǎnjīn	Container manufacturing and leasing	RMB50,000,000	-	75.00%
41	Tǎnjīn Zhānhǎi Lǎidǎn Lǐ Tǎnjīn Bǎi Wǎnhéng (Tǎnjīn Zhānhǎi Tǎnjīn Bǎi)	Board of directors	Tǎnjīn	Tǎnjīn	Container manufacturing and leasing	RMB5,628,800	-	75.00%
42	Běijīng Shìyǐng (Shānhǎi) Cǎi, Lǐ. (Shānhǎi Běijīng)	Board of directors	Shānhǎi, Gǎnggǎng	Shānhǎi, Gǎnggǎng	Production and sale of containers and related products	HKD7,500,000	-	70.00%
43	Běijīng Shìyǐng (Shānghǎi) Cǎi, Lǐ. (Shānghǎi Běijīng)	Board of directors	Shānghǎi	Shānghǎi	Production and sale of containers and related products	USD513,000	-	70.00%
44	Tǎnjīn Shìyǐng Kǎohéng Lǐ B335(T)111 (B335/41G)	Board of directors	Tǎnjīn	Tǎnjīn	Container manufacturing and leasing	RMB50,000,000	-	-

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For the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English text and Chinese text are for reference only)

Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises
Ruiji Lo.41217f(Wuhu) Co., Ltd (WARRJL)	truck special-use vehicles, engd(ering)J.5 93Td(Re1ET65 2.824Tj0 -MB1,100,000,000(Re12.14		
Premi2 Td(Reg/ntitytion.5 931siness scoeSY.4(Wuhu,137(Anhui))ss scoeSY.4(Wuhu,137(Anhui))J(B)T043ss sc	Manufacture and sale of agricultur0 1vehicles agricultur0 1machd(Td and)TJ. i8 337 1(r)18(ele		Henan,

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(3) Subsidiaries acquired through combinations under non-common control (Continued)

	Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
							Direct	Indirect
56	CIMC Rilling Ship Management Co., Ltd. (CIMC Rilling)	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Australia	Australia	Ship management	AUD50,000	-	63.33%
57	Enfeng Energy Holdings Limited (Enfeng)	Wholly-owned subsidiary	China	China	Investment management	HKD1,936,838,008 HKD0.01 per share	-	70.73%
58	Bergin B.V.	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Holland	Holland	Investment management	EUR841,267	-	100.00%
59	CIMC ENRIC Tonnage B.V.	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Holland	Holland	Investment management	EUR20,000,000	-	70.73%
60	Zhejiang Haili B.V.	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Holland	Holland	Ship management	EUR136,200	-	70.73%
61	Zhejiang Haili Investment B.V.	Wholly-owned subsidiary	Holland	Holland	Investment management, ship management	CIMC Rilling	-	-

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Financial statements for the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text Only)

VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(3) Subsidiaries acquired through combinations under non-common control (Continued)

Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect
68 BGS B.V.	Bermuda	Holland	Holland	Investment management and other financial services	EUR150,000	-	70.73%
69 LAGT N.V.	Bermuda	Netherlands	Netherlands	Investment management and other financial services	EUR3,245,000	-	63.33%
70 Zing N.V.	Bermuda	Netherlands	Netherlands	Investment management and other financial services	EUR991,600	-	70.79%
71 Zing N.V.	Bermuda	Netherlands	Netherlands	Investment management and other financial services	EUR248,000	-	63.33%
72 Zing A/S	Bermuda	Denmark	Denmark	Investment management and other financial services	DKK1,000,000	-	70.73%
73 DCEC LLC (DCEC)	Bermuda	USA	USA	Investment management and other financial services	USD10,000,000	-	63.33%
74 CIMC TGE Gas Engineering (TGESA)	Bermuda	Laos	Laos	Gas engineering	EUR50,000	-	60.00%
75 TGE Gas Engineering GmbH (TGE Gas)	Bermuda	Germany	Germany	EP+CS design, production, construction, operation and maintenance of LNG, LPG storage and other gas projects	EUR1,000,000	-	60.00%
76 CIMC Rongsheng (Singapore) Limited (Rongsheng)	Bermuda	Singapore	Singapore	Production, operation and maintenance of LNG, LPG storage and other gas projects	SGD594,416,915 USD303,122,013	-	100.00%

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017

(All figures in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text Only)

Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect
77 CIMC R 船務代理有限公司	船務代理	Hong Kong, Chn	Hong Kong, Chn	代理船舶代理	HKD2	-	100.00%
78 CIMC R 船務代理有限公司	船務代理	Sing	Sing	代理船舶代理	SGD2	-	100.00%
79 中國船舶代理有限公司	船務代理	Sing	Sing	代理船舶代理	USD30,000,000	-	100.00%
80 中國船舶代理有限公司 (中國船舶)	船務代理	United Kingdom	United Kingdom	代理船舶代理	GBP100	-	60.00%
81 G 船務代理有限公司	船務代理	Sweden	Sweden	代理船舶代理	SEK1,000,000	-	100.00%
82 中國船舶代理有限公司 (中國船舶)	船務代理	Hong Kong, Chn	Hong Kong, Chn	代理船舶代理	USD1	-	100.00%
83 中國船舶代理有限公司 (中國船舶)	船務代理	Germany	Germany	代理船舶代理	EUR16,000,000	-	70.73%
84 中國船舶代理有限公司 (中國船舶)	船務代理	Germany	Germany	代理船舶代理	EUR13,543,000	-	60.00%
85 中國船舶代理有限公司 (中國船舶)	船務代理	Sweden	Sweden	代理船舶代理	SEK1,000,000	-	90.00%
86 CIMC MBS LIMITED (CML)	船務代理	United Kingdom	United Kingdom	代理船舶代理	GBP3,884,303	-	100.00%
87 中國船舶代理有限公司 (中國船舶)	船務代理	Hong Kong, Chn	Hong Kong, Chn	代理船舶代理	USD6,600,000	-	75.00%

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English text and Chinese text are equally authentic)

VI.

Name	Category	Registration Place	Main Premises	Business scope	Share capital issued and information of bonds	Shareholding percentage (%)	
						Direct	Indirect
88 CIMC A.R.T. E. n. p. L. (CARTE)	B	A	A	International trade	AUD8,300,000	-	63.33%
89 B. n. p. L. (B. n. p. L. H. n. p. L.)	B	H. n. p. L. Chn	H. n. p. L. Chn	International trade	HKD10,000,000	-	70.00%
90 B. n. p. L. (H. n. p. L. B. n. p. L.)	B	H. n. p. L. Chn	H. n. p. L. Chn	International trade	HKD5,000,000	-	70.00%
91 B. n. p. L. (B. n. p. L. L.)	B	S. n. p. L.	S. n. p. L.	International trade	SGD322,947,152	-	78.14%
92 B. n. p. L. (VIL)	B	U. n. p. L. K. n. p. L.	U. n. p. L. K. n. p. L.	International trade	GBP1,108	-	100.00%
93 CIMC B. n. p. L. (CDL)	B	U. n. p. L. K. n. p. L.	U. n. p. L. K. n. p. L.	International trade	GBP1	-	100.00%
94 B. n. p. L. (VSL)	B	U. n. p. L. K. n. p. L.	U. n. p. L. K. n. p. L.	International trade	GBP1	-	100.00%
95 B. n. p. L.	B	U. n. p. L. K. n. p. L.	U. n. p. L. K. n. p. L.	International trade	GBP3,385,000	-	70.73%
96 B. n. p. L.	B	U. n. p. L. K. n. p. L.	U. n. p. L. K. n. p. L.	International trade	692,041	-	63.33%

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 July 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

VI. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

1. Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(4) There is no significant partial disposal of subsidiary equity in current period (not losing control).

(5) There is no acquisition of significant minority interests in the current period.

2. Equity in associates and joint ventures

(1) Basic information of major associates and joint ventures

	Main Premises	Registration Place	Nature of business	Strategic for the group or not	Shareholding ratio-Direct	Shareholding ratio-Indirect
Joint ventures –						
NKY Zhai nh	Taijia	Taijia	Logistics and warehousing	No	-	38.25%
Y&C Engne	Wuhan, Anhui	Wuhan, Anhui	Manufacturing and trading of various types of engineering machinery	No	-	33.12%
Associates –						
LH Baog	Bahai	Bahai	Gas and oil engineering and construction	No	-	15.58%
Shanghai Fengng	Shanghai	Shanghai	Real estate development and management	No	-	40.00%
TSC	Hong Kong (USA)	China (USA)	Logistics and warehousing	No	-	13.42%
Jisheng	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Logistics and warehousing	No	-	30.00%
Cheng	Guangdong	China (Guangdong)	Real estate development and management	No	-	30.00%
Shanghai International	Shanghai	Shanghai	Logistics and warehousing	No	-	45.00%

The above information is based on the latest available information.

(2) Excess deficit of major associates and joint ventures

The above information is based on the latest available information.

VII. EQUITY OF THE STRUCTURED BODY NOT INCLUDED IN THE CONSOLIDATION RANGE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The above information is based on the latest available information.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial statements for the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English text has prevailed over the Chinese text)

VIII. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- The company does not have any holding company.
- For the information on the subsidiaries of the company, refer to Note VI.1.
- For the information about the joint ventures and associates of the Company, refer to Note VI.2.

In accordance with the requirements of the Accounting Standards for Joint Ventures and Associates, the following table provides information about the joint ventures and associates of the Company:

	Main place of business	Registered Address	The nature of the business	The group activity is strategic	Shareholding percentage – direct	Shareholding percentage – indirect
Joint ventures -						
Gongshang Alloy	Nanning	Nanning	Aluminum smelting	No	-	50.00%
'K' Lian Zhenheng Logistics	Taijin	Taijin	Logistics	No	-	38.25%
Qinghai Bogen	Qinghai	Qinghai	Chemical products	No	-	35.00%
Shanghai Bogen	Shanghai	Shanghai	Chemical products	No	-	35.00%
Taijin Jinhua Bogen	Taijin	Taijin	Chemical products	No	-	35.00%
Associates						
Xinhua W	Xinhua	Xinhua	W	No	-	35.00%
Renyi Leifeng	Zhenjiang	Zhenjiang	Real estate	No	-	16.40%
Qinghai Nongda	Fujian	Fujian	Beverages	No	-	30.00%
Xinong W	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	W	No	-	20.00%
Shanghai Shiji	Shanghai	Shanghai	Automotive	No	-	15.83%
Zhenjiang Xinlong B	Zhenjiang	Zhenjiang	Beverages	No	-	30.00%
Dilin Jilong	Dilin	Dilin	Logistics	No	-	30.00%
Taijin Sini Dajing	Taijin	Taijin	Automotive	No	-	39.22%
Anhui H	Anhui	Anhui	H	No	-	39.22%
Xinong CIMC	Xinong	Xinong	Chemical products	No	-	45.00%
Ningbo Lin	Ningbo	Ningbo	Chemical products	No	-	21.00%

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

VIII. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

4. Information of other related parties

Company name	Relationship with the Group
SUMITOMO CORPORATION	Minority shareholder
Shanghai Deyuan	Minority shareholder
Qingdao F&L	Subsidiary
F&L	Subsidiary
Guangzhou	Minority shareholder
Ashington Co., Ltd.	Minority shareholder
Shanghai	Minority shareholder
China Merchants Shipping Line (Zhejiang) Holdings Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary
Florida Container Corp. S.A.	Subsidiary
China COSCO Shipping Limited	Subsidiary
Florida Container Corp. S.A.	Subsidiary

Note: Subsidiary companies are controlled by the Group holding more than 50% (or more) of the voting power.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Frühjahr 2017

(All in million RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Translation Only)

VIII.

	For the Period from January 1, 2016 to June 30, 2016	For the Period from July 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016
	Amount	Amount
Net income	63,809	38,242
Other comprehensive income	93,174	20,078
Total	156,983	58,320

(3) Financing

Interest income			
Financing received	45,571	1968-1970-2008	522
			Sh n F
			Financing provided

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for Reference Only)

VIII.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

VIII. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

5. Related party transactions (Continued)

(4) Other related party transactions (Continued)

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Details of the remuneration for other management service of the Company or subsidiaries for the year ended 31 January 2017 are as follows:

Name	Emoluments for other management service of the Company or subsidiaries							Total
	Remuneration	Salary and allowance	Pension	Bonus	Entry Bonus	Housing allowance	Others	
D. H. H.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
W. ng H. ng	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
W. ng Y. h. ng	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M. B. ng	-	1,350	42	-	-	-	223	1,615
W. ng Zh. n	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
L. Ch. ng	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P. n Ch. ng	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
W. ng G. n	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
P. n Zh. ng	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total	300	1,350	42	-	-	-	223	1,915
S. ng B. ng	-	86	21	-	-	-	6	113
L. n L. N. ng ()	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zh. ng M. ng. n	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
L. Sh. ng h. N. ng ()	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	86	21	-	-	-	6	113
O. H. S. n	-	661	55	-	-	-	16	732
W. F. ng	-	401	54	-	-	-	16	471
L. Y. nh	-	688	55	-	-	-	16	759
L. X. b. ng	-	661	-	-	-	-	-	661
Zh. ng B. ng	-	375	-	-	-	-	-	375
Y. Y. ng	-	718	45	-	-	-	11	774
G. X. ng	-	330	-	-	-	-	-	330
J. n J. nl. ng N. ng ()	-	170	22	-	-	-	8	200
Z. ng H. ng N. ng ()	-	568	48	-	-	-	16	632
Y. ng R. ng	-	660	42	-	-	-	16	718
Y. Y. ng	-	5,232	321	-	-	-	99	5,652
S. b. ng	-	6,668	384	-	-	-	328	7,680
Total	300	6,668	384	-	-	-	328	7,680

N. ng () : For the year ended 2016, the remuneration for other management service of the Company or subsidiaries for the year ended 31 January 2016 is as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is the authoritative version)

VIII. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

5. Related party transactions (Continued)

(4) Other related party transactions (Continued)

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Filing Date: 30 Jan 2017
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5. Related party transactions (Continued)

(4) Other related party transactions (Continued)

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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For the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for Reference Only)

Final version accepted 30 June 2017

(All in million RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Translation Only)

2. Information on equity-settled share-based payment

(1) Information on equity-settled share-based payment of Eric

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Mathematische Beweismethoden:

	30 June 2017 '000	31 March 2016 '000
Depreciation and amortisation expense	83,572	86,599
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	-
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	(1,676)	(1,211)
Change in provisions for doubtful debts	(162)	(1,776)
Financial income	(132)	(40)
En ng b l	81,602	83,572

(English Text - In Revision Only)

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are on the same page)

IX. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Information on equity-settled share-based payment (Continued)

(2) Information on equity-settled share-based payment of the Company (Continued)

Measurement of the share-based payment of the Company:

	30 June 2017 '000	31 Dec 2016 '000
Beginning balance	25,229	25,986
Share-based payment expense	(1,776)	(757)
Share-based payment income	-	-
Share-based payment expense	-	-
Ending balance	23,453	25,229

(3) Basis of the best estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest is as follows:

At the end of the reporting period, the Company has issued 414,679 shares of restricted shares to its employees. The restricted shares are subject to a three-year vesting period. The Company has estimated the number of restricted shares expected to vest based on the historical experience of the employees who have left the Company during the vesting period.

The following table shows the number of restricted shares expected to vest at the end of the reporting period:

At 30 June 2017, the number of restricted shares expected to vest	414,679
Termination of restricted shares during the period:	
- Share-based payment of the Company	-
- Share-based payment of the Group	9,583
	9,583

Notes to the Financial Statements

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财务报表附注 (截至2017年12月31日止)
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

X. CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

3. Notes payable issued but not accounted for, outstanding letter of credit issued but undue and outstanding performance guarantees

The Group's notes payable issued but not accounted for, outstanding letter of credit issued but undue and outstanding performance guarantees are as follows:

截至2017年12月31日, 本集团尚未入账的应付票据、尚未结清的信用证以及尚未履行的履约保函余额如下:

RMB330,227,000 (2016: RMB88,443,000), RMB418,670,000 (2016: RMB1,143,013,000).

截至2017年12月31日, 本集团尚未入账的应付票据、尚未结清的信用证以及尚未履行的履约保函余额如下:

RMB915,000,000 (2016: RMB135,501,000), USD20,000,000 (2016: RMB1,050,501,000).

截至2017年12月31日, CMIC Bank's notes payable issued but not accounted for, outstanding letter of credit issued but undue and outstanding performance guarantees are as follows:

截至2017年12月31日, CMIC Bank's 尚未入账的应付票据、尚未结清的信用证以及尚未履行的履约保函余额如下:

USD53,753,000 (2016: RMB364,183,000), RMB364,183,000 (2016: RMB364,183,000), USD32,000,000 (2016: RMB216,802,000), USD21,753,000 (2016: RMB147,381,000).

截至2017年12月31日, CIMC Bank's notes payable issued but not accounted for, outstanding letter of credit issued but undue and outstanding performance guarantees are as follows:

截至2017年12月31日, CIMC Bank's 尚未入账的应付票据、尚未结清的信用证以及尚未履行的履约保函余额如下:

RMB698,752,000 (2016: RMB342,096,000), RMB342,096,000 (2016: RMB342,096,000), RMB356,656,000 (2016: RMB779,018,000).

截至2017年12月31日, TLC's notes payable issued but not accounted for, outstanding letter of credit issued but undue and outstanding performance guarantees are as follows:

截至2017年12月31日, TLC's 尚未入账的应付票据、尚未结清的信用证以及尚未履行的履约保函余额如下:

USD115,000 (2016: RMB799,000), RMB799,000 (2016: RMB2,844,000).

截至2017年12月31日, QDCRC's notes payable issued but not accounted for, outstanding letter of credit issued but undue and outstanding performance guarantees are as follows:

截至2017年12月31日, QDCRC's 尚未入账的应付票据、尚未结清的信用证以及尚未履行的履约保函余额如下:

RMB32,537,000 (2016: RMB10,478,000).

截至2017年12月31日, TAS's notes payable issued but not accounted for, outstanding letter of credit issued but undue and outstanding performance guarantees are as follows:

截至2017年12月31日, TAS's 尚未入账的应付票据、尚未结清的信用证以及尚未履行的履约保函余额如下:

684,748,000 (2016: RMB375,133,000), RMB20,540,000 (2016: RMB32,669,000), RMB256,406,000 (2016: RMB682,818,000).

截至2017年12月31日, CIMC Bank's notes payable issued but not accounted for, outstanding letter of credit issued but undue and outstanding performance guarantees are as follows:

截至2017年12月31日, CIMC Bank's 尚未入账的应付票据、尚未结清的信用证以及尚未履行的履约保函余额如下:

RMB23,493,000 (2016: RMB1,593,000), RMB5,600,000 (2016: RMB9,000,000), RMB39,916,000 (2016: RMB28,396,000).

截至2017年12月31日, Zhan's notes payable issued but not accounted for, outstanding letter of credit issued but undue and outstanding performance guarantees are as follows:

截至2017年12月31日, Zhan's 尚未入账的应付票据、尚未结清的信用证以及尚未履行的履约保函余额如下:

RMB12,970,000 (2016: RMB42,125,000).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

X. CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

3. Notes payable issued but not accounted for, outstanding letter of credit issued but undue and outstanding performance guarantees (Continued)

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For the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for Reference Only)

(English Text Only)

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are equally authentic)

XIII. SEGMENT REPORTING

In accordance with the Group's internal management structure, the Group has divided its operations into three main segments: Engineering, Construction, and Real Estate. The Group's operations are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China, with some operations in other countries. The Group's operations are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China, with some operations in other countries. The Group's operations are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China, with some operations in other countries.

1. Segment profits, losses, assets and liabilities

In accordance with the Group's internal management structure, the Group has divided its operations into three main segments: Engineering, Construction, and Real Estate. The Group's operations are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China, with some operations in other countries. The Group's operations are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China, with some operations in other countries.

The Group's operations are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China, with some operations in other countries. The Group's operations are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China, with some operations in other countries. The Group's operations are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China, with some operations in other countries.

The Group's operations are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China, with some operations in other countries. The Group's operations are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China, with some operations in other countries. The Group's operations are primarily conducted in the People's Republic of China, with some operations in other countries.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

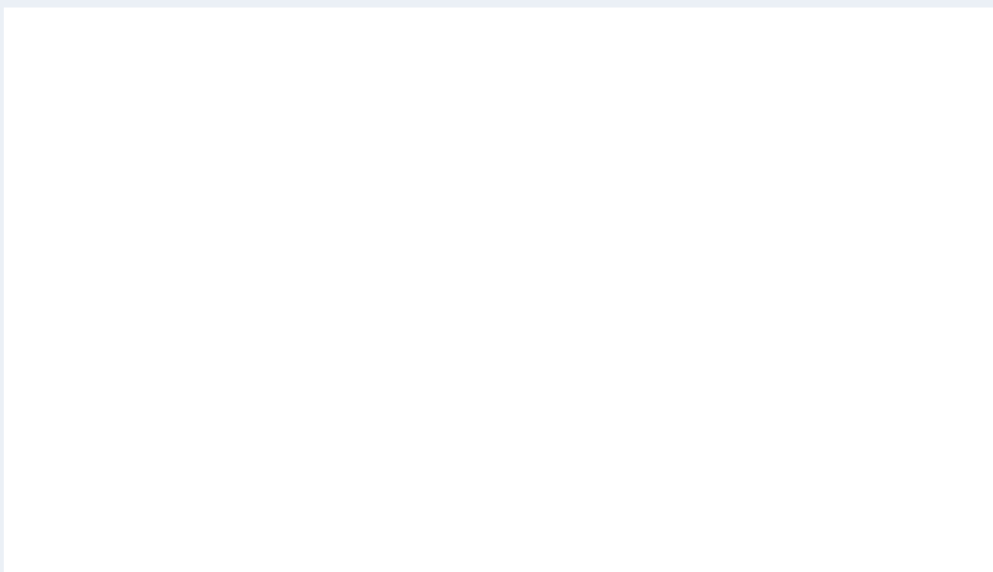
XIII. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

1. Segment profits, losses, assets and liabilities (Continued)

In the period, the Group has no segment information. The Group's operating segments are as follows: (1) Marine Transportation; (2) Marine Engineering; (3) Marine Equipment; (4) Marine Services; (5) Marine Insurance; (6) Marine Finance; (7) Marine Real Estate; (8) Marine Other. The Group's segment information is as follows:

Road 9T-4.826 -1.667 Td(tran)0.5(sportatio)0.5(n 9T3.23 -1.667 Td(vehic)0.5(le79T30.029 Tw 7.861 5 Td(Ena))0.5(gy an)0.5(d 9T-0.426 -1.667 Td(chem)0.5(istry & 9T-0.02 Tw 3.85 -1.667 Td(food)0.5(9T-3.188 -1.667 Td(equi)0.5(pment9T

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period from January 1 to December 31, 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for Reference Only)

XIII. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

1. Segment profits, losses, assets and liabilities (Continued)

In the period, the Group has no segment assets and liabilities. The Group's segment assets and liabilities are included in the consolidated financial statements. The Group's segment assets and liabilities are included in the consolidated financial statements. The Group's segment assets and liabilities are included in the consolidated financial statements.

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2. Geographic information

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
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 (English Text and Chinese Text are equally authentic)

XIV. FINANCIAL RISK AND FAIR VALUES ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

1. Credit risk

Our credit risk is primarily concentrated in the receivables from customers. We have established a credit management system to monitor and control the credit risk. The Group has established a credit management system to monitor and control the credit risk. The Group has established a credit management system to monitor and control the credit risk.

The Group has established a credit management system to monitor and control the credit risk. The Group has established a credit management system to monitor and control the credit risk. The Group has established a credit management system to monitor and control the credit risk.

In addition, the Group has established a credit management system to monitor and control the credit risk. The Group has established a credit management system to monitor and control the credit risk. The Group has established a credit management system to monitor and control the credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All monetary amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

XIV. FINANCIAL RISK AND FAIR VALUES ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

2. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations as they fall due. The Company monitors its liquidity risk by ensuring that it has sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its obligations as they fall due. The Company also monitors its liquidity risk by ensuring that it has sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its obligations as they fall due. The Company also monitors its liquidity risk by ensuring that it has sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its obligations as they fall due.

The following table shows the Company's liquidity risk as at 30 June 2017. The Company's liquidity risk is measured by the Company's cash and cash equivalents, which are classified as current assets. The Company's liquidity risk is measured by the Company's cash and cash equivalents, which are classified as current assets. The Company's liquidity risk is measured by the Company's cash and cash equivalents, which are classified as current assets.

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text and Chinese Text are on a separate page)

XIV. FINANCIAL RISK AND FAIR VALUES ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

2. Liquidity risk (Continued)

Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2016

	W. H. P.	1-2	2-5	Q-5	Total	Cong
	in million	months	months	months		in million
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	6,325,998	-	-	-	6,325,998	6,325,998
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	141,160	-	325,187	-	466,347	466,347
Derivatives	24,619,828	-	-	-	24,619,828	24,619,828
Loans and receivables	5,513,253	-	-	-	5,513,253	3,941,689
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	36,803	412,240	449,043	442,726
Investments	9,250	-	-	-	9,250	9,250
Due from banks	41,959	-	-	-	41,959	41,959
Long-term investments	-	3,997,923	5,268,322	12,907,684	22,173,929	13,220,242
Subtotal	36,651,448	3,997,923	5,630,312	13,319,924	59,599,607	49,068,039
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	199,225	-	3,816	-	203,041	203,041
Short-term borrowings	15,729,787	-	-	-	15,729,787	15,729,787
Notes payable	1,551,582	-	-	-	1,551,582	1,551,582
Accounts payable	189,000	189,000	8,175,500	-	8,553,500	7,986,500
Other financial liabilities	15,315,024	-	-	-	15,315,024	15,315,024
Investments	303,375	-	-	-	303,375	303,375
Due to banks	16,746	-	-	-	16,746	16,746
Cash and cash equivalents	3,667,872	-	-	-	3,667,872	3,667,872
Other financial liabilities	1,666,966	-	-	-	1,666,966	1,687,762
Long-term borrowings	1,056,608	10,819,611	16,387,132	3,464,214	31,727,565	27,023,222
Long-term investments	-	520,988	4,767	23,220	548,975	529,372
Other financial liabilities	314,210	314,210	314,210	1,685,812	2,628,442	2,037,458
Subtotal	40,010,395	11,843,809	24,885,425	5,173,246	81,912,875	76,051,741
Net	(3,358,947)	(7,845,886)	(19,255,113)	8,146,678	(22,313,268)	(26,983,702)

Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2016

	30 June 2017		31 December 2016	
	Bank borrowings	Other borrowings	Bank borrowings	Other borrowings
W. H. P.	23,546,054	-	19,255,497	-
1-2	4,773,878	-	9,763,003	-
2-5	15,472,650	-	14,362,508	-
Q-5	2,709,669	-	2,897,711	-
	46,502,251	-	46,278,719	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

XIV. FINANCIAL RISK AND FAIR VALUES ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

3. Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk arising from its financial assets and liabilities. The Group's interest rate risk arises from its financial assets and liabilities, which are denominated in various currencies. The Group's interest rate risk is managed by using derivative financial instruments, such as interest rate swaps, to hedge the interest rate risk. The Group's interest rate risk is managed by using derivative financial instruments, such as interest rate swaps, to hedge the interest rate risk.

(1) As at 30 June 2017, the Group held the following interest-bearing financial instruments:

	30 June 2017		31 June 2016	
	Interest rate (%)	Amount	Interest rate (%)	Amount
Financial asset				
- Long-term bank deposits	2.58%-17.53%	13,499,327	2.58%-17.53%	13,220,242
- Current bank deposits	2.58%-17.53%	4,118,028	2.58%-17.53%	3,941,689
Financial liabilities				
- Short-term bank borrowings	1.30%-6.09%	8,103,587	0.65%-16.41%	6,280,953
- Medium-term bank borrowings	3.07%-3.89%	7,986,500	3.07%-3.89%	7,986,500
- Current bank borrowings	2.38%-3.35%	995,408	2.65%-2.90%	800,000
- Long-term bank borrowings	1.20%-6.37%	1,936,946	1.45%-6.37%	1,043,007
- Other bank borrowings	0.01%-1.00%	2,583,959	0.01%-1.00%	1,666,966
- Other bank borrowings	4.99%-12.00%	2,037,458	4.99%-12.00%	2,037,458
Total		(6,026,503)		(2,652,953)

	30 June 2017		31 June 2016	
	Interest rate (%)	Amount	Interest rate (%)	Amount
Financial asset				
- Current bank deposits	0.30%-2.75%	5,737,102	0.30%-2.75%	6,325,998
Financial liabilities				
- Current bank borrowings	3M Libor+165bps~3M Libor+240bps	3,896,006	1.15%+1M Libor~3M Libor+240bps	2,725,710
- Long-term bank borrowings	1.15%+1M Libor~6M Libor+195bps	21,728,143	1.15%+1M Libor~6M Libor+310bps	25,980,215
- Short-term bank borrowings	1M Libor+150bps~6M Libor+70bps	9,842,161	1M Libor+180bps~6M Libor+230bps	9,448,834
- Long-term bank borrowings	8.02%~12.86%	504,909	8.02%~12.86%	529,372
- Current bank borrowings	8.02%~12.86%	124,087	8.02%~12.86%	138,312
Total		(30,358,204)		(32,496,445)

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
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(English Text and Chinese Text are on the same page)

XIV. FINANCIAL RISK AND FAIR VALUES ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

3. Interest rate risk (Continued)

(2) Sensitivity analysis

As at 30 June 2017, the Group's interest rate risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the interest rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the interest rate) on the floating rate debt. The Group's interest rate risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the interest rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the interest rate) on the floating rate debt. The Group's interest rate risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the interest rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the interest rate) on the floating rate debt.

The Group's interest rate risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the interest rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the interest rate) on the floating rate debt. The Group's interest rate risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the interest rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the interest rate) on the floating rate debt. The Group's interest rate risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the interest rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the interest rate) on the floating rate debt.

4. Foreign exchange risk

The Group's foreign exchange risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the exchange rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the exchange rate) on the floating rate debt. The Group's foreign exchange risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the exchange rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the exchange rate) on the floating rate debt. The Group's foreign exchange risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the exchange rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the exchange rate) on the floating rate debt.

- (1) The Group's foreign exchange risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the exchange rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the exchange rate) on the floating rate debt. The Group's foreign exchange risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the exchange rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the exchange rate) on the floating rate debt. The Group's foreign exchange risk is primarily due to the 25% increase in the exchange rate (31% increase in 2016: 25% increase in the exchange rate) on the floating rate debt.

30 June 2017

USD EUR HKD JPY

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

XIV. FINANCIAL RISK AND FAIR VALUES ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

4. Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

- (2) The following are the exchange rates for RMB against foreign currencies applied by the Group and the Company:

	Average exchange rate		Benchmark average exchange rate	
	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016	30 June 2017	30 June 2016
USD	6.8871	6.5359	6.7744	6.6312
EUR	7.4349	7.2993	7.7496	7.3750
HKD	0.8857	0.8418	0.8679	0.8547
JPY	0.0616	0.0590	0.0605	0.0645

(3) Sensitivity analysis

Assuming all other variables remain constant, a 2.80%, 2.80%, 2.70% and 1.90% increase/decrease in the RMB exchange rates against USD, EUR, HKD and JPY for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2017 (2.80%, 2.80%, 2.70% and 1.90% increase/decrease in the RMB exchange rates against USD, EUR, HKD and JPY for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2016) would result in a change of RMB 1,234,567 (2017) and RMB 1,234,567 (2016) respectively. The sensitivity analysis is based on the RMB exchange rates against USD, EUR, HKD and JPY for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2017 (2016).

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XIV. FINANCIAL RISK AND FAIR VALUES ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

4. Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

(3) Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

The Group has not entered into any foreign exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency risk. The Group has not entered into any foreign exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency risk.

The Group has not entered into any foreign exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency risk. The Group has not entered into any foreign exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency risk.

5. Other price risks

On 30 June 2017, the Group has 40,414,000 shares of Qng P. The Group has 2,996,500 shares of S n Sh ng L m.

On 30 June 2017, the Group has 40,414,000 shares of Qng P. The Group has 2,996,500 shares of S n Sh ng L m.

The Group has not entered into any foreign exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency risk. The Group has not entered into any foreign exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency risk.

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For the year ended 31 December 2017

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XIV. FINANCIAL RISK AND FAIR VALUES ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

6. Fair value estimates

The following table shows the hierarchy of the fair value measurements of the financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period:

Table 1: Fair value measurements hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period:

Table 2: In the following table, the fair value measurements of the financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period are classified into three levels based on the inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure the fair value:

Table 3: In the following table, the fair value measurements of the financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period are classified into three levels based on the inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure the fair value:

(1) Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The following table shows the fair value measurements of the financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period:

Assets	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets					
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Derivative financial assets	IV.2	180,357	-	-	180,357
Financial assets measured at fair value	IV.2	-	251,402	-	251,402
Financial assets measured at fair value	IV.2	-	4,392	-	4,392
Financial assets measured at fair value	IV.11	1,761	51,086	-	52,847
Financial assets measured at fair value		182,118	306,880	-	488,998
Non-financial assets					
Financial assets measured at fair value	IV.14	-	-	1,722,065	1,722,065
Total		182,118	306,880	1,722,065	2,211,063
Liabilities	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss					
Derivative financial liabilities	IV.26	-	(6,359)	-	(6,359)
Hedging instrument	IV.26	-	(186)	-	(186)
Financial guarantee contracts	IV.26	-	-	(55,980)	(55,980)
Contingent considerations	IV.26	-	-	(129,965)	(129,965)
Total		-	(6,545)	(185,945)	(192,490)

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XIV. FINANCIAL RISK AND FAIR VALUES ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

6. Fair value estimates (Continued)

(1) Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

The following table shows the Group's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as at December 31, 2016:

项目	单位	2016 年 12 月 31 日	2016 年 12 月 31 日	2016 年 12 月 31 日	2016 年 12 月 31 日
Financial assets					
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Investment in equity instruments	IV.2	138,072	-	-	138,072
Derivative financial instruments	IV.2	-	326,969	-	326,969
Financial assets measured at fair value	IV.2	-	1,306	-	1,306
Financial assets measured at fair value	IV.11	2,441	30,803	-	33,244
Financial assets		140,513	359,078	-	499,591
Non-financial assets					
Investment in equity instruments	IV.14	-	-	1,752,608	1,752,608
Total		140,513	359,078	1,752,608	2,252,199
Liabilities					
Financial liabilities measured at fair value					
Derivative financial liabilities	IV.26	-	(15,838)	-	(15,838)
Financial liabilities measured at fair value	IV.26	-	(4,244)	-	(4,244)
Financial liabilities measured at fair value	IV.26	-	-	(57,419)	(57,419)
Financial liabilities measured at fair value	IV.26	-	-	(125,540)	(125,540)
Total		-	(20,082)	(182,959)	(203,041)

The Group's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized into Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as at December 31, 2016, and the Group's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized into Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as at December 31, 2016.

The Group's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized into Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as at December 31, 2016, and the Group's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized into Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as at December 31, 2016.

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Financial statements for the period 1 Jan to 30 Jun 2017
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XIV. FINANCIAL RISK AND FAIR VALUES ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

6. Fair value estimates (Continued)

(1) Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

The following table shows the fair value of the assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as at 30 June 2017:

	Fair value as at 30 June 2017	Valuation technique	Nature of assets	Significant inputs to valuation		
				Discount rate	Reliability of inputs	Observable / Unobservable
Investment in equity instruments	1,126,654	Market approach	Residential property in Shanghai	6%-8%		
Contractual rights in equity instruments			Mineral rights (RMB'000)	7-9%	()	Unobservable
Contractual rights in equity instruments			Business rights (RMB'000)	650-4,600		
Long-term debt	595,411	Discounted cash flow	Assets in the form of long-term debt	9%-12%	()	Unobservable
			Mineral rights (RMB'000) and other assets	10.019340008720.7826	10.01973.7010	ISO 100116740008720.7826

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XIV. FINANCIAL RISK AND FAIR VALUES ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

6. Fair value estimates (Continued)

(4) Estimation and assumption of fair values

The Group has adopted the following assumptions in estimating the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities:

(i) Financial assets

For financial assets, the Group has adopted the following assumptions in estimating the fair value:

(i) Financial assets

The Group has adopted the following assumptions in estimating the fair value of its financial assets:

(i) Financial assets: The Group has adopted the following assumptions in estimating the fair value of its financial assets:

(i)

The Group has adopted the following assumptions in estimating the fair value of its financial assets:

(i)

The Group has adopted the following assumptions in estimating the fair value of its financial assets:

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

XV. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure that the Group has sufficient funds to meet its operating requirements and to maintain a healthy capital structure. The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure that the Group has sufficient funds to meet its operating requirements and to maintain a healthy capital structure.

In 2017, the Group's capital management objectives are to ensure that the Group has sufficient funds to meet its operating requirements and to maintain a healthy capital structure. The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure that the Group has sufficient funds to meet its operating requirements and to maintain a healthy capital structure.

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In 2017, the Group's capital management objectives are to ensure that the Group has sufficient funds to meet its operating requirements and to maintain a healthy capital structure. The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure that the Group has sufficient funds to meet its operating requirements and to maintain a healthy capital structure.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English text and Chinese text are equally authentic)

XVI. NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Dividends receivable

	30 June 2017	31 June 2016
CIMC Hong Kong	3,333,084	3,435,198
SCIMC	592,706	592,706
SCIMCEL	462,372	462,372
SCRC	216,000	-
TJCMC	48,915	48,915
SCIMCEL	19,263	19,263
Mingyi	29,146	29,146
CIMC W	-	874
CIMCVL	-	149,577
QDSV	2,468	17,356
Tianjin King Le	411	411
	4,704,365	4,755,818

3. Other receivables

(1) Other receivables are analysed by categories of customers as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 June 2016
Accounts receivable	12,940,182	13,109,464
Prepaid expenses	14,739	15,711
Other receivables	18,233	10,821
Subsidiaries	12,973,154	13,135,996
Others	(4,580)	(4,580)
Total	12,968,574	13,131,416

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

XVI. NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Other receivables (Continued)

(2) Other receivables are analysed by ageing as follows:

Ageing	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Within 1 year (in 1 year)	9,525,395	9,642,304
1 - 2 years (in 1 year)	1,528,555	1,530,022
2 - 3 years (in 1 year)	587,541	574,631
Over 3 years	1,331,663	1,389,039
Sub-total	12,973,154	13,135,996
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(4,580)	(4,580)
Total	12,968,574	13,131,416

The ageing of other receivables is as follows:

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the carrying amount of other receivables is as follows:

(3) Other receivables are analysed by categories as follows:

Nature	30 June 2017				31 December 2016			
	Ending balance		Provision for doubtful debts		Ending balance		Provision for doubtful debts	
	% of total		% of total		% of total		% of total	
	Amount	balance	Amount	balance	Amount	balance	Amount	balance
Other receivables arising from the sale of goods (4)	12,873,563	99.23%	-	-	13,066,919	99.47%	-	-
Other receivables arising from the sale of goods (5)	99,591	0.77%	4,580	4.60%	69,077	0.53%	4,580	6.63%
Total	12,973,154	100.00%	4,580	0.04%	13,135,996	100.00%	4,580	0.03%

The carrying amount of other receivables is as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000)
(English Text and Chinese Text are on the same page)

XVI. NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Other receivables (Continued)

- (4) Other receivables with amounts that are individually significant and that the related provision for doubtful debts is provided on the individual basis

At 30 June 2017, the provision for doubtful debts of RMB'000 is as follows:

- (5) Other receivables with amounts that are not individually significant but that the related provision for doubtful debts is provided on the individual basis

At 30 June 2017, the provision for doubtful debts of RMB'000 is as follows:

- (6) Other receivables that the related provision for bad debts is provided on grouping basis using the ageing analysis method are analysed as follows:

30 June 2017

31 June 2016



Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All monetary amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

XVI. NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Other receivables (Continued)

(9) As at 30 June 2017, the five largest other receivables are analysed as follows:

	Nature	Amount	Aging	% of total balance	Provision for doubtful debts
CIMC Hong Kong	Other receivables	3,612,395	Within 1 year	27.85%	-
C&C T&E	Other receivables	1,421,641	Within 1 year	10.96%	-
Hong Kong	Other receivables	1,098,758	Within 1 year	8.47%	-
CIMCVL	Other receivables	849,639	Within 1 year	6.55%	-
Tianjin Hong Kong	Other receivables	591,447	Within 1 year	4.56%	-
		7,573,880		58.39%	-

The Company's other receivables as at 30 June 2016 amounted to RMB7,609,722,000, of which 57.93% are due within one year.

(10) Other receivables from shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company are analysed as follows:

As at 30 June 2017, the Company's other receivables from shareholders holding more than 5% (including 5%) of the voting rights of the Company are analysed as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English text is for reference only)

XVI.NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY’S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Other receivables (Continued)

(11) Other receivables from related parties

Relationship with the Company	Amount	% of total balance
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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period from January 1 to June 30, 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

XVI. NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Available-for-sale financial assets (Continued)

(1) Related information analysis of available-for-sale financial assets is as follows:

Available-for-sale financial assets	31 December 2016		30 June 2017	Shareholding (%)	Cost
	RMB'000	US\$'000			
Available-for-sale financial assets					
- Cost					
- BOCMS Holding S.L.F. in Mongolia	8,125	-	8,125	5.00%	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ended 30 June 2017
 (All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
 (English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

XVI. NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

(2) Subsidiaries:

Investment	31 December 2016	Company's shareholding (%)	30 June 2017	Shareholding (%)	Value added (%)	Participating in the management of the investee	Investment in subsidiaries	Company's shareholding (%)
Cost method – Investment in subsidiaries								
SCIMC	110,831	-	110,831	100%	100%	-	-	-
XHCIMC	36,500	-	36,500	100%	100%	-	-	-
TJCIMC	77,704	-	77,704	100%	100%	-	-	-
DLCIMC	48,764	-	48,764	100%	100%	-	-	-
TCCIMC	131,654	(40,230)	91,424	100%	100%	-	-	33,642
CQVL	39,499	-	39,499	100%	100%	-	-	-
SCRC	200,892	-	200,892	92%	92%	-	-	216,000
XHCIMCS	82,026	-	82,026	100%	100%	-	-	-
CIMC Hong Kong	1,690	-	1,690	100%	100%	-	-	-
CIMC SD	162,686	-	162,686	100%	100%	-	-	-
HI	606,912	-	606,912	80%	80%	-	-	98,789
CIMC P&H	41,526	-	41,526	100%	100%	-	-	-
CIMCWD	54,817	-	54,817	100%	100%	-	-	-
CIMC Trading	48,102	-	48,102	100%	100%	-	-	-
DLZH	182,136	-	182,136	100%	100%	-	-	-
MEA	111,703	-	111,703	100%	100%	-	-	-
CIMC W	3,472	-	3,472	100%	100%	-	-	-

Filing Date: 30 Jan 2017
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(English Title: Online)

5. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

Item	31 March 2016	30 June 2017	Shareholding (%)	Voting rights (%)	Participating interest	Interest	Control
SZ Investment							
Holding	72,401	72,401	100%	100%	-	-	-
Financial Capital	482,590	482,590	100%	100%	-	-	-
CIMCVL	422,363	422,363	100%	100%	-	-	-
QDSV	26,912	26,912	80%	80%	-	-	-
SHOE	40,000	40,000	100%	100%	-	-	-
SZ Investment	140,000	140,000	100%	100%	-	-	-
SESKYC	90,000	90,000	100%	100%	-	-	-
DLQIMCS	69,806	69,806	100%	100%	-	-	-
China-Holding	4,104,227	4,104,227	100%	100%	-	-	-
COOP	205,022	205,022	99%	99%	-	-	-
CIMCM							
Long-term							
China Investment							
C.I.L.	803,904	803,904	100%	100%	-	-	-
C&C Technology	898,977	980,593	70%	70%	-	-	-
Overseas Holding	35,000	35,000	100%	100%	-	-	-
Overseas Holding							
Investment	13,160	13,160	100%	100%	-	-	-
Grouping							
Investment P							
Investment							
Capital	30,000	30,000	100%	100%	-	-	-
Investment							
Investment	-	73,873	100%	100%	-	-	-
Sub-total	9,375,276	9,490,535			-	-	348,431

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period ending 30 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is for reference only)

XVI.NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY’S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All figures in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

XVI. NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Interest payable

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Interest payable to banks	218,242	70,249
Interest payable to other financial institutions	5,957	3,522
Interest payable to other parties	1,365	1,984
Total	225,564	75,755

10. Other payable

(1) The analysis of the Company's other payables is as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Accounts payable	2,162,672	2,948,279
Accounts payable to related parties	10,459	16,735
Accounts payable to other parties	429	429
Accounts payable to other parties	-	7,592
Accounts payable to other parties	11,962	17,769
Total	2,185,522	2,990,804

(2) Significant other payables aged over one year

Notes to the Financial Statements

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截至2017年6月30日止期间
(All figures in RMB'000)
(English Text Only)

XVI. NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

11. Current portion of non-current liabilities

- (1) The analysis of the Company's current portion of non-current liabilities by categories is as follows:

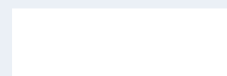
		30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Current portion of long-term borrowings	(2)	995,000	800,000

- (2) As at 30 June 2017, there were no overdue long-term borrowings of which the durations are extended (31 December 2016: Nil).

12. Long-term borrowings

- (1) The analysis of the Company's long-term loans is as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
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Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017

(All amounts in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)

(English Text and Chinese Text are Original)

XVI. NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

14. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

- (1) The offsetting balances of deferred tax assets and liabilities offset and corresponding deductible or taxable temporary differences

	30 June 2017		31 December 2016	
	Deductible/ (taxable) Temporary differences	Deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)	Deductible/ (taxable) Temporary differences	Deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)
Deferred tax assets:				
Entire amount of deferred tax assets	196,808	49,202	205,760	51,440
Minus: Amount of deferred tax assets that is not deductible	1,738	434	3,360	840
Sub-total	198,546	49,636	209,120	52,280
Offsetting amount	-	-	-	-
Offsetting balances	198,546	49,636	209,120	52,280
Adding:				
Amount of deferred tax assets that is not deductible but can be deducted in the future (in RMB'000)		49,636		52,280

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Financial Statements for the period 1 January to 30 June 2017
 (All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
 (English Text Only)

XVI. NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

15. Capital surplus

	31 December 2016	Capital surplus	30 June 2017
Share premium	3,601,855	29,311	-
Other comprehensive income			
- Foreign exchange differences	687	-	-
- Derivatives	87	-	-
- Employee benefits	253,012	-	(12,104)
Other	(568,492)	-	-
Total	3,287,149	29,311	(12,104)
			3,304,356

	1 January 2016	Capital surplus	31 December 2016
Share premium	3,589,082	12,773	-
Other comprehensive income			
- Foreign exchange differences	687	-	-
- Derivatives	87	-	-
- Employee benefits	258,211	-	(5,199)
Other	(568,492)	-	-
Total	3,279,575	12,773	(5,199)
			3,287,149

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 June 2017
(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is the Original)

XVI.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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From 1 Jan to 30 Jun 2017
(All figures in RMB'000)
(English Text Only)

XVI.NOTES TO THE HOLDING COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

18. Profit/(loss) from changes in fair value

Supplementary Information

Financial statements for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2017
(All amounts in RMB'000, unless otherwise specified)
(English Text is the authoritative version)

I. STATEMENT OF NON-RECURRING PROFIT OR LOSS

	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016
Profit/(Loss) from operations	13,739	(3,332)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	91,032	135,375
Other income	-	-
Gain on disposal of non-current assets	(20,332)	12,264
Other income	(25,460)	23,712
Other income	-	-
Other income	38,201	21,101
Other income	(105,549)	-
Subtotal	(8,369)	189,120
Finance income	(30,200)	(30,604)
Finance expense	(29,616)	(34,350)
Total	(68,185)	124,166

Notes: A, B and C are the same as in the consolidated financial statements.

Basis for preparation of statement of non-recurring profit or loss

Under the provisions of the Company's Articles of Association, the Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. The Board of Directors has prepared the financial statements in accordance with the accounting policies and accounting estimates adopted by the Company, and the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. The Board of Directors has also prepared the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the CSRC, and the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. The Board of Directors has also prepared the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the CSRC, and the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

Frühjahr 2017

(All figures in RMB'000 unless otherwise indicated)

(English Text - Online)

II. RETURN ON NET ASSETS AND EARNINGS PER SHARE

In 1980, the PRC government issued the "Regulations on the Management of Foreign Exchange" (Shen Neng [1980] No. 9). This regulation stipulated that foreign exchange income must be converted into RMB and deposited in designated banks. The regulation also required that foreign exchange payments be made through designated banks.

Weighted average return on net assets(%)			Earnings per share		
			Basic earnings per share		Diluted earnings per share
For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2015	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2017	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016	For the Period from 1 January to 30 June 2016

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- I. The Agent shall be responsible for the China 2017, and the China 2017 shall be responsible for the China 2017.
- II. The Agent shall be responsible for the China 2017, and the China 2017 shall be responsible for the China 2017. 30 Jan 2017
The CASBE 1000 is a new type of 1000, and the China 2017, and the China 2017.

China International Marine Containers (Group) Co., Ltd.
CIMC R&D Center, No.2 Gangwan Avenue ,
Nanshan Distri